



DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGUE

OF THE

SANSKRIT MANUSCRIPTS

IN THE COLLECTIONS

OF

THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY OF BENGAL

BY

MAHĀMAHOPĀDHYĀYA HARAPRASĀDA SHĀSTRĪ, C.I.E., M.A., D.Litt., F.A.S.B.

> *REVISED AND EDITED BY CHINTAHARAN CHAKRAVARTI, M.A.

> > VOLUME VIII, PART II TANTRA MANUSCRIPTS

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REVISED AND EDITED BY
CHINTAHARAN CHAKRAVARTI, KĀVYATĪRTHA, M.A.

VOLUME VIII
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INTRODUCTION

I. PLAN AND EXECUTION OF THE PRESENT CATALOGUE

The present Catalogue is based on materials left by the late Mahamahopadhyaya Haraprasad Shastri, whose widely comprehensive erudition in the various fields of Sanskrit literature and Ancient Indian History and Culture is well known. The present editor was entrusted with the task of revising and seeing through the Press the late MM. Shastri's notes. These consisted of slips containing descriptions of the various MSS., which were in the handwriting of MM. Shastri's assistants working under his direction. The present editor as far as possible did not disturb the notes as he received them, but where discrepancies were revealed on actual comparison with the MSS. themselves, these were rectified. tations in the descriptive slips were verified, and sometimes these were curtailed or elaborated as circumstances connected with the importance or otherwise of the work or the MS. demanded. present editor also compared MSS. of works in the Government Collection with others in the Indian Museum, Society's own collection or in that of other institutions (e.g., the Bangiya Sāhitya Parisad, the Sanskrit Sāhitya Parisad and the Sanskrit College) which were accessible to him, with a view to make the descriptions full and complete. Apparent copyists' mistakes in the Sanskrit of the MSS. have been silently corrected in the Catalogue. A uniform system of plus signs, simple and square brackets, has been followed in the present catalogue to indicate illegible or obscure akşaras and redundant words or aksaras, as well as emendations and allowable conjectures made by the editor to make clear a quoted passage.

About a dozen MSS. belonging to subjects other than the Tantra were through some inadvertence included within the Shastri slips, and these have duly been taken out. A few nevertheless escaped the attention of the editor as the work was printing: these have been sorted out in the Addenda et Corrigenda printed at the end. On the other hand, the present editor has included descriptions of some fifty newly acquired Tantra MSS., occurring within the present Collection, for which no materials left by MM. Shastri were available.

Also cross-references have been given to a few Tantra works which have been inadvertently included in the other Catalogues in the Series ¹. A few works which were not identified in the slips left by MM. Shastri have been identified by the present editor in this Catalogue ². The Collection had some MSS. of the same texts split up into two parts with separate numbering, and through inadvertence this was not detected. The present editor has combined the split MSS. into the single ones that they really are, and has entered

them as single items 3.

The present editor in revising and seeing through the Press this Catalogue, which owes its inception to the labours of MM. Shastri and can be said to have been prepared by him, has been actuated by a spirit of respect and reverence for the memory of the great scholar from whom he received his inspiration in studying, cataloguing and editing Sanskrit MSS. The MSS. described were very precious in the sight of the late MM. Shastri, and the present editor has taken pains that their special features be brought to the notice of scholars. He has for this purpose compared these MSS. with printed editions and descriptions of other MSS. of the same work from other Catalogues. He only hopes that the Catalogue as revised by him under the direction of the authorities of the Royal Asiatic Society of Bengal will be worthy of the great scholar who would have published it himself, had Fate spared him to us for a few years more.

The problem of arranging the MSS. was a difficult one. The importance of a proper classification of the Tantras for a correct appreciation of a p. Jular work in its true perspective cannot be emphasised too strongly is evidently for this reason that enough stress has been laid on this in ... Tantras themselves, which definitely forbid one sect following the prescriptions of another which are positively harmful to the former. But the traditional principles of classification are too intricate and obscure to be applied to a catalogue. They should form a special subject of study by themselves. It is all the more distressing to find that confusion is worse confounded by the fact that some of the later works are

³ Cf. Nos. 6254-5, 6655, 6712.

¹ Cf. descriptions under Nos. 6124, 6162, 6219, 6308, 6510 and 6716.

² Cf. Nos. 6055, 6126, 6154, 6155, 6161, 6164, 6189, 6191, 6246.

either spurious or constitute a curious hotch-potch of the views of different sects ¹. Under these circumstances a rough arrangement based on tradition, according to the deities dealt with, seemed to be most satisfactory and this has been followed in two of the three broad formal divisions into which the works have been classfied at the first instance.

Under Original, Tantras come works, put in the form of interlocutions between divine beings or sages, though some of these are apparently very late and of not much importance.

Under Digests have been grouped compilations attributed to historical personages though there are some which are anonymous including those the names of the authors of which could not be traced owing generally to the imperfect condition of the manuscripts. The Digests have been subdivided into four sections in accordance with the subject-matter of the works. Under Stotras fall hymns either associated with original Tantras or ascribed to particular authors. These have been arranged according to the deities eulogised.

In the case of Original Tantras² the traditional way of division into Yāmala, Dāmara, etc., has been roughly followed here and there

- B. Works dealing with particular deities:
 - I. Śakti
 - (1) Kālī: 5930, 5964, 5991, 5999, 6011, 6016.
 - (2) Tārā: 5929, 5949.
 - (3) Tripurā: 5809, 5998, 6017.
 - (4) Vagalā: 5893, 6084.
 - II. Siva: 6023.
 - III. Vișnu: 5891, 6004, 6031, 6033.
 - IV. Ganeśa: 5897, 6056, 6088.
- C. Works dealing with particular rites, Mudrās, Yantras, etc.:
 - (1) Kaula rites: 5934, 5993, 6015.
 - (2) Japa, Puraścarana etc.: 5978, 6006, 5983.

¹ साङ्कर्यं सम्प्रदायानां यन्येष्वाधुनिकेषु वै। Mantraratnākara of Vijayarāma (Ulwar, Extr. 653).

² In this section the arrangement as found in the slips left by the late Mahamahopadhyaya H. P. Shastri was generally followed while a thorough rearrangement was made with regard to other sections.

The following statement will indicate the results of a partial application with regard to the Original Tantras of a principle of a fification similar to the one followed in the case of Digests:

A. Comprehensive and Generalicate 3:-

without any definite indication in that respect. But an arrangement similar to the one proposed in connection with the Digests would, as later considerations suggest, have been more appropriate and helpful.

It may be mentioned in passing that we have here fully or in parts four Dāmaras 1 (Bhūta-dāmara, Mātangī°, Gaurī°, and Tridaśa°). four Yāmalas ² (Rudra°, Kṛṣṇa° ³, Brahma°, Jayadratha° ⁴), a number of Uddisa and Sabara-tantras, several works definitely assigned to one or other of the Srotas or Agamas, e.g., Bhairavasrotas (5937). Mahāsrotas (5953), Ānandabhairava-srotas (5893)⁵, Ṣaḍvidyāgama (6084), Kālikāgama (6090)6. It may be noted that a large number of the above-mentioned works are apparently late and have little authority. Not a few of them are full of incantations in the vernaculars.

SPECIAL FEATURES OF THE MSS. DESCRIBED

(i) Provenance.—The present volume gives an account of over a thousand MSS. belonging to the Government Collection of Sanskrit and Sanskritic MSS. on permanent loan to the Royal Asiatic Society of Bengal. These MSS. refer to the subject of Tantra or Mantraśāstra which forms an important branch of later Hindu (both Brahmanical and Buddhistic) religious and ritualistic literature. The present collection is unique in many respects. It is a fairly extensive collection, and quite a representative one on the subject,

⁽³⁾ Magic rites: 5830 ff, 5981, 6069, 6073, 6079, 6089, 6091.

⁽⁴⁾ Yogic Tantras: 6102-3, 6113-6132.

⁽⁵⁾ Tantric Upanisads: 6133-6.

None of these names are found in the list of six $d\bar{a}maras$ given in the $V\bar{a}r\bar{a}h\bar{\imath}$. tantra and quoted in the Vācaspatya. It is not known however if the Durgādāmara of the list has any relation with the Gauri-dāmara. The list of three dāmaras as given in the Samayācāra-tantra (5920) refers to a Bhūta-dāmara as also to a Sakti-dāmara which may have some connection either with Gauri° or Mātaṅgi°.

² A reference to a fifth Yāmala called Umā° is met with in the colophon of the Paramaśiva-sahasranāma-stotra (6750) which is assigned to this Yāmala.

³ It is not known if this has any connection with the Visnuyāmala which is mentioned in both the lists of eight Yāmalas, one given in the Samayācāratantra and the other quoted by Bhāskararāya in his commentary on the initial portions of the Vāmakeśvara-tantra.

⁴ Not mentioned in the Samayācāra list (5920).

⁵ Rudra-yāmala is stated to belong to the Dakṣiṇa-srotas (Mad. XII, 5712).

⁶ Surendra-samhitā is stated to belong to the Pañcāstrāgama (Mad. XII, 5755).

and the MSS, which go to make it up have been collected not only from Bengal but also from other places in Northern India. doctrines and rituals described in these MSS. are (or were) current in Bengal and Assam, Orissa, Bihar, United Provinces, Kashmir and Nepal, and also in parts of South India. Bengal works, i.e. works composed or written in or outside Bengal by Bengali Tantric scholars and religious men, naturally predominate in a collection acquired primarily in Bengal. A good percentage of these works have a special connexion with Bengal: these are well known in this province, and were written in the local script, and besides, their popularity is still to be evidenced from editions of many of these published from Calcutta and elsewhere in Bengal. Over and above these well-known works, we have in the present collection numerous other texts which have not been published at all, and in some cases they appear to have never been mentioned in other treatises or in digests or lists of Tantric works: thus these latter can be characterised as 'new' or 'generally unknown' Tantric texts, for both Bengal and other parts of India.

(ii) Script.—The scripts used in the MSS. are generally Nāgara and Bengali, with a limited number in Later Gupta, Newari, Śāradā, and Oḍiyā. Among MSS. in non-Bengali scripts those of works of a definite Bengal origin possess particular interest.

Of the many-sided contributions of Bengal to Sanskrit Literature which are known and held in esteem outside Bengal the works on Navya Nyāya or Modern Logic are the most important. They are held in high esteem and assiduously studied to this day by scholars all over India. Mention might also be made of the works of Madhusūdana Sarasvatī whose Vedantic writings have rightly earned for him an all-India popularity. In the field of Navya-Smṛti the reputation of the Gauḍa School is known to have been widely spread and MSS. of several works like the Dāyabhāga of Jīmūtvāhana and parts of the comprehensive Smṛti-tattva of Raghunandana are reported from different parts of India.

MSS. of few Tantric works, however, specially later digests, mainly of a ritualistic character, which are popular in Bengal, are known to have been found elsewhere. And this is not at all surprising, for there is scarcely any ritualistic work of an all-India popularity. As a matter of fact, different parts of the same province

are not infrequently found to follow different ritualistic manuals. This is a fact which makes the find of MSS. of Tantra works of Bengal in non-Bengali scripts all the more interesting.

The present volume describes MSS. of this type of works like the Mantra-ratnākara (6192), Śākta-krama (6197, 6199), Tattvānanda-tarangiņā (6200), Tantra-sāra (6187ff) and Karpūrastotratākā by Siddhāntavāgīśa (6629). It may be noted here that a MS. of the Tantra-sāra in Nāgara characters is also mentioned by Burnel (Descr. Cat. Tanjore, p. 207).

A reference may incidentally be made here to another ritualistic work of Bengal, the Śyāmā-saparyā-vidhi of Kāśīnātha Tar-kālankāra, a MS. of which is in the Madras Oriental Library (Triennial Catalogue, V. 5122).

- (iii) Material.—The material on which the MSS. are written is mostly hand-made indigenous paper, the yellow-coloured variety of which is found to be manifestly superior, in point of durability, to the white-coloured stuff and especially to modern machine-made paper, which is used in a number of MSS.¹ Palm-leaf MSS. are very few in number—one (5804) in later Gupta script, a few each in Newari, Udiya and Bengali and only one (5807) in the Nagari script ².
- (iv) Date.—The number of old works and MSS. is very few in the present volume, as compared with that in some of the previous volumes of the Series. The oldest MS. described in the volume is the Kubjikā-mata (5804) which is written in later Gupta characters. Two other old MSS. that come next are those of the Yuddha-jayār-nava-tantra (Nos. 6110, 6109) one copied in 1097 A.D. and the other in 1270 A.D. Of the latest MSS. there are a few copied in the beginning of the present century (Tantra-siddhānta-kaumudī—6223, and Mantra-siddhānta-mañjarī—6224).

¹ Exactly the same state of affairs was noticed in different parts of the country as early as the seventies of the last century (Gough—Papers relating to the collection and preservation of Ancient Sanskrit Literature in India, Calcutta, 1878, p. 15). Machine-made paper has been referred to in the earlier part of the volume as 'foolscap paper' or 'Serampur paper'.

² The rarity of palm-leaf MSS. in the Nagari Script was noticed in 1876 (Gough, op. cit., pp. 211-2). It may also be noted in this connection that no palm-leaf MS. of any work in the Bengali language is known, while scarcely any MS. in Udiya on anything but palm-leaf is available.

The dates are indicated by means of various well-known eras, Śaka (S.E.), Vikrama-Saṃvat (V.S.), Nepāla-Saṃvat (N.S.), Bengali San (B.S.), etc. In one MS. (6114) the date of composition is curiously given in years of Tretā-yuga, while in several MSS. (5955, 5965, 6082) the names of the eras are not specified, so that it is not possible to ascertain accurately their dates. In one MS. (6038) the chronogram reads like a riddle difficult to solve.

- (v) MSS. of a general interest.—As regards MSS. of a general interest of which there are very few in the present volume mention may be made of the following:—
 - (1) MS. copied for a lady 1:

 Saundarya-laharī (6681)—Copied for the recitation of
 Jayantī Devī.
- (2) MSS. copied for and probably possessed originally by big personalities:

Kulamukti-kallolinī (6308) copied in 1877 V.S. under orders of Raņodyota-sāha of Nepal.

Kāmakalākālī-stotra (6634) copied in Nepal in 1711 S.E. (1789 A.D.) by Govinda-śarman for Prince Bahādur Sāh who is probably identical with Rana Bahādur Sāh who is stated to have succeeded to the throne in 1775 (Landon, Nepal, I. 67).

Lingārcana-tantra (6024) MS. belonging to Lālā Rāma-gati Rāya ².

¹ For a reference to several other MSS, copied for and by ladies cf. Y.R.A.S.B., 1938, p. 13.

² The records of the society generally do not give information regarding the find-spots and the names or whereabouts of the last owners of the MSS. from whom they were acquired by the Society. But fortunately some of the MSS. contain the names of the original owners of them. And of these we might mention the names of a few scholars:—

Kṛṣṇānanda-nātha, evidently a Tantric scholar (5840, 5906, 5811, 5862, 5905, 5925, 6047, 6204).

Rājakiśora Śarman, probably identical with the author of the Sakti-ratnākara (5915).

Reference may also be made here to the huge collections of Raghunath Malaviya, Harekrishna Vyasa and Lakshminarayana Kavi, MSS. from which generally bear the names of their owners.

(3) MSS. in the Nagari script written by or belonging to a Bengali, the use of the script among whom is extremely rare and is of a very recent growth:

Kalpa-sūtra (6168)—copied by Harikṛṣṇa Cakravartī in 1732 V.S.

Śiva-tāṇḍava (5966)—belonging to Harikṛṣṇa Cakravartī.

(4) MSS. of historical interest:

Kāma-ratna (6542). The MS. which was copied in 1635 S.E. (1713 A.D.) records that Pharak-Ser (Farrukh-siyār) was the lord of Delhi in that year—the year which is known to be the year of accession to the throne of Farrukh.

III. SPECIAL FEATURES OF THE WORKS

(i) Date.—An idea has already been given about the age of the MSS. described here and one would naturally feel inclined to know something about the age of the works themselves.

The question of the date and authoritativeness of what passes as an original tantra is a difficult one. It is evident that some of them are very late commanding little authority even among the followers of the Tantras. But the actual dates of few of the works can be determined. The position with regard to the digests is of course better, though not always satisfactory. A number of these works are dated while the dates of a few can be ascertained with some amount of certainty from internal or external evidence. A list of the works in which the dates of composition are definitely mentioned is given below.¹

6351-2	. Kramottama	1435 S.E.
6233.	Mantrārādhana-dīpikā	1488 S.E.
6199.	Śāktakrama	1493 S.E.
	Puraścarana-dipikā	1512 S.E.
6659.	Śyāmākalpa-latikā	1514 S.E.
6694.	Ānandalaharī-ṭīkā	1527 S.E.
6183.	Śāradātilaka-ṭīkā	1695 V.S.

¹ The date of composition, though indicated, is unintelligible in both the MSS. (6628-9) of the commentary on the Karpūrastava by Durgārāma.

6214.	Āgama-tattva-vilāsa	1609 S.E.
6604.	Sāra-samuccaya	1770 V.S.
6511.	Dīpa-prakāśa	1677 S.E.
6303.	Śyāmāsaparyā-vidhi	1699 S.E. ¹
6228.	Dharma-vitāna	1779 V.S.
6439-4	11. Kaulikārcana-dīpikā	1700 S.E. ¹
6573.	Mudrā-prakāśa	1752 S.E.
6215.	Āgama-tattva-saṃgraha	4933 Kali Era.
6661.	Śyāmāsantoṣaṇa-stotra	1756 S.E.
6647.	Kaula-gaja-mardana	1910 V.S.
6617.	Gorakṣa-śataka-ṭīkā	1943 V.S.

(ii) Nature of contents of the works.—The works described in the present volume, are mainly of a ritualistic character. There are few works here which directly expound the philosophy proper of the Tantras. The following pages, however, contain enough material that will be of interest to students of anthropology, iconography ² and Sanskrit literature, particularly the later phases of it. It must still have to be admitted that this volume like the volume on Smṛti and Purāṇa contains much that is of little value and importance.

It will be noticed that works on the details of the worship of different aspects of Sakti or the Divine Mother by far outnumber those on all the other deities taken together. Of the ten major manifestations (mahāvidyā) 3 of the Divine Mother, again, Tripurā, Kālī, Tārā and Bhuvaneśvarī claim in a descending order the largest number of worshippers and consequently the largest amount of literature. Chhinnamastā (also known as Pracaṇḍa-caṇḍikā or Sumukhī), Dhūmāvatī and Vagalā are principally worshipped in connection with the performance of the black rites for the attainment of ulterior objects. They have few regular worshippers who regard them as their tutelary deities, so that the literature on

¹ The date of one of the works must be wrong, as the first work, which according to the date given appears to be earlier, refers to the second, which is given a later date.

² Anthropomorphic descriptions of little-known deities like Asurī (6070-1), Kālarātri (6063-4), and Tvaritarudra (6464) are highly interesting in this respect.

³ Kālī, Tārā, Şoḍaśī (Tripurā), Bhuvaneśvarī, Bhairavī, Chhinnamastā, Dhūmāvatī, Vagalā, Mātangī and Kamalā.

them is quite scanty. Śākta deities like Gāyatrī, Kubjikā and Caṇḍikā have only a limited local interest, being known and worshipped in particular localities. Among the other deities Śiva with his different aspects comes next as regards the quantity of literature dealt with in the volume. The literature on Viṣṇu is poorly represented here while a comparatively small amount of literature appears to have ever been produced on the cults of Gaṇeśa and Sūrya (Sun), evidently owing to the small number of devotees worshipping them as tutelary deities.

Of the various tantric rites only the more important and popular ones are found to have been treated in independent works described here. The six black rites ¹ and other magic rites for warding off evils and securing prosperity, of course, claim a large number of works, mainly small treatises and manuals. But few of them command respect and authority even among orthodox scholars of Tantras being generally spurious, anonymous and comparatively modern.

Though this is not the place to give an elaborate account of the various rituals of the Tantras with which the works under discussion are primarily concerned, it is necessary to give a rough and general idea of their characteristic features in order to enable the general reader to appreciate the nature of the contents of the works. A more detailed account of them is given in Arthur Avalon's Principles of Tantras (London, 1914, 1916, vols. I and II).

Dīkṣā or initiation which is the most essential preliminary of the Tantra form of worship invests one with the right to follow the injunctions of the Tantras. And every Hindu, irrespective of any caste or sex to which he or she belongs, may be and until very recently was initiated with proper ceremonies by the family preceptor or some of his superior near relatives into the worship of a particular deity. At the time of initiation one of the many mantras with which a deity is worshipped by different persons on different occasions is communicated to the worshipper who is to keep it concealed like the most valued treasure. The mantra and the deity, appropriate for the worshipper, are determined by family practices as well as personal peculiarities of the worshipper, who is to mutter the mantra and per-

¹ Magic rites for averting evil, subduing (a man or a woman), arresting any feeling or force, exciting enmity (between affectionate friends), overthrowing (an enemy) and causing destruction to somebody.

form other rites with it not only at the time of worship but also on the occasion of observing his daily duties like getting from bed in the morning and bathing. Though the form of worship¹ is essentially the same in connection with all the deities there are differences and peculiarities in the details of procedure which are pointed out in special treatises dealing with particular deities. The use of the 'Five M's—madya (wine), māṃsa (meat), matsya (fish), mudrā (fried grain) and maithuna (sexual intercourse)—and the six black rites are not meant for all worshippers but for only the select few. Even all members of the Kaula sect of the Śāktas—a sect notorious for these rites—were not to observe these rites (I.H.Q.—X. 487f.).

The mantras ² consist of one or more syllables indicated by word symbols which differ in different schools and which are explained in special dictionaries (6257–6265). They are known as mālā-mantras, when the number of syllables contained in them is more than twenty. Various rites are prescribed for making the mantras efficacious. Of these a very important one is the *Puraścaraṇa* (6530 ff) which consists of five elements, e.g., the muttering of the mantra for a prescribed number of times, homa, tarpaṇa and abhiṣeka with the same mantra followed by the feeding of Brahmins.

When a worshipper has attained to sufficient spiritual development he may undergo superior types of initiation culminating into $P\bar{u}rn\bar{a}bhiseka$ (6526).

The worship is offered on an image of the deity, on a consecrated pitcher filled with water on which fruits and mango-sprouts are placed or on a mystic diagram (*Yantra*) which represents the deity.

¹ Two essential features of the worship are *bhūtaśuddhi* and *nyāsa*, aimed at the purification of the body and helping the gradual realisation of the supreme ideal of the Tantra form of worship, viz. the identity of the Individual soul with the Supreme Soul.

² Vedic mantras, with or without any modification, are also occasionally used. RV. III, 62.10 popularly known as the $g\bar{a}yatr\bar{\imath}$, is the commonest Vedic mantra which with necessary modifications is used in the Tantric worship of different deities. MSS. containing the texts of the modified forms of the mantra in connection with the worship of various deities are noticed in this volume (6499, 6281).

The Tantric use of the Srī-sūkta (RV. I, 165) has been indicated in two MSS. (6500-1) which describe how different verses of the hymn are to be used in offering various objects in the worship of Lakṣmī as also in rites like nyāsa and puraścaraṇa. Uses of Vedic mantras in the purification of fish, meat and wine are described in works dealing with the Kaula cult.

While an image is immensely popular in Bengal, the diagram is more popular elsewhere (6579 ff).

IV. SOME IMPORTANT WORKS

A brief passing reference may now be made to the characteristic features of a selected number of the more important but little-known works, MSS. of which are described in the following pages. There are a good number of works which are unique and are noticed here for the first time. The names of these have generally been marked with an asterisk in the index of titles. But even under titles without any mark there are not a few works which though already noticed are either inaccessible elsewhere or are still unique other notices referring to MSS. described in the following pages. But in a manuscript collection it is not only the MSS. of hitherto-unknown works that are important and useful. It is not infrequently that MSS. of well-known works are immensely useful for the determination of the correct text of a particular work. Tantra works again, especially the original tantras, possess immense textual irregularities and variations. It will be noticed that even the number and arrangement of the chapters of a work differ in different MSS., a comparative analysis of several of which is therefore essential for a critical edition.

Some of the MSS. present different versions of even a number of later digests and commentaries. Of these mention may be made of the following:—

6232. Mantra-candrikā of Janārdana.

The MS. of the Society contains an elated version of the work of which a shorter version is described in L.II. 911.

6352. Kramottama of Nijātmānandanātha.

This seems to represent an abridged version of the work as contained in No. 6351.

6438. Kaulāvalī of Jñānānanda.

This constitutes a shorter version of the work of the same name published in the *Tantrik Texts* Series (Vol. XIV) ¹. An idea of the

¹ Notices of two manuscripts by MM. H. P. Shastri and Prof. Kielhorn reveal that the work had other versions as well (*Ind. Cult.*, III, p. 519).

relation between the two versions may be had from the following statement:—

Number of chapters Corresponding portions in the edition of in the MS. the Tantrik Texts Series.

I .. II. 50—II. 104. II .. III. 105—V. III .. VI.—VIII. 38.

IV .. VIII. 39—IX, 41+first few lines of Chapter IV.

V .. IX. 71—X. 141.

VI .. XI.

VII .. XII. 1-131+last few lines of Chapter XIII.

VIII .. XIV.
IX .. XV.

6595. Haṭha-pradīpikā.

This seems to contain a smaller version of the work as known through different editions.

6817. Mallādarśa of Premanidhi Pantha.

This may be a shorter version of the work described under No. 5971 where no name of the author is traceable.

Besides the above-mentioned works, the following works and MSS. in the different sections of the Catalogue deserve special mention.

A. ORIGINAL TANTRAS.

(1) General.

The Vira-tantra (5925–7) which deals with the worship of Kālī, Tārā and other deities, specially in connection with left-handed worship, has a very unsatisfactory text. The first four chapters agree in all the three MSS. Chapters 5–10 in 5925 agree with chapters 5–11 in 5927. The last four chapters in 5927, however, have no corresponding matters in any of the other two MSS., the concluding chapters of which agree but for the chapter numbers ¹.

¹ Chapters 10, 11 and 13 of 5925 agree respectively with chapters 5, 6 and 8 of 5926 which has no colophon for chapter 7.

It is not known if this is the work referred to by Raghunandana in his *Smrti-tattva*.

A reference may be made here to a work called the Bṛhad-rudra-yāmala (5866-7) which has little connection with the Rudra-yāmala. The Society seems to possess all the known MSS. of the work—three in number 1— two of which both incomplete, are described here and the remaining one, which is complete belongs to the old collection of the Society. The work is in the form of an interlocution between Kṛṣṇa and Nārada. It deals with the worship of various deities like Gaṇeśa, Kālī and Paūcānana, the popular Guardian Deity of children.

The only work so far known expounding the doctrines and practices of the little-known but catholic Pārānanda school of Tantric worship, which puts a taboo on ritualistic details as also on animal sacrifice, apparently an essential feature of Sakti worship, appears to be the Pārānanda-sūtra published in the Gaekwad's Oriental Series. The present collection possesses a fragmentary manuscript of another small work on the subject, called the Pārānanda-mata or Paramānanda-mata-samgraha (5982). It gives a brief but clear and systematic account of the views of the school. This is a metrical work. with a few prose-lines here and there, containing about a hundred Some of the verses, which are apparently borrowed by both from an earlier source, are found in the printed text also. The language in both the works is occasionally almost identical. The fragment has been published in JRASBL. (1939, pp. 467-7), with a short summary of the contents in English.

The Ākāsabhairava-kalpa belonging to the Mahāsaiva-tantra appears to be a big work of which a portion, complete in itself, dealing with various magic rites is preserved in a MS. of the Society (5895). Another portion, a considerably bigger one, belongs to the Tanjore Library of which a modern copy is in the Bhandarkar Oriental Research Institute. This portion deals with the details of the worship of Sāmrājya-lakṣmī (Presiding Deity of Sovereignty) and with Rāja-dharma (royal duties). A detailed description, containing a list of contents, of the last-mentioned manuscript is given in the Karnataka Historical Review (1939, pp. 7–18)

¹ For an account of the MSS, and their contents of. D. R. Bhandarkar Volume, pp. 77-81.

by Mr. P. K. Gode who believes that the work is associated with the State of Vijayanagara, a picture of which, Mr. Gode thinks, is reflected in the work.

The Rādhā-tantra (6002-3) is an interesting work which seeks to demonstrate the supremacy of Sakti worship through the life and achievements of Kṛṣṇa, who is represented as an ardent worshipper of the Divine Mother. It is definitely stated that devotion to Sakti was at the root of all the superhuman achievements of Kṛṣṇa (ch. 22). Kṛṣṇa performed various Kaula rites in the company of Rādhā, an incarnation of Padminī who was an attendant of Tripurā (ch. 6). Vṛndāvana was the proper place for the ritualistic practices of Kṛṣṇa, as the Divine Mother always resided here and the two principal trees of the place, e.g., tamāla and kadamba, were nothing but different forms of Kālī and Tripurā (ch. 21). The work, however, seems to be a comparatively late one. Though no definite date can be assigned to it, one limit of its age is supplied by the Śyāmāsaparyā-vidhi (6303) of Kāśīnātha composed in 1699 S.E. (or 1777 A.D.), which refers to the Rādhā-tantra as one of the source books utilised by it. That the work was regarded as authoritative is testified to by the large number of manuscripts and printed editions that the work possesses as well as by references made to it in later digests like the Śakti-ratnākara (6216) of Rājakiśora of unknown date and the Śyāmāsaparyā-vidhi already referred to. The existence of a work called Brhad-Rādhātantra (Cat. Cat., I. 504) may not unlikely be an indirect evidence of the popularity of the work which led to a 'longer version' (Bṛhat) of it. The work may have originated or at least was more popular in Bengal. Manuscripts of it are mostly known to be in Bengali characters and all the known editions are published in Bengal and in the Bengali script 1.

The Society possesses only one MS. of the *Mahānirvāṇa-tantra* (6039) which has been published several times by different scholars ². But curiously enough the number of known MSS. of the work is quite disproportionate and very small. Only two MSS. are noticed in the *Catalogus Catalogorum* (I. 298 under *Nirvāṇa-tantra*). It

¹ For a detailed account of the contents of the work cf. Sāhitya Pariṣat Patrikā, vol. 46, pp. 296–300.

² A list of the various editions of the work is given by Arthur Avalon in the Introduction (pp. viii-ix) to his edition of it published in the Tantrik Texts Series (Vol. 13).

does not seem to have occupied an important place in the literature of the Tantras. The work is not mentioned in the well-known lists of Tantras, e.g., the *Todala-tantra* list and the *Vāmakeśvara-tantra* list. Scarcely does any of the famous Tantric compilations refer to or quote from this work. Of the few works which contain references to the *Mahānirvāṇa* mention may be made of the *Krama-dīkṣā* of Jagannātha (6525) and the *Sarvollāsa-tantra* (6204) of Sarvānanda ².

It seems that it was owing to these facts that the work was suspected in some quarters to be a fabrication in whole or in part of Hariharānanda, the guru of the celebrated Hindu 'reformer' Raja Ram Mohun Roy, 'written with the object of pushing the Reformist views' of the latter. It may be pointed out in this connection that the work 'was first published by the Adi Brahma Samaj under the editorship of Ananda Chandra Vedantavagisha'. 'The preface to this edition stated that three MSS. were consulted; one belonging to the library of the Samaj, the second supplied by Durgadas Chaudhuri, and the third taken from the library of Raja Ram Mohun Roy.' 3

(2) Works on Different Deities.

We have here a number of works pertaining to the cult of Durgā. The Māyā-tantra (5985), which may or may not be identical with the work of the same name quoted in the Tantra-sāra, the Śakti-ratnākara and the Āgama-tattva-vilāsa, prescribes (ch. 8 and 9) and speaks highly of (ch. 12), Kulācāra in connection with the worship of Durgā with the details of which it deals. As some of the MSS, end with chapter 7 the genuineness of these chapters may not be beyond all doubts. Two works assigned to the Rudra-yāmala (5879, 5885) deal with the worship of the deity during the famous autumnal festival of Northern India known as Navarātri as well as with the nine well-known forms of the deity. The Vanadurgā-kalpa

¹ Some of the references have been identified, e.g., धातुप्रतिग्रहं निन्दाम् (fol. 18A=VIII. 279), देहल्यां नाभिमाचायाम्, प्रत्येकबिन्दुं मितमान्, वसुधारां प्रकल्पेत्रवम् (fol. 21A=IX. 91-93).

² Chapters 6, 58 and 59.

³ Introduction and Preface to the edition and translation of the work by Arthur Avalon (Madras 1928, Calcutta 1913).

(6067) describes the details of the worship of Vanadurgā, a deity whose worship is highly popular in several districts of Bengal ¹. There is, however, no work here which describes all the rites to be performed by the regular worshippers of the deity, of which there is a good number in Bengal.

Works on deities whose rituals are dealt with both in original Tantras and Digests have been noticed, for the sake of convenience, only under Digests.

(3) Works on Caitanya.

A number of apparently late but nevertheless interesting works refer to or deal with the worship of the great Vaisnava saint of Bengal—Caitanya. These are associated with well-known Tantric texts. In one of them, associated with the Kulārņava (5913), the divinity of Caitanya is established with various arguments. another, associated with the Viśvasāra-tantra (6038), which professes to give an account of this 'secret' incarnation of Visnu, the date of his appearance is also indicated (4586 of the Kali age). *Ūrdhvāmnāya-saṃhitā* (5959) he is referred to as an avatāra in place of the Buddha. It is significant that the last MS. is in the Nagari script and presumably is of a non-Bengali origin. Of other works of the type reference may be made to the sections on Caitanya ascribed to the Brahma-yāmala and the Krsna-yāmala, manuscripts of which are found in the old collections of the Society (AS., p. 64) and the Bangiya Sāhitya Pariṣad (VSP., p. 41).

(4) Works on Alchemy.

Among manuscripts of works on alchemy reference may be made to the following:—

Rasārṇava (5870) and Rasa-kalpa (5871) associated with the Rudra-yāmala deal with various preparations of mercury. The Suvarṇatantra (6101) and Svarṇatantra (6824) describe the synthetic preparation of valuable metals like silver and gold.

(5) Works on the use of hemp.

We have here a small manuscript (6068) containing an extract on the Tantric use of hemp. The topic has been incidentally dealt with in a number of Tantra works. The *Mahānirvānatantra* (V.

¹ cf. JASB., 1930, pp. 382-3.

82-87) gives directions for the ritualistic purification of hemp. One entire chapter of the *Sarvollāsatantra* (6204, ch. 30) deals with its use and efficacy. Five names of hemp are given ¹. Hymns to deified hemp are described in ASB., VII. 5574, 5655. The use of the drug in a number of folk-rites is also known.

(6) Works relating to the science of warfare.

A reference may be made to manuscripts of more or less familiar astrological and magical works connected with the science of war-These works are generally associated with the fare in old India. Tantras. Some of them like the Narapatijayacaryā (with sections bearing the stamp of the Tantric form of composition), a MS. closely agreeing with which has been described under the title Brahmayāmala (5892), are definitely stated to have been based on the tantras. especially of the Yāmala class, while one, Yuddhajayārnavatantra, (6109-12) at least is actually styled a tantra. They deal with what is called Svarodayaśāstra or the science of sounds, a lack of the knowledge of which brings about the fall of a king, even though rich in armaments. Incidentally, they describe mystic diagrams to determine the future of royal undertakings, lay down the details of magical and Tantric rites such as initiation into warfare, consecration of the weapons to make them infallible, six black rites of the Tantras for controlling and causing the destruction of enemies.

B. DIGESTS.

(1) General works.

Under this section reference may first of all be made to several commentaries.

Uncertainty seems to surround the names of the authors of two commentaries of the *Prapañca-sāra* (6174-5). Different MSS. refer to different names while some of the MSS. give no name at all. Even the name of the preceptor of one of the commentators (6175) is not known for certain. While it is given as Vaikuṇṭhavāṇī or Amararājasarasvatī in the introductory verses, it is definitely referred to in the last colophon as Umaraprakāśa. The Society possesses MSS. of two commentaries (6182-3) on the Śāradā-tilaka

[े] पिनिदा समया देवि विजया सिन्धिरेव च। भक्ष्य परमेशानि पश्चधाखानुकीर्त्तितम् ॥—Sarvollāsa-tantra (30. 22).

which do not seem to have so far been noticed. One of these (6183) was composed in 1675 V.S. or 1618 A.D.

The chief interest of the Vidyārnava (6206) lies in the account it gives of the foundation of the town of Vijayanagara. The account. which does not appear to have so far been recorded in any of the several modern works on Vijayanagara, does not, unlike other legendary accounts, refer to Harihara Bukka and Vidyāranya whose names are almost invariably associated with the foundation and the naming of the town. It does not constitute a version of the legends already recorded but gives a new and independent story by itself. In giving the history of the composition of the work it is stated that it was composed at the request of an unnamed king 1 of Vijayanagara, the posthumous son of Praudhadeva. The author appears to have been a man of influence. For it is told that when Praudhadeva died 2 leaving his queen with child it was the author of the present work who acted as regent in pursuance of the wishes of the people. As regent he is stated to have built the beautiful town of Vidyānagara (Vijayanagara) resembling the mystic Śrī-cakra. When the son of Praudhadeva attained majority and was fit for carrying on the duties of a king he was placed on the throne. And at the request of the king and learned men of eminence the work was composed.

According to Prof. Salatore the foregoing version of the story about the origin of Vijayanagara has no historical value. The Vidyārṇava, Prof. Salatore rightly observes, can in no way be assigned to a date earlier than A.D. 1446, the year of the death of Prauḍhadeva, whose posthumous son could come to the throne only after that year ³, when the town had already been in existence for a large number of years, having been constructed in 1368.

Besides referring to the history of the origin of Vijayanagara the work under review traces the line of teachers of the school of Śańkarācārya, beginning from the great master and ending with the

¹ The name of the king is given as Ambadeva by Mahamahopadhyaya Gopinath Kaviraj presumably on the authority of the MS. of the *Vidyārṇava* belonging to the Benares Sanskrit College (*Brahmasūtra*—Acyutagranthmala, Benares, Introduction, p. 54).

² For an account of the death of Praudhadeva and other details about the author of the work cf. *Ind. Cult.*, VI. 107–9.

³ Ind. Cult., VI. 244-5.

present author who claims to have directly belonged to the school. A similar list is also found in the *Kramottama* (6351-2). It is to be noted that both the lists contain names otherwise unknown.

The Mantra-kamalākara (6238) is a little-known work of the celebrated Kamalākara Bhaṭṭa, author of the Nirṇaya-sindhu, son of Rāmakṛṣṇa, grandson of Nārāyaṇa and great-grandson of Rāmeśvara. The work is stated to have been compiled for the benefit of the author's son, Ananta. The section on the worship of Rāma belongs to Rāmakṛṣṇa, father of Kamalākara. Another manuscript of the work referred to in A Catalogue of Sanskrit Manuscripts in the Private Libraries of North-Western Provinces (Allahabad, 1877–86) and mentioned by Aufrecht (Cat. Cat., I. 429) is scarcely accessible at the present moment ¹.

The Mantra-muktāvalī (6239) of Purṇa-prakāśa, of which the Society possesses a manuscript complete in 25 chapters, appears to be one of the oldest of Tantric digests. The MS. of the Society was copied in 1480 V.S. (=1424 A.D.). The work is stated to have been based principally on the Prapañca-sāra. It appears from the extremely corrupt and obscure introductory and concluding verses that the author, an ascetic, was a follower of the school of Śańkara.

The Society's collection of manuscripts of the Tantra-sāra of Kṛṣṇānanda is specially interesting. It is a sixteenth century work on Tantra rituals very popular in Bengal. But the Society's manuscripts of the work are almost all in non-Bengali scripts. more or less complete manuscripts (6187-8) are in the Newari script. There are also three manuscripts in the Nagari (6190-1, 6576) and one in the Bengali script (6577) containing only extracts. Portions of the work are found in a mutilated form, with occasional omissions intervening, in two manuscripts, one (6266) in Nagari and the other in Newari (6267), as also in a Bengali manuscript (6189) where the order of the topics is different from that in the editions of the It is not known if the last three manuscripts as also Tantra-sāra. one described under No. 6402 belong to works based on the work of Kṛṣṇānanda like Rāmānanda's Samgraha, of which there is a manuscript in the Society (II. A. 48), complete in ten chapters. It is also possible that the Tantra-sāra, along with other works, borrowed from the same source which, or rather fragments of which, can be

¹ For two more little-known works of the same author, cf. Indian Culture, V. 211-4.

traced in these manuscripts as well as in works like the $\dot{S}y\bar{a}m\bar{a}$ -rahasya, sections of which (e.g., $\dot{S}ava$ - $s\bar{a}dhan\bar{a}$) closely agree with
similar sections of the Tantra- $s\bar{a}ra$.

Ātma-rahasya (6201-2), Āgama-tattva-saṅgraha (6215), Tantra-siddhānta-kaumudī (6222) and Cidānanda-mandākinī (6229) give exposition of some aspects of the philosophy of the Tantras.

(2) Works on different deities.

- (a) Kālī.—The Kālī-tattva (6306-7) is an important work, the more so if its author Rāghavabhaṭṭa be identical with the famous commentator of the same name who commented on the Śāradā-tilaka. The way in which the commentary is referred to in the former work (fol. 6A of 6307) would naturally make one inclined to suggest the identification. It quotes from and refers to a number of original Tantra works. No Tantra digest is found to have been referred to though many of them are stated to have been consulted for the preparation of the work. Though several MSS. of the Kālītattva were already reported, all that was known of the work was through a short notice by R. L. Mitra (Bik., p. 586). The present volume gives a detailed description of the work and its contents.
- (b) $T\bar{a}r\bar{a}$.—The Matsya- $s\bar{u}kta$ (5997), which is different from a Puranic work of the same name, is referred to in many a Tantric compilation of Bengal. The work or at least the portion preserved in the MS. of the Society deals with the details of the worship of $T\bar{a}r\bar{a}$. A work called the Brhanmatsya- $s\bar{u}kta$ is referred to in the Mantra- $ratn\bar{a}kara$ (6192) and the Arcana-samgraha (6212).

It may be noted that no MS. of the $T\bar{a}r\bar{a}$ -rahasya which is a popular work in Bengal is found here. The $T\bar{a}r\bar{a}$ -prad \bar{i} pa (63322-3) is an interesting work, as it is attributed to Lakṣmaṇa Deśika who may be identical with the author of the famous $S\bar{a}rad\bar{a}$ -tilaka. It may be that this work as well as the $K\bar{a}l\bar{i}$ -tattva of Rāghavabhaṭṭa were intended to supplement the $S\bar{a}rad\bar{a}$ -tilaka with which both the authors were closely associated and which does not deal with the popular deities, Kālī and Tārā. It is curious that all the MSS. that have been reported of the $T\bar{a}r\bar{a}$ -prad \bar{i} pa are in the Bengali script except the one in Bikaner. The popularity of the work thus appears to have been restricted to Bengal where Tantric digests like the Tantra-sāra and the $S\bar{y}\bar{a}m\bar{a}$ -rahasya refer to and quote from a work of the same name. But the work seems to be little-known in these

days in Bengal or elsewhere. Scholars like Arthur Avalon were not aware of the existence of this work or of any other work of Lakṣmaṇa except the Śārada-tilaka though a number of them are referred to (Cat. Cat., I. 536). It is an independent work having no connection with the Śāradā-tilaka though it is suspected by some to be a commentary on the latter (Cat. Cat., I. 536).

(c) Śiva.—The cult of Pañcānana, Pañcānanda or Pāñcu Thākur, presumably a popular aspect of Śiva, is immensely popular among the women-folk of West Bengal, specially of the lower class, who worship the deity, as the Guardian Deity of children, for the protection and welfare of their young ones. The known literature on the cult, unlike other folk-cults, is, however, extremely meagre. The Society, fortunately, is in possession of three MSS.—perhaps all that are known—of a Tantric text called the Brhadrudra-yāmala (5866-7) sections of which deal exclusively with this cult. sections in the manner of mangala-kāvyas of medieval Bengal, one of which may not unlikely have been the basis of the Sanskrit version given here, record legends concerning the powers of the deity in causing destruction when offended and bringing prosperity when propitiated. The MSS, are especially interesting in view of the fact that Sanskrit works pertaining to folk-cults are rare, if not totally unknown 1.

Of later digests on the cult of Siva the Vaṭukārcana-saṅgraha (6466) of Bālambhaṭṭa appears to be the most comprehensive, while the fragment of the Bhairavārcā-pārijāta is interesting being associated with the name of a royal author, Jaitrasiṃha of the Vaghela dynasty. Bālambhaṭṭa has referred to a number of digests and authors (p. 629). Kāśīnātha, the polymath, has got the largest number of works in this section. Of the ten works of Kāśīnātha that we have in this section, as many as five seek to demonstrate the greatness and supremacy of the deity.

We have little information about a number of authors whose works are included in this section: e.g., Siddheśvara (6462), Lakṣmidhara (6463), Gaṅgā-suta (6464), Dhanarāja, son of Keśava (6465) and Rāmacandra whose work seems to be based on a similar work by Krsnabhatta (6467).

¹ For details of the MSS, and the legends cf. D. R. Bhandarkar Volume, pp. 77-81.

(d) Gaṇeśa.—The cult of Gaṇeśa is dealt with in three original Tantra works—Mārjārī-tantra (5877), Kumāra-saṃhitā (6056) and Vināyaka-saṃhitā (6088), which speak of the black rites to be performed with the aid of this deity.

The only work of known authorship in the section of digests on this cult is the *Mahāgaṇapati-krama* or *Gaṇeśotsava* (6505) by a disciple of Citprakāśa, Anantadeva by name, who is stated to have belonged to the Dāīdeva school and hailed from Mātṛpura.

(e) Sun.—The worship of the sun-god is treated of in the concluding chapters (ch. 31-35) of the Devīrahasya-tantra, stated to be a part of the Rudra-yāmala. These chapters or some of them, are contained in two MSS. (5880, 5888, 6001).

There are a few later compilations on the cult of this deity. We have here a fragment of one, called the Tṛcabhāskara (6575). It is gathered from the MS. of the work belonging to the Sanskrit College of Calcutta (which was partially examined) that it deals with the details of the worship of the deity (e.g. अङ्गपूजा—fol. 47A, आवरणपूजा—54A, उपचार्गिर्णय—59B, अर्घदान—73B, होमविध—129A). Reference is made in it among others to Tantra-kaumudī (18A), Prapañcasāra-saṅgraha of Gīrvāṇendra (32B), Mantra-mahodadhi (34B), Mantra-deva-prakāśikā (39A), a hymn by the author (māmakīnastava—58A) and the prayoga section of the work (37A).

(3) Works on Yoga.

The number of unique works in the section of Yoga is proportionately larger in comparison with that in other sections. No other MSS. appear to be known of works described under Nos. 6116–9, 6599, 6600, 6603, 6605, 6619, 6621 and 6622. But none of these works appears to be old. Of these, the date of composition of the Sāra-samuccaya (6604) is given as 1770 V.S. (1714 A.D.). A work of this name is referred to in the Cakra-dīpikā (6622) and the Yoga-kalpa-latikā (6603) of Kṛṣṇadeva, a name identical with the name of the father of the author of the work of which the Sārasamuccaya of the Society is stated to be a summary. The only known MS. of the Yukta-bhava-deva, of which the Sāra-samuccaya is an abridgement, belongs to the Baṅgīya Sāhitya Pariṣad. A comparison of the MSS. of the two works reveals that the abridgement very closely follows the original. The former has one complete colophon at

the end where the number of the chapter is not indicated, while the end of the first chapter is marked on fol. 18A. The latter has two chapter colophons (I, fol. 29A, III, fol. 60A). The latter portion of the Society's MS.¹ (fol. 38B-67B) has no corresponding portion in the MS. of the Pariṣad, which seems to be incomplete.

C. STOTRAS.

Sanskrit possesses a vast literature on stotras. An idea of the extent of this literature may be formed from the fact that descriptions of MSS. of stotras cover three big volumes (Nos. 17–19) of the Descriptive Catalogue of Sanskrit MSS. belonging to the Madras Oriental Library. The Society has also a fairly rich collection of stotras scattered over three volumes of its Descriptive Catalogues (Vols. V, VII and VIII).

The stotras described in the present volume, however, do not all belong to the Tantras nor are they all Tantric in character. Similar remarks apply to stotra manuscripts described in other volumes which though devoted to subjects other than Tantras deal with stotras belonging to Tantras.

A limited number of the stotras are extremely popular and highly interesting both from the standpoint of philosophy as well as poetry. Some of the hymns attributed to Śańkarācārya in the present volume (e.g. Bhavāny-aṣṭaka, p. 818, mānasapūjā, pp. 832-3, Rāma-pañjara and Bālāṣṭaka, p. 851 and Gaṅgāṣṭaka, p. 861) cannot be traced in the Works of Sankaracharya (Sree Vanivilas Press, Vols. XVI–XVIII).

Reference is made below to the works chiefly of an exegetical character, belonging to the different groups of stotras dealt with in the volume.

(i) Kali.

The commentaries on the well-known *Karpūrastotra*, of which there are seven described in the following pages, are all new. Of these the commentary of Durgārāma (6628-9) is dated though the verse containing the date is evidently corrupt in both the MSS. and the date cannot thus be ascertained. One commentary (6632) is attributed in the colophon to the great Śaṅkara.

¹ The section ending in fol. 38A agrees with the one ending in fol. 56A of the Parişat MS.

(ii) Tripurā.

One of the sublimest and most important stotras in Sanskrit is the *Ānanda-laharī* attributed to the great Śańkarācārya. scholars commented on the work from time to time. Of littleknown or hitherto-unknown commentaries the Society possesses MSS. of those of Kavirāja (6697), Rāmabhadra Miśra, son of Viśvanātha (6696) and Raghunandana, son of Candramauli (6695). Raghunandana may not unlikely be identical with the author or any of the authors of the same name with the title Nyāyavāgiśa and Nyāyālankāra, MSS. of whose commentaries on the Mahimnaḥ-stotra and the Gurupādukā-stotra have been described (VII. 5600-1., VSP., p. 62, HPR., I. 97). Śrīkrsna Tarkālankāra (6692), like Gangāhari (6691), gives an interesting legend about the origin of the stotra. Śańkara's disregard or denunciation of the Divine Mother, it is told, led to some difficulties on his part and he succeeded in overcoming them by composing the stotra. Śrikṛṣṇa suspects that a number of concluding verses of the stotra are not And it is reasonable to conclude that it was apparently due to such a suspicion that Govinda Tarkavāgīśa (6689-90) left two verses at the end without any commentary thereon.

(iii) Bhavānī.

The Devīnāma-vilāsa (6703) which is of the nature of a metrical commentary on the Bhavānī-sahasranāma-stotra is an interesting work. It devotes one verse on each of the thousand names of the deity in order to explain the significance of it. The chief interest of the student of history, however, centres round the concluding verses of the chapters which generally refer to other works of the author. The names of these works, however, could not be definitely ascertained owing to the hopelessly corrupted text of the MS.

V. A FEW LITTLE-KNOWN AUTHORS

Information about the personal history of an author is very useful for a correct appreciation of the value and importance of his works. Details that could be gathered in this connection regarding little-known 1 authors, MSS. of whose unpublished works are

Stray but valuable pieces of information about well-known authors are also sometimes met with. Thus Pūrnānanda, a popular Tantric writer of Bengal and

described in the volume, are set forth below for what they are worth. No notice, however, has been taken of meagre references to parents, preceptors, sects, families or the like. But these have generally been indicated in the words of the authors themselves in the authors' index. Of these references mention may be made here of a few. The author of the Bhairavārcā-pārijāta (6468) refers to himself as a prince of the Vaghela dynasty. Venudhara, who wrote a commentary (6626) on the Karpūra-stotra, refers to his patron Pratāpasimha in the concluding verse of the commentary. The author of the Kramapūrņadīkṣā-paddhati (6526) also seems to refer to his patron in the person of a king called Vikramāditya. But unfortunately none of these rulers or chiefs could be identified. of the genealogical references appear to reveal the identity of the descendants of two well-known Tantric writers. Of these Gopālapañcānana, grandson of Kṛṣṇānanda Āgamavāgīśa of Tantra-sāra fame, was also, like the grandfather, the author of a comprehensive Tantric compilation called the Tantra-dīpikā of which the Society possesses an incomplete MS. (6230). Vaidyanātha, author of the Bhuvanesī-kalpalatā (6383), refers to himself as the grandson of Rāghavabhatta, who may not unlikely be identical with the great Tantric writer of the same name, whose fame rests on his wellknown commentary on the Śāradā-tilaka.

Besides these there are a host of other little-known authors of whom no information is available. Among these we have very little beyond the name of Rāmagati Sena. Only a few lines of his Tantra-candrikā are preserved in one MS. (6274). He may not unlikely be identical with the author of the same name whose Yogakalpalatikā has been described by H. P. Shastri (HPR., I. 299). It is stated that Rāmagati hailed from East Bengal (HPR., I., p. xxi).

The authors are usually Brahmins by caste. But we have at least two works written by persons belonging to other castes. Of these Kṛṣṇamohana, author of the $\bar{A}gama$ -candrikā (6209), who was a Kāyastha, makes no apology for going out of what may be sup-

a disciple of Brahmānanda, also a reputed author of several works, refers in his S'ākta-krama (6198-9) to one work by his guru, namely, the S'aktitantra-māntrikā-gamasāra-sarvasva which is not found to be included in the list of works, generally attributed to the latter [तदुत्तमस्मदुगुरक्षतम्तितन्त्रमान्तिकागमसार्भवेस्वे—6198 (fol. 2A), 6199 (fol. 1)].

posed to be his own jurisdiction. Kṛṣṇadeva Gaṇa, author of the $Cid\bar{a}nanda-mand\bar{a}kin\bar{\imath}$ (6229), however, refers to the religious taboo on the use of books written by non-Brahmins and justifies his own action in writing the book by suggesting that the taboo does not apply to serious literature $(j\bar{n}\bar{a}na-s\bar{a}stra)$.

The names of authors present peculiar difficulties in ascertaining the actual identity of the authors of Tantric works. Mere identity of names, in the absence of more definite evidence, does not naturally justify any personal identification. Hence, the same name has been repeated more than once in the author's index. On the other hand, the same person is also not infrequently known by different names—pre-initiation and post-initiation names. In a number of cases both these names are available 2, while in others, we know only one of the names. Thus different works of the same author sometimes seem to belong to different authors 3.

Details that could be gathered about some of the authors are given below under the names arranged in an alphabetical order.

Васамвнатта.

Bālambhaṭṭa 4, who is evidently different from the great Smṛṭi writer of the same name (18th century), was the son of Rāmabhaṭṭa

¹ But occasionally there is legitimate room for doubt. And one would feel tempted to identify Kṛṣṇabhaṭṭa, at whose instance Lakṣmībhaṭṭa (6346) wrote, with the preceptor of the author of the Sundarī-saparyā (6349) and with the author of the work on which the Bhairavapūjā-paddhati (6467) is based. Similarly Rāmānanda, author of the Sundarī-mahodaya (6348) may be identical with the preceptor of the author of the Dattārcana-candrikā (6353).

² Ādyānandana—Navamīsiṃha (6308).

Vidyānandanātha—Śrīnivāsa (6340).

Cidanandanatha—Laksminatha (6346).

Śivānandanātha—Kāśīnātha.

Śańkarānandanātha—Śambhubhaṭṭa (6348).

Bhairavānanda—Rāmabhaṭṭa (6349). (This is known from a variant reading, सुन्दरीयजनं वच्चे भेरवानन्दसंज्ञकः, of the second introductory verse, as recorded in the above MS.)

Nijātmānandanātha—Mallikārjuna (6351).

³ Thus Prof. Peterson thought that the *Saubhāgyaratnākara* of Vidyānanda was the work of one who is different from and a co-pupil of Śrīnivāsa (*Ulwar*, 2444). Compare in this connection *Study of Manuscripts* (Kane Festschrift, pp. 77-8).

⁴ Quite a number of authors appear to have had the same name. The names of the father and grandfather of the present author are referred to respectively as those of the brother and son of two of them (Cat. Cat., I. 372).

and grandson of Divākara of the Bharadvāja family. He was the author of the Vaṭukārcana-saṅgraha (6466) in which reference is made among others to the Śivārcana-candrikā of Śrīnivāsa (?), the Puraścarṇa-candrikā of Devendrāśrama (?), the Dīpadāna-vidhi-krama of Rāmacandra, author of the Bhairavapūjā-paddhati (?), the Mantra-mahodadhi of Mahīdhara (?), the [Siṃha (?)] Siddhānta-sindhu of Śivānanda (?) and the Mantra-mārtaṇḍa of the father of the author (fol. 275B).

Kāśīnātha 1.

Kāśīnātha Bhatta Bhada, alias Śivānandanātha of Benares. son of Jayarāma Bhatta and Vārāṇasī, and grandson of Śivarāma. was the author of a large number of small treatises, principally on Puranic and Tantric topics, MSS. of which are available in different parts of Northern India. His scholarship which is testified to by his literary remains is also indicated by a number of epithets found in the colophons of one or other of his many works. appear that he belonged to a comparatively modern period, probably 17th-18th century. For no MSS. of any of his works is known to be old. Most of the MSS. of his works belonging to the Society are of the 19th or even the present century. Of the older MSS. one, that of the Śāmbhavācāra-kaumudī, was copied in 1849 V.S. or 1793 A.D., while that of another, the Śivādvaita-prakāśikā (IO., IV. 2513) was copied in 1858 V.S. (1802 A.D.). An incomplete date which may not unlikely be the date of Kāśīnātha is found at the end of his commentary on the Jñānārṇava-tantra. It is stated there that the commentary was written in the month of Asvina, on the fifth-day of the bright fortnight in the Prabhava year of the sixty years Though nothing can be stated definitely in the absence of the mention of the era, it is known that the year in question fell in 1747, 1687 and 1627 A.D. And our author may not unreasonably be supposed to have written the work in any of the above-mentioned years.

The upper limit of the age of the author may be ascertained by his references to earlier works and authors in his books, e.g. Bhaṭṭoji Dīkṣita (16th century) in his Tantra-bhūṣā, Śyāmā-rahasya in the

¹ For a detailed account of the life and works of Kāśīnātha cf. JRASBL., IV. 455-65.

Kālī-bhakti-rasāyana, Pratāparudra-nibandha, Nṛṣiṃhapraṣāda, Rū-panārāyaṇa and Viśvarūpācārya in the Caṇḍikārcana-dīpikā and Rāmārcana-candrikā in the Ramapūjā-tarangiṇī. Further, if he is the author of the Avatāra-bheda-prakāśikā he must be later than the 16th century when the Rādhāvallabhī sect, referred to in it, was founded by Hitaharivaṃśa. He also appears to have been later than Amṛtānandanātha and Mahīdhara (16th century), authors of commentaries respectively on the Yoginī-hṛdaya and the Mantra-mahodadhi, for though he does not refer to them by name, his commentaries on those works are based on and occasionally agree with those by the former two.

KEŚAVA VIŚVARUPA.

Keśava, who had the unusual title Viśvarūpa, composed in 4933 Kali Era a work called the *Āgama-tattva-samgraha* (6215) of which the only known MS., a mere fragment, belongs to the Society. From the meagre account given in the work it is gathered that Keśava was born in a Mahāraṣṭra family though he lived in Southern India near the river Tungabhadrā. He has referred to his Guru Kṣemānandanātha and his Paramaguru Mādhavānandanātha¹, who were respectively authors of the Saubhāgya-kalpalatikā² (6339) and the Saubhāgya-kalpadruma (6338).

Kṛṣṇamohana.

Kṛṣṇamohana, a Kāyastha of Pūrvasthalī (in Western Bengal), was the author of eighteen works ³, of which some are mentioned by name in his Nīti-śataka ⁴ and the Kamalodaya ⁵. He appears to have been a man of wealth who engaged learned men to write books for him. It is definitely recorded that he got the Āgama-candrikā compiled by renowned learned men ⁶. Of his works

¹ Another grand-disciple (disciple's disciple) of Mādhava seems to have been the author of a work called the Saubhāgyānanda-sandoha—a commentary on the Paramānanda-tantra on which the work of Mādhava himself was based (Introductory verses to Saubhāgya-kalpalatikā).

² A work of the same name is twice referred to in the *Catalogus Catalogorum* (I. 738; II. 177) without mentioning the name of the author.

⁸ ASB., VII. 5509.

⁴ ASB., VII. 5508.

⁵ VSP., Intro., p. xxvi.

⁶ ASB., VIII. 6209.

eight appear to have so far been noticed (ASB., VII. 5250-1, 5508-9, VIII. 6209; HPR., II. 41; VSP., pp. 125, 187).

MAHADEVA VIDYAVAGIŚA.

Mahādeva Vidyāvāgīśa, son of Yādavānanda Cakravartī, grandson of Vidyāsāgara and great-grandson of Subuddhi Miśra, acquired the title Vidyāvāgīśa from his guru at Viṣṇupura in Māndāran. He composed his commentary on the Ānanda-laharī (6694) in 1527 S.E. (=1605 A.D.). One of the introductory verses of the commentary seems to refer to a work or works by him on the secret of the worship of Śakti, Śiva and Viṣṇu ¹.

NANDARĀMA TARKAVĀGĪŚA.

Nandarāma was the author of a number of small works on Tantric and philosophical subjects 2. In his commentary on the Śaṭcakra-nirūpaṇa (6367) he refers to his patron Harivallabha Rāya, who in all probability was a zemindar of Bengal. He was earlier than Jagannātha who commented on Nandarāma's abstracts on Nyāya, Vaiśeṣika, Rhetoric, Sāṃkhya and Yoga. The commentary on the last of these works is stated to have been completed in 1638 Ś.E. (शाकाई गजवेदम्पगणित). MSS. of these abstracts are unfortunately not available, while MSS. of the commentaries, found in the Society, will be dealt with in the volume dealing with MSS. of works on philosophy.

NAVAMĪSIMHA.

Navamīsimha (alias Ādyānandana) introduces himself in the beginning of his *Tantra-cintāmaṇi* (6217-8) as the minister of king Bhūpālendra of Nepal who is stated to have been a man of learning and piety. This king seems to be identical with Mahīndra Malla or Bhūpālendra Malla of Katmandu who ruled for about five years, 1689-1694 A.D. 3 (Wright—*History of Nepal*, London, 1877,

¹ The introductory and concluding verses are quoted in IO., IV. 2624.

² Ātma-prakāśaka (IO., IV. 2400), Saṃkhyā-prakāśaka (IO., IV. 2457), commentary on Ṣaṭcakra-nirūpaṇa (ASB., VIII. 6367), abstracts on different branches of Indian literature and probably Svarūpākhya-stava-ṭīkā (VSP., p. 51).

³ It is not clear how Bendall assigns to this king the date 1705 (Cat. Buddhist Sans. Mss. Univ. Lib. Cambridge, Chronological Appendix III).

p. 221). The Society is in possession of four MSS. of two extensive Tantra digests of Navamīsiṃha, the *Tantra-cintāmaṇi* (6217-8) and *Kula-mukti-kallolinī* (6308). No manuscript of the first of these works appears to have so far been reported from anywhere else. It seems that copies of the second work were made at the instance of Ranodyota Shah in 1877 V.S. with a view to giving publicity to it and two of these copies are now found in the Society.

NÎLAKANTHA THE ŚAIVA.

Nīlakantha the Śaiva—who is different from his more famous name-sake whose fame rests on his commentary Mahābhārata—was the author of a number of Purāna and Tantra works which are not so well-known. He has given but meagre information about himself incidentally in his works. We are told that he was born in a family of Saivas. Mayūreśvara of this family, the great grandfather of our author, earned for the family the surname Śaiva. The son of Mayūreśvara was Nīlakantha whose son, the father of our author, was Ranganatha, the poet. Ranganātha had his son Nīlakantha by his wife Laksmī. Both the parents are referred to by name in the colophons as well as in the introductory and concluding verses of his works. He also refers to two of his gurus—Kāśīnātha and Śrīdhara—as well as to one Ratnaji at whose instance he is stated to have composed his commentary on the Devi-bhāgavata. He seems to have hailed from the Marhatta country, as he refers to a number of dialectic words of Marathi in the above-mentioned commentary (VIII. 24. 25-7).

Nīlakaṇṭha does not mention his date but an approximate idea may be formed about his time on the basis of the references he makes to authors and works. He refers in his commentary on the Devībhāgavata among others to the Saubhāgya-kalpalatā, Durgā-pradīpa of Maheśa Thakkura, Sarvaśāstrārtha-saṃgraha of Madhusūdana Sarasvatī, Śāradā-tilaka, Guptavatī-ṭīkā (of Bhāskara Rāya) composed in 1741 A.D., Mantra-mahodadhi (of Mahīdhara) composed in 1589 A.D., Mādhava, author of a commentary on the Sūtasaṃhitā, Pṛthvīdharācārya and Nāgoji Bhaṭṭa (17th-18th century). It would therefore appear that Nīlakaṇṭha flourished at a time not earlier than the middle of the 18th century.

About half a dozen works of Nīlakaṇṭha are known or have been mentioned ¹. The present volume describes two MSS. of one of these works, e.g., the commentary on the six accessories of the Saptaśatī of the Mārkaṇḍeya-purāṇa which is referred to in the commentary of the Devī-bhāgavata (V. 8. 38, V. 33. 57-9). But it seems to be rather curious that this latter commentary is also referred to in the present work. Only one incomplete MS. of the work, comprising the Kavaca portion, is recorded (Cat. Cat., II. 166). The Society possesses two MSS. of the work: one complete and the other incomplete.

PREMANIDHI PANTHA.

Premanidhi Pantha who hailed from Kūrmācala or Kumaon, was the son of Umāpati and Udyotamati and was the worshipper of Kārtavīrya. Little is known about his life and family. We are told that he had sorrowful bereavements in his family. He lost his beloved wife at a comparatively young age. It seems he thereupon left his ancestral home and came to be settled in Benares where on the completion of his commentary on the Śivatāndava, he was given considerable property and a house by his patron and disciple Malaivammadeva. Reference is made to two daughters of his, named Mahālakṣmī and Kanakā. This much of his personal history may be gathered from his commentary on the Śivatāndava in which he incidentally describes his patron and makes reference to himself.

It appears from the introductory verses of the *Sudarśanā* (commentary on the *Tantrarāja-tantra*) that he had a third wife Prāṇamañjarī by name who composed the commentary in memory of her son called Sudarśana. The name of the father and the mother of this wife are given as Harṣadeva and Harṣamati ².

The time when he flourished is roughly indicated by the references to dates of composition given in some of his works. We are told that he composed the *Mallādarśa* and the *Dīpa-prakāśa* in 1648 S.E., *Pṛthvī-premodaya* and the commentary on the Śāradā-

¹ For a detailed account of these cf. Indian Historical Quarterly, Vol. XVI, pp. 356-61.

² Nāgarī-pracāriņī Patrikā, N.S., Vol. VI, 1982 V.S. (p. 376, f.n.). The commentary is also attributed to Premanidhi (Cat. Cat., I. 222, II. 46).

tilaka in 1658 S.E., the Jagatpremodaya in 1663 S.E. and the Prāyaścitta-pradīpa in 1675 S.E. This would point to the second quarter of the eighteenth century together with a portion of the third as the period of his literary activities.

Premanidhi was the author of a good many works on Tantra and Smṛti. He himself refers to some of them. He mentions six works of his at the end of his commentary on the Śāradā-tilaka, and three at the end of the Śābda-prakāśa, while Mallādarśa incidentally refers to the Bhakti-taraṅgiṇī. In the descriptive catalogues and in the lists of his works based on them as given by Aufrecht and Kane different portions of the same work appear to have, in some cases, been indicated as separate works. The same work has also sometimes been referred to under different titles. A brief account of the works on which more or less definite information is available has been published in the Journal of the Royal Asiatic Society of Bengal, Letters (Vol. VI, 1940, pp. 105–117). The present volume notices two of his many works—Prayoga-ratnākara (6510) and commentary on the Śivatāṇḍava (5971, 6817).

RATNANĀBHA ĀGAMĀCĀRYA.

Ratnanābha, author of a hitherto unknown work called the Sundarīrahasya-vṛtti 1 (6350), has left us some personal details at the beginning and end of his work. He was a Vārendra Brahmin of Maitreya denomination. He was the son of Nārāyaṇa and grandson of Mukunda. He refers to his great grandfather as well, though the name is not quite intelligible. His guru was Gopīnātha, disciple of Hayagrīva. In the beginning of the work salutations are offered also to Keśavācārya, Vallabhācārya and Vidyādharācārya. It is not known if the Sundarīrahasya-vṛtti referred to in the Mantra-ratnākara (6192) is identical with the work of the same name by Ratnanābha.

SAHIB KAULA.

Sāhib Kaula which seems to be a Tantric ecclesiastical designation in Kashmir is a peculiar and rather unique title. A person

¹ The number of chapters contained in the work is ten. This number has been so conceived as to correspond to the number of categories enumerated in the system of philosophy of the Śakti-worshippers.

occupying the position in the 17th century was the author of several Sanskrit works of which the Royal Asiatic Society of Bengal definitely possesses the manuscript of one. A manuscript of a second work, the Kalpavrksa composed in 1733 V.S., is reported to be in the possession of Pandit Madhusudan Kaul, Superintendent of Archaeology, Kashmir, who claims to be a descendant of this illustrious personage. The work of which a manuscript is possessed by the Society, is the Devīnāma-vilāsa (6703) composed in 1723 V.S. It is a work in 16 chapters, dealing with 1,000 names of the Divine Mother. Every chapter of this work ends with a verse-colophon, which occasionally refers to other works of the author.

The designation of the author, far more than the works which possess few marked characteristics, is in the present case highly interesting. The functions attaching to the position and the real nature of it are not known. But our author apparently takes pride in referring to what seems to have been a highly dignified position.

He refers to it at least three times in his $Dev\bar{\imath}n\bar{a}ma\text{-}vil\bar{a}sa$ (verse 2, chapter colophon and date verse). It is referred to once in the concluding verse of the Śrīvidyā-nityapūjā-paddhati (6354) which is

also attributed to a Sāhib Kaula.

The present author is evidently different from Sāhebrām or Sāhibrām of the 19th century whose works are referred to by Aufrecht in his Catalogus Catalogorum (I. 716, II. 171). There is reference to a Sāhib Kaula who flourished in the 19th century and hymns to whom were composed by his disciples—Jyotiḥ-prakāśa and Cidrūpa (6815, pp. 868–70). The hymn of Jyotiḥ-prakāśa was commented on by his disciple Govinda in 1830 S.E. or 1908 (loc. cit.).

Of other works attributed to Sāhib Kaula who may or may not be identical with the present author the Society possesses the MSS. of the following:—

(1) Śrīvidyā-nityapūjā-paddhati, a big ritualistic work dealing with the details of the worship of Tripurā.

(2) Sārikā-stava (6400, p. 568), a hymn to the goddess Sārikā.

(3) Stray verses (6400, p. 569).

It may be pointed out in this connection that the epithets Mahāmāheśvarācārya and Sāhiba-kaulānandanātha are used either jointly or singly with the name of the author in the colophons of all the above works.

ŚANKARĀCĀRYA of Bengal.

A number of Tantric treatises are attributed to one who is generally known as Śankarācārya of Bengal. In one of these works, the $T\bar{a}r\bar{a}rahasya-vrttik\bar{a}$ (6320-1), the author is stated to have been an inhabitant of Bengal and the son of Kamalākara and grandson of Lambodara. A MS, of the work belonging to the Durbar Library of Nepal is dated L.S. 511 (1630 A.D.) and a work of the same name referred to in the Tārā-bhakti-sudhārnava of Narasimha may not unlikely be identical with the present work. The actual name of the author, however, seems to have been Sankara Agamācārya as indicated in a MS. of the work in the India Office Library (IO., IV. But it cannot be stated that this Sankara was the author of all the works (L., VI. 2379, HPR., I. 262, L., I. 428, ASB., VIII. 6365, ASB., VII. 5679) attributed to the Sankara of Bengal. As a matter of fact, in most cases the author is referred to simply as Śańkarācārya and there does not appear to be any strong case for referring to him as Śańkarācārya of Bengal.

SARVANANDA.

Sarvānanda, author of the Sarvollāsa (6204) flourished about four hundred years ago at Mehar, a village in the district of Tippera He is stated to have been totally illiterate. in Eastern Bengal. He acquired spiritual success and supreme knowledge through the grace of the Divine Mother, who was propitiated by him through the muttering of a mantra as he was seated on a corpse. Thereafter he earned the epithet Sarva-vidya as all the forms of the Mother were revealed to him. His name is still held in great esteem and his descendants have to this day a large number of disciples all over The temple of Kālī at the village of Mehar where Sarvānanda attained spiritual success has become a place of pilgrimage to the people of Bengal and an annual festival is held there to commemorate his attainment of success about the middle of January. The life-story of Sarvānanda is described in a Sanskrit work called the Sarvānanda-taranginī attributed to his son Śiyanātha.

ŚRĪNIVĀSA BHATŢA.

Śrinivāsa Bhatta Gosvāmin and his descendants appear to have occupied a position of some distinction in Northern India, where Śrīnivāsa had migrated from his original home in the South. account of the family may be gathered from the works left by Śrinivāsa and his descendants. It is known from the introductory verses of the Śivārcana-candrikā (6231), which gives a detailed description of the family and its ancestral home, that to the south of Kāñcī (Conjeeveram) there was a big village called Ananta, on the banks of the river Enā, which was inhabited by pious and learned Brahmins, who had received the village as a grant from a certain king. Here was the ancestral home of a learned family of scholars of whom Śrīnivāsa was the most prominent. His father, Śrīniketana, grandfather, Timummala, and great grandfather, Samarapungava Dīksita, have all been referred to by him in glowing terms. Śrīnivāsa, who was specially versed in the Tantras, had gone on a festive occasion to Jullandhar, a famous seat of Tantric worship and was initiated by Sundarācārya or Saccidānandanātha, presumably the author of the Lalitarcana-candrika and the Laghu-candrikā (6343) which may be an abridgement of the former. His postinitiation name appears to have been Vidyanandanatha. desired by his preceptor he came down to and settled at Benares. He was the author of several Tantric compilations four of which he has mentioned by name at the end of his Śivārcana-candrikā.

The dignity of the family was continued, if not enhanced, by the successors of Śrīnivāsa. His son Jagannivāsa, who was also versed in the Tantra lore, counted among his disciples a number of ruling chiefs of the time, of whom Devīsiṃha (Bundel) has been mentioned by Śivānanda Gosvāmin, the eldest of the sons of Jagannivāsa, who wrote the Siṃhasiddhānta-sindhu (6193) at the request of the above-mentioned chief. Janārdana, another son of Jagannivāsa and probably the youngest one, was the author of the Mantra-candrikā (6232) 1.

VIŚVANĀTHA SINGH of Rewa.

We learn from volume IV of Captain Luard's Rewa State Gazetteer (Lucknow, 1907) that Visvanath Singh who succeeded his

¹ For a detailed account of Śrīnivāsa cf. IHQ., XV, pp. 131ff.

father Jai Singh in 1833 and ruled up to 1854, was like his father a lover of literature and learning to which he gave his support (p. 17). It is further stated there that 'Maharaj Visvanath Singh, himself a good scholar, was a great patron of Sanskrit learning and invited Brahmans to settle in different parts of the state and form seminaries for teaching Sanskrit' (p. 69). There is no reference here to any books composed by the Maharaja. The Catalogus Catalogorum of Aufrecht, however, mentions manuscripts, found mostly in Oudh 1, of as many as half a dozen works 2—all on the cult of Rāma—by Maharaja Viśvanātha, who in all probability is identical with the above-mentioned ruler of Rewa. The Royal Asiatic Society of Bengal possesses five manuscripts of four of these works 3 of which one, the Mantrārtha-nirnaya (6494) is described in the following pages.

One of these MSS. (e.g., Rāmamantrārtha-nirṇaya) is in Bengali characters, shewing that one at least of his works had travelled beyond the limits of his own territories. Three of these MSS. are dated. The MSS. of the Brahmasūtra-bhāṣya, the Mantrārtha-nirṇaya and the Saṅgōta-raghunandana are stated to have been copied respectively in 1843 (1900 V.S.), 1850 (1907 V.S.) and 1880 (1937 V.S.). It will be seen that two of these MSS. were copied during the lifetime of Viśvanātha. The fact that one MS. was copied after his death and one was copied in Bengali characters shows that the works concerned had gained some popularity.

Some details about his personal history may be gathered from several of these works of Viśvanātha. As most of the works deal with Rāma and his cult it seems that he was a follower of the cult of Rāma. It seems later in life he became a follower of the Rādhā-vallabhī school when he commented on the *Brahmasūtra*

¹ It mentions only three MSS. outside Oudh:—Two MSS. of the Rāmacandrāhnika described by R. L. Mitra (Notices of Sans. MSS., I. 73) and P. Peterson (Descr. Cat. Sans. MSS., State Library, Ulwar, No. 962) and the only MS. of Sarva-siddhānta (R. L. Mitra, op. cit., VII, 2329).

² Rāma-gītā, Rāmacandrāhnika (with commentary), Rāmamantrārtha-nirnaya, Brahmasūtra-bhāṣya, Sarva-siddhānta and Saingīta-raghunandana.

³ Two MSS. of the Rāmacandrāhnika, one MS. of the Samgīta-raghunandana described in ASB. (VII. 5255, 5256, 5259), one MS. each of the Mantrārtha-nirnaya, described in the present volume (6494), and of the Brahmasūtra-bhāsya, to be described in the philosophy volume.

For a critical account of these works cf. JRASBL., 1939, pp. 455-8.

according to the views of this school. In fact, in the beginning of the commentary he justifies his initiation into both the cults. In this work he refers to himself as the eldest son of Javasimha. introductory portion of the Sarva-siddhanta mentions his minister Bhodulāla and his otherwise unknown work Bhāsā-rāmāuana. This Sarva-siddhanta as well as the Samaita-raghunandana appear to have been composed when Viśvanātha was only a prince (Kumāra) and had not as yet formally assumed charges of his territories Thus the colophons of both these works refer to him as Mahārājakumāra while the colophon to the latter work calls him also Bābusāheb. In almost all his works Viśvanātha refers to his guru Priyādāsa in highly eulogistic terms. It is stated that it was the guru who residing in his heart composed the works. Visvanātha mentions by name a number of works by Priyādāsa (e.g. Susiddhantottama, Śrutasatra-tatparyamrta, etc.) among which the views of the Śrutasūtra-tātparyāmrta were followed in preparing the commentary of the Brahmasūtra. The line of teachers (guru-paramparā) of Viśvanātha is given at the end of the Sarva-siddhānta.

Yasodhara Misra.

Yaśodhara, son of Kaṃsāri Miśra, wrote his Mantrārādhana-dīpikā (6233) in 1488 Ś.E. Of his three works, Mantrārādhana-dīpikā, Phala-candrikā and Vīravara-cintāmaṇi¹, each refers to a different patron at whose instance the work is said to have been composed. The first of these works refers to Rajānī (?), son of Kālidāsa and grandson of Nāthamalla of the Maravāha dynasty². Govindadāsa is the name of the patron mentioned in the second work while Mahārājādhirāja Vīravara is the name found in the third.

VI. ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Before concluding I must gratefully acknowledge the help received from the authorities of the Royal Asiatic Society in the progress and completion of the work. My special obligations are

¹ A comparison of the MSS. of the *Vîravaracintāmaņi* and the *Daivajñacintāmaņi* in the Society revealed the close identity of the two works, chapters V, VII-XVI, XVIII and XIX of the former corresponding with chapters II, III-XII, XIV and I of the latter.

² Ulwar, Extr. 654.

due to my former teacher Dr. Suniti Kumar Chatterji, Philological Secretary of the Society and to Dr. B. S. Guha, the present General Secretary for very kindly going through the introduction and suggesting many improvements, and to Dr. Baini Prashad, the Treasurer, for taking a keen and active interest in the work.

CHINTAHARAN CHAKRAVARTI.



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LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

- Annals—Annals of the Bhandarkar
 Oriental Research Institute,
 Poona.
- ASB—Descriptive Catalogue of Sanskrit Manuscripts in the Government Collections under the care of the Asiatic Society of Bengal, by H. P. Shastri, Vols. I–IV, Calcutta, 1917–25.
- Descriptive Catalogue of Sanskrit Manuscripts in the Collections of the Asiatic Society of Bengal, by H. P. Shastri, Vols. V-VII (Calcutta, 1928-34).
- Catalogue of Printed Books and Manuscripts in Sanskrit belonging to the Oriental Library of the Asiatic Society of Bengal (Calcutta, 1904).
- Bd—Report on the search of Sanskrit Manuscripts in the Bombay Presidency during the years 1887-88, 1888-89, 1889-90, 1890-91 by R. G. Bhandarkar (Bombay, 1897).
- Ben—Catalogue of Sanskrit Manuscripts in the Sanskrit College Library, Benares (Allahabad, 1864-74).
- Bik—Catalogue of Sanskrit Manuscripts in the Library of His Highness the Maharaja of Bikaner, by Rajendralala Mitra (Calcutta, 1880).
- BM—Catalogue of Sanskrit and Pali Books in the British Museum, by E. Haas (London, 1876).
- Catalogue of Sanskrit, Pali, and Prakrit Books in the British Museum acquired during the years 1876–92, by C. Bendall (London, 1893).
- Supplementary, by L. D. Barnett, 1892–1906 (London, 1908), 1906–28 (London, 1928).

- Cat. Cat.—Catalogus Catalogorum, Parts I–III, by Theoder Aufrecht, Leipzig, 1891–1903.
- CS—Descriptive Catalogue of Sanskrit Manuscripts in the Library of the Calcutta Sanskrit College, Vols. I-XII (Calcutta, 1895-1917).
- Hall—A contribution towards an Index to the Bibliography of Indian Systems of Philosophy, by Fitz Edward Hall (Calcutta, 1859).
- HPR—Notices of Sanskrit Manuscripts
 (New Series) by Mahāmahopādhyāya Haraprasad Shastri, Vols.
 I—IV (Calcutta, 1898—1911).
- Ind. Cult.—Indian Culture (Indian Research Institute, Calcutta).
- IO—Catalogue of Sanskrit Manuscripts in the India Office Library, London, Parts I-VII, by J. Eggeling (London, 1887–1904).
- Catalogue of Sanskrit and Prakrit Manuscripts in the Library of the India Office (London), Vol. II, Brahmanical and Jaina Manuscripts by A. B. Keith, with a supplement, Buddhist Manuscripts by F. W. Thomas (London, 1935).
- Notices of Sanskrit Manuscripts (First Series), Vols. I–X, by Raja Rajendralala Mitra (Calcutta, 1871–92), Vol. XI, by H. P. Shastri (Calcutta, 1895).
- Mad—Descriptive Catalogue of Sanskrit Manuscripts in the Government Oriental Manuscripts Library, Madras, Vols. I—XXVIII (Madras, 1901–37).
- Mad. T.—Triennial Catalogue of Sanskrit Manuscripts in the Government Oriental Manuscripts
 Library, Madras, Vols. I-VII
 (Madras, 1913-37).
- Mad. Tr.—Same as Mad. T.

- Nep.—A Catalogue of Palm-leaf & selected paper MSS. belonging to the Durbar Library, Nepal, by H. P. Shastri [Vol. I] (Calcutta, 1905), Vol. II (Calcutta, 1915).
- Oudh—A Catalogue of Sanskrit Manuscripts existing in Oudh, Fascicules I–XI (Calcutta, 1872– 78), Fascicules XII–XV (Allahabad, 1880–83).
- Oxf.—Catalogi Codicum Manuscriptorum Bibliothecae Bodleinae, Codices Sanskriticos, by Th. Aufrecht (Oxonii, 1864).
- Peters.—Report of operations in search of Sanskrit MSS. in the Bombay Circle, I-VI (Bombay, 1883– 96).*
- Rep—Report on the search of Sanskrit Manuscripts by Mahāmahopādhyāya Haraprasad Shastri, 1895— 1900 (Calcutta, 1901), 1901—05 (Calcutta, 1905), 1906—11 (Calcutta, 1911).
- Stein—Catalogue of Sanskrit Manuscripts in the Raghunath Temple Library of His Highness the Maharaja of Jammu and Kashmir, by M. A. Stein (Kashmir, 1894).

- Sulabhatantraprakāśa—A collection of Tantra works published by Umacaran Tarkaratna and Tarapada Nyayaratna (Calcutta, 1887).
- Tantrasamgraha—Same as Vividhamūlatantra and Vividhatantrasamgraha.
- Ulwar—Catalogue of Sanskrit Manuscripts in the Library of His Highness the Maharaja of Ulwar, by P. Peterson (Bombay, 1892).
- Ulwar Extr,—Extracts quoted at the end of *Ulwar*.
- Vividhamūlatantra—A collection of Tantra works published by Rasikmohan Chaṭṭopādhyāya (Calcutta, 1903 etc.)†
- Vividhatantrasamgraha—A collection of Tantras published by Rasikmohan Chaṭṭopādhyāya (Calcutta, 1881–86).‡
- VSP—Descriptive Catalogue of Sanskrit Manuscripts in the Vangiya Sahitya Parishat, by Chintaharan Chakravarti (Calcutta, 1935).
- W—Handschriften-Verzeichnisse Der Königlichen Bibliothek, by Dr. Weber (Berlin, 1853).
- Weber-Same as W.

^{*} The title of the first report is 'Detailed Report.....'.

[†] The title and date are taken from BM, 1892–1906, p. 716; these are not found in the copies belonging to different Calcutta Libraries.

[‡] BM, 1876-92, column No. 413. The present title and the foregoing one have both been freely used to refer to the collection of Tantras published by Chaṭṭopā-dhyāya, irrespective of the year of publication.

II. SIVA.

Kāśīnātha.

6452.

6527. दक्षिणामूर्त्तिकौस्तुभः। Dakṣiṇāmūrtikaustubha.

Substance, country-made paper. 11×5 inches. Folia, 7. Lines, 8. Extent in ślokas, 112. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fresh. Complete.

This deals in 91 verses with the details of the worship of Dakṣiṇāmūrtiśiva beginning with the morning rites of the worshipper.

श्रीदिच्यामूर्तिगुरुभ्यो नमः।

अनन्ताखं गृशं नौमि कविलप्रतिभाकरं।

Beginning:—

प्रास्त्रविद्धी जलघरं स्परत्की त्तिंकरं परं ॥
वीरासंनेक निलयाय हिरण्ययाय
च्यां घमूलार्र हिंगे निटिले च्याय ।
गङ्गाधराय गजचम्मे विभूषणाय
प्राची नप्रण्यप्रकाय नमः प्रिवाय ॥
नता श्रीप्रङ्गराचार्यचरणाम्मो रुष्ट्र दयम् ।
काण्मी नायः प्रतनुते दिच्या मूर्तिको स्तुमम् ॥
एको नित्यः प्रिवो व्यापी दिच्या मूर्तिक स्पष्ट्र ।
स एव जगतां कर्त्ता हर्ता चैव च पालकः ॥
प्रिवस्त्र ह्यात् प्रकृतिः प्रतिविम्बस्त्र हिप्यो ।
महित्वत्वं ततो जातम हङ्गारस्ततः परम् ॥
स्राका प्रस्त ततो जातस्ततो वायः प्रकीर्तितः ।
वतो ऽिसस्य प्रजातोऽच स्रोरायः प्रकीर्तिताः ॥

पानीयात् प्रियवी जाता ततो ह्योषधयः श्रुभाः । ज्ञीषधिभ्यो भवेदद्गं अज्ञात् प्राणः प्रकीर्त्तितः ॥ प्राणाज्ञीवो हि संजातो जीवात्मपरमात्मको । प्रिविक्वात् सर्व्यमेतत् जगदेतचराचरम् ॥ अत्यस्य भवेद्भस्य जगदेतचराचरम् । अथाहिकं(हिकं) प्रवच्चामि यदिना दुःखमाप्नुयात् ॥ निश्चायाः पश्चिमे यामे समरेत्मदाश्चिवं सदा । उत्थाय दिल्लाकुंन वामपादं न्यसेद्भवि ॥ ततो ग्रहाद्वहिर्गत्वा कृत्वावश्यकमादरात् । सुखप्रचालनं कृत्वा कृत्यादाचमनादिकम् ॥

End:

द्रश्यं मन्तो विधिर्यज्ञो यजमानस्तथार्त्विजः। धर्मो देग्रस्य कालस्य सर्वमेतत् तदात्मकम्॥ नियमस्यापि कर्त्ता त्वं संगोप्ता च त्वमेव चि। निजमक्तस्य कामानां पूरको नाच संग्रयः॥

Colophon:

इति श्रीमद्भडोपनामकजयरामभट्टसुतवाराणसौगर्भसम्भवकाशी-नाथविरचिते दिल्लामूर्त्तिकौस्तुभे मूलकारिका समाप्ता।

Post-colophon Statement:-

सुमं मीः प्रावन वदी ६ संवत् १८६१। मालवीयबालमुकुन्द-स्थेदं पुक्तकम्।

6453.

6532. दक्षिणामूर्त्तिदौपिका। Daksiņāmūrtidīpikā.

Substance, country-made paper. $10\frac{1}{2} \times 6\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 31. Lines, 10. Extent in ślokas, 580. Character, Nāgara. Date, Saṃvat 1961. Appearance, fresh. Complete.

The subject-matter of the present work is the same as that of the one described under the previous number. It lays down the detailed procedure of the worship. It deals both with *nitya* (Fol. 1–25) and *naimittikapūjā* (Fol. 26–29A). The last two verses in the present work agree with those of the preceding one.

Beginning:—

नता गर्गेश्वरं देवीं पितरो राघवं शिवम्। काश्रीनाथः प्रतनुते दक्तिग्रामूर्त्तिदीपिका[म्]॥

तज्ञ ब्राह्मे मुद्धे उत्थाय क्रतावध्यक्रियः युद्धः सन् देवग्रहं समार्ज्जनोपलेपनादि क्रता निर्माल्यं निःसार्थ्य पूर्व्वदिनावधिष्ठ-पज्ञादिनाभ्यक्षे प्रणम्य खिश्चरित श्रीगुरोधेवलाकारां करणा-पूर्णलोचनां वराभयकरां मूर्त्तिं सहसारेखिलेखदाम् इति ध्यात्वा ...

Colophon:—

इति श्रीमङ्गडोपनामकण्रिवरामभट्टाङ्गज्जयरामभट्टाभिधण्रिव-भक्तस्त्रनुमन्त्रश्रास्त्रप्रवीणकाश्रीनाथविरचिता दिच्चणामूर्त्तिदीपिका समाप्ता।

Post-colophon Statement:—

श्रीसंवत् १८६१ मी॰ स्राषाङ सुदि ६ मालवीयवालमुकुन्दस्धेदं पुस्तकम्।

6454.

6516. शिवादैतप्रकाशिका। Śivādvaitaprakāśikā.

Substance, country-made paper. 13×5 inches. Folia, 1–17, 19–31. Lines, 9. Extent in ślokas, 690. Character, Nāgara. Date, Saṃvat 1960. Appearance, fresh. Complete in three chapters.

The work seeks to demonstrate, with the help of quotations from different works, which are occasionally explained by the author, that Siva is the sole and supreme deity whose worship alone leads to salvation. It refers to the Vaidika form of worship of the deity as distinguished from the Tantric form (Fol. 13B, 23A, 26A). Another MS of the work is described in IO. IV. 2513.

Beginning:—

श्रीगणेशाय नमः। श्रीदिच्यामूर्त्तगुरुभ्यो नमः।
करिद्धानः परश्रं कुरङ्गं वराच्यमुद्दामुपदेश्रमुद्रां।
वरस्य मूले विबुधोपसेव्यः सदा श्रिवायास्त्र सदाश्रिवो नः॥
वाराणसीमष्टं वन्दे सिचदानन्दरूपिणीं।
माहरूपेण सततं सष्ट्यारेखिलेख्दां॥
अनन्ताखं गुरुं नौमि कवित्यप्रतिभाकरम्।
श्रास्त्रवस्तीजलधरं स्मुरत्नौर्त्तिकरं परम्॥

हुं ढिराजं महादेवीं नत्वा श्रीभारती गुरु[ं]। काश्मीनाथः प्रतनुते श्रिवादैतप्रकाश्चिकाम्॥

तत्र धर्मार्थकाममोत्तेषु चतुर्विधप्रकार्थेषु मोत्त एव परमोत्तमप्रकार्थः स चात्मतत्त्वज्ञानाधीनः तज्ञात्मतत्वज्ञानं महेश्वराधीनमिति।

Colophons:

11A, इति श्रीमद्भडोपनामकजयरामभट्टस्रतवाराणसौगर्भसम्भविष्यवा-राधककाण्णीनाथविरचितायां ण्रिवादैतप्रकाण्यिकायां प्रथमोस्नासः।

22B, ॰ दितीयोद्धासः, 30B, ॰ दित्ताणामूर्त्तिप्रावाराधनानाप्री॰ हती-योद्धासः। Post-colophon Statement:—

संवत् १८६० मी० श्रावण वदी २ के । मालवीयवालमुकुन्दस्थेदं पुक्तकम्॥

6455.

6539. Śivādvaitaprakāśikā.

Substance, country-made paper. $11\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 10. Lines, 9. Extent in ślokas, 270. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fresh. Complete.

Though the name of the present work is the same as that of the work described under the previous number, and the subject-matter of both is of the same nature, they do not agree with each other as regards the actual contents. There is also no division into chapters in the present work.

Beginning:

श्रीगणेशाय नमः। श्रीदित्ताणामूर्तिगुरुभ्यो नमः।

ग्रान्ताख्यं गुरं नौमि कवित्वप्रतिभाकरम्।

ग्रान्त्रवित्तीजलधरं स्पुरत्नौर्तिकरं परम्॥

ग्रान्त्रवित्ताद्याय

नत्वा श्रीप्रद्वरात्तार्थेचरणाम्भोरुच्ह्वयम्।

काग्रीनाथः प्रतनुते श्रिवादैतप्रकाश्रिकाम्॥

तत्र [भो]क्षृभोग्यात्मकस्य प्रपञ्चस्य सनियन्तृकस्य स्रष्टेः प्राक् प्रलीनावस्थायां विकल्पहेतृनामभावात् श्रीदिन्त्रणामूर्त्तपरिप्रव-स्रक्षपमत्यन्तिनिविकल्पकं स्वप्रतिष्ठं भवति। तत्स्रक्षेऽध्यक्ता मायापि विकल्परिहतैवावतिष्ठते। सा च प्राणिकमेपरिपाकवण्रा-दीयदिकल्पिता सती णिवण्रिक्तिविभागस्यापि तदानीमभावात् तद्भयसाधार्णं चिन्मात्रमेव स्राश्रयतया स्रीकरोति। चिन्मात्र- रूपः श्रीदिच्यामूर्त्तिपरिश्वोपि तत्सम्बन्धवश्चात् किञ्चित् स्वप्रतिरुतं विद्याय तदिभमुखो भवति । अय श्चिवश्चत्युभयरूप-साधार्णं चिन्माञ्जमाश्चिता सा माया पुनर्दिधा भवति ।

End:-

्जगत् स्टिरियं पञ्चादायापूळं प्रवर्तते ।

Colophon :-

इति श्रीमङ्गडोपनामक जयराम भट्ट सुतवारा ग्रमी गर्भसम्भवका श्री - नाथ विरचिता श्रिवादैत प्रकाश्रिका नाग प्ररे भवानी परिष्ठत ग्रहे समाप्ता।

Post-colophon Statement :—
मालवीयनालमुकुन्दस्पेदम् ।

6456.

6545. ग्रैवसिड्डान्तमग्डनम्। Saivasiddhāntamaṇḍana.

Substance, country-made paper. $10\frac{1}{2} \times 3\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 1-2, 4-14. Lines, 7. Extent in ślokas, 240. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fresh. Complete.

It seeks to demonstrate the greatness and supremacy of the deity by quotations mainly from Puranic literature.

Beginning:

श्रीगणेश्वाय नमः । श्रीदित्तणामूर्त्तिगुरुभ्यो नमः । ज्योतिर्मात्रसदानन्दिनर्मलज्ञानरूपिणे । नमः श्रिवाय श्वान्ताय ब्रह्मणे लिङ्गमूर्त्तेये ॥ दित्तणामूर्त्तिपादाङ्गभ्यमरीभूतमानसः । काश्रीनाथः प्रतनुते श्रीवसिद्धान्तमण्डनम् ॥ तत्रादौ स्कान्दे । श्रुतय ऊत्तुः । तच ऋगुवाच।

मदन्तः स्थानि भूतानि मत्तः सर्वे प्रवर्तते । यदाज्जस्तत् परं तत्त्वं स रहस्वेक एव हि॥

End:

एवंविधण्रिवचरितर इस्यं देवैरिप ज्ञातुमण्रक्यम्।

अथ यासः।

क्रिया एव विजानाति भ्रिवतत्त्वं सनातनम्। येन स्य(स्व?)नेचपद्मेन पूजितोऽस्विकया सङ्॥

स्रथ विष्<mark>णं प्रति भिवः।</mark>

हरे यस्वावयोभेंदं न करोति महामितः। स एव भिवमतो ह महापाश्रपतस्य सः। स एव भिवदृक् भत्तो ह्यन्यथा भिववित्र तु॥

Colophon:—

इति श्रीमङ्गडोपनामकजयरामभट्टसुतवाराणसीगर्भसम्भवकाणी-नाथविर्चितं ग्रीवसिद्धान्तमण्डनं समाप्तम्।

Post-colophon Statement :—

मालवीयगालमुकुन्दस्येदं पुस्तकम्।

6457.

6548. शिवसिद्यान्तमञ्जरी। Sivasiddhāntamañjarī.

Substance, country-made paper. $10 \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 50. Lines, 7. Extent in ślokas, 800. Character, Nāgara. Date, Saṃvat 1872. Appearance, discoloured. Complete.

This also seeks to demonstrate the supremacy of Siva by quotations from various works, chiefly the Purāṇas. It also describes (Fol. 44ff) the characteristics and functions of a worshipper of the deity. The author has referred here (Fol. 44A) to one of his many works, the Śivabhaktisudhārṇava.

Beginning:

चनाद्यायाखिलाद्याय मायिने गतमायिने । चरूपाय सरूपाय दक्तिणामूर्तये नमः॥ नला श्रीप्रङ्कराचार्येचरणाम्भोरुच्हदयम्। काष्पीनाथः प्रतनुते श्रिवसिद्धान्तमञ्जरीम्॥ सदाश्रिव[ः] परं ब्रह्म सांवमूर्त्तः सनातनः। विभूतिलेश्र[ः]तस्यैव प्रपञ्च इति वैदिकः॥

Colophon:

श्रीभिवसिद्धान्तमञ्जरी समाप्ता।

It will be noticed that this colophon unlike the usual practice in the works of Kāśīnātha does not refer to the name and genealogy of the author.

Post-colophon Statement:—

मीति संमत् १८०२ फुल्गुनमास्ये क्षणपद्मे तिथी ८ मङ्गलवासरे लिखितम्।

6458.

6529. शिवभक्तिर्सायनम् । Śivabhaktirasāyana.

Substance, country-made paper. $9\frac{1}{2} \times 6$ inches. Folia, 46. Lines, 11. Extent in ślokas, 1,000. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fresh. Complete in five chapters.

The first two chapters speak of the efficacy of the worship of Siva. The third chapter describes the procedure of worship of the deity beginning with the morning rites of the worshipper. The last two chapters deal with the worship of the deity on particular occasions.

Beginning:—

श्रीगणेशाय नमः। श्रीदित्तणामूर्त्तिगुरुश्यो नमः।

ग्रान्ताखं गुरं नौमि कवित्वप्रतिभाकरम्।

ग्रान्तवल्लीजलधरं स्पुरत्कीर्त्तिकरं परम् ॥

ग्राद्यायाखिलाद्याय मायिने गतमायिने।

ग्रस्पाय सरूपाय दित्तिणामूर्त्तये नमः॥

नमः श्रिवाय ग्रान्ताय

नत्वा श्रीग्रङ्कराचार्य्यचरणाम्भोरु इदयम्।

काग्रीनाथः प्रतनुते श्रिवभित्तरसायनम्॥

तच श्रिवभित्तिर्दिविधा मुख्या गौणी चेति। तचेश्वरविषयकोन्

ग्रागाख्यचित्तविषिषो मुख्यमितः।

तथा च भित्तमीमांसास्त्रम्—सा परानुरित्तरौश्वरे।

ईश्वरः श्रिव इति।

Colophons:—

7B, इति श्रीमङ्ग्डोपनामकजयरामभट्टस्रुतवाराणसीगर्भसम्भवकाश्रीनाथ-विरचिते श्रिवभित्तरसायने प्रथमोत्तासः; 15B, ब्रितीयोत्तासः; 27A, ब्रुटतीयोत्तासः; 35B, ब्रुट्योत्तासः; 46B, ब्रुप्यमोत्तासः समाप्तः।

[Fol. 26B–28B contain the beginning of chapter IV followed by the concluding portions of chapter III the colophon of which is again repeated in Fol. 28B. Chapter IV therefore really begins from Fol. 29A.]

Post-colophon Statement :—
मालवीयबालमुकुन्दस्येदम्।

6459.

6552. कामेशार्चनचन्द्रिका। Kāmeśārcanacandrikā.

Substance, machine-made blue paper. 12×4 inches. Folia, 31. Lines, 7. Extent in ślokas, 600. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fresh. Complete in three chapters.

The work lays down the procedure of the worship of the deity Kāmeśvara, an aspect of Śiva, and quotes from different authoritative texts, extracts in support of the procedure described. Chapter I seeks to demonstrate the greatness and supremacy of Śiva. Chapter II describes the morning rites of the worshipper as well as the nyāsas to be performed in worshipping the deity. Chapter III deals with external worship (बाह्मराधन) including कल्प्राधान (Fol. 24A-B), विशेषार्थ (24B-25A), pūjā proper (26A) and प्राच्या (80B). Reference is made, among others, to two works of the author, Mantrarājasamuccaya and Puraścaraṇadīpikā (30B).

Beginning:

श्रीग्रेशाय नमः। श्रीएकवीराये नमः। श्रीदिच्यामूर्त्ति-गुरुभ्यो नमः।

नमामि कामेश्वरपादपङ्कानं
करोमि कामेश्वरपूजनं सदा।
वदामि कामेश्वरनाम निम्मलं
स्मरामि कामेश्वरतत्त्वमव्ययम्॥

कमनीयतात् कामः। कामः कमनीयतयेत्यक्तेः। श्रीमत् सुन्दरनायस्य देवीं ग्रापरलोचनां।

कलये हृदये नित्यं कदम्ववगवासिनीम्॥ गला श्रीदिचाणामूर्त्तिचरणाम्भोरु हृदयम्।

काशीनायः प्रतनुते कामेशार्चन पन्द्रिकाम्॥

तचादी आत्मतत्त्वज्ञानं किं जीवात्मतत्त्वज्ञानं वा परमिश्चिवात्म-तत्त्वज्ञानं मोच्चे कारणमिति चेदच वदन्ति। परमिश्चवात्मतत्त्व-ज्ञानं मोच्चकारणम्। The deity is described as follows (Fol. 22B):—

ध्यायेत् कामेश्रललितां मिथुनं वा समाह्नितः।

मञ्चोपरिष्टात् कौसम्भवसनेनोत्तरक्त्वरः॥

श्रविताम्द्रताक्नुप्तः पद्मरागमणितिषा।
तस्योपरि वसन् पूर्वदिष्ट्मुखो दययान्वितः॥

श्रद्धारिवेश्वरित्तः सदा षोष्ट्रश्ववार्षिकः।

उद्यद्भास्करिवम्बाभञ्चतुर्हेस्तस्त्रिलोचनः॥

हारकेयूरमुकुटक्तटकाद्यैरलंक्ततः।

कमनौयसितज्योत्सापरिपूर्णकपोलभः॥

जागर्त्ति भगवानादिदेवः कामेश्वरः श्रिवः।

तस्योत्सङ्गे समासीना तस्णादित्यपाटला॥

सदा षोष्ट्रश्वर्षा च नवयौवनदर्पिता।

बालार्कमण्डलाभासां चतुर्वाक्तं चिलोचनां॥

पाश्राङ्गग्रधनुर्वाण[ान्] धारयन्तीं श्रिवं श्रिवाम्॥

Colophons:-

10A, इति श्रीमङ्गडोपनामकजयरामभट्टसुतवाराणसौगर्भसम्भवकाश्रीनाथ-विरचितायां कामेश्राचनचिन्त्रकायां प्रथमः प्रकाशः; 23A, ॰ दितीयः प्रकाशः; 31A, ॰ दितीयः प्रकाशः।

Post-colophon Statement:—

मालवीयबालमुकुन्दस्येदं पुत्तकम्।

6460.

6525. शिवमुक्तिप्रबोधिनौ । Sivamuktiprabodhini.

Substance, country-made paper. 11×5 inches. Folia, 15. Lines, 8 on a page. Extent in ślokas, 200. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fresh. Complete.

The main object of the work is to show that salvation may be attained only through the knowledge and worship of Siva who alone has the power to grant it.

Beginning:

नमः भ्रिवाय चिद्रभार्चिताय विनष्टदोषाय गुणार्ग्यवाय । विमुक्तिमार्गप्रतिवोधनाय

वेद्यादिवेदाय [वेदादिवेद्याय ?] नमः प्रिवाय ॥
दिच्चिणामूर्त्तिपादाञ्चभ्रमरीभूतमानसः ।
काग्रीनायः प्रकुरते प्रिवसुक्तिप्रवोधिनीम् ॥
तत्र रहस्तारकं ब्रह्म व्याचके येनासावस्रतीभूत्वा मोच्यीभवित ।

End:-

जगत्कारणभूतो तो दम्पतीभूतिवयहो। समीनाचीसन्दरेशो ध्यायेत् सहदयाम्बने॥

Colophon:—

इति श्रीमङ्ग्डोपनामकजयरामभट्टस्रतवाराणसीगर्भसं[भ]व-काभ्रीनाथविरचिता भ्रिवसुितापबोधिनी पुर्णययामे समाप्ता।

Post-colophon Statement :—
मालवीयवालमुकुन्दस्थेदं पुस्तकम् ।

6461.

8374. शाम्भवाचारकोमुदौ। Śāmbhavācārakaumudī.

Substance, country-made paper. 10×4 inches. Folia, 33. Lines, 9. Extent in ślokas, 600. Character, Nāgara. Date, 1849 V.S. Appearance, fresh. Complete in five chapters.

This and the following two works deal with the details of the worship of Siva.

Beginning:—

अनाद्यायाखिलाद्याय मायिने गतमायिने । अरूपाय सरूपाय दिल्लामूर्त्तये नमः॥ श्रीचिदम्बरपादाञ्चमसीभृतमोलिना । रचते काश्रीनाथेन श्राम्भवाचारकोमुदी॥२॥ तत्रादो परमश्रिवोत्कर्षः प्रदर्श्यते । कोम्भे नारायगं प्रति परश्रिवः । प्रलयस्थितिसर्गागां कर्त्ता तं धरणीपते । वत्स वत्स हरे विश्वं पालयैतचराचरम्॥

End:

मार्ज्जनदशां ग्रेन विष्रभोजनं गुरुसन्तोषणञ्च। पुरस्वरण-संकल्पादिकं तु मत्कृतपुरस्वरणदीपिकायां दृष्ट्यम्।

Colophons of the different chapters:—

8A, इति स्त्रीमङ्ग्डोपनामकजयरामभट्टसुतवाराणसीगर्भसम्भवकाणीनाय-विरचितायां भ्राम्भवाचारकौसुद्यां प्रथमः प्रकाणः; 15A, ॰ दितीयप्रकाणः; 23A, ॰ प्रातःक्रत्यादिमूलमन्त्रन्यासिवधानाख्यकृतीयः प्रकाणः; 29A, ॰ पूजा-निर्णयाख्यस्तुत्र्थः प्रकाणः; 33B, ॰ यन्त्रपूजाविधानाख्यः पश्चमः प्रकाणः।

 $Post-colophon \ Statement:$

संवत् १८८ लिखितं सेवारामेण काश्यां पञ्चनदे सुभं भवतु। सुभं भूयात्।

Siddheśvara.

6462.

5878. पञ्चाक्षरीमुक्तावली। Pañcākṣarīmuktāvalī.

Substance, country-made paper. 9×4 inches. Folia, 33. Lines, 10. Extent in ślokas, 850. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, old and soiled. Complete in five chapters.

One MS of the work is noticed in Stein, P. 231.

Beginning:—

प्रणम्य जगतामी भां विभुं साम्बसदाभिवम्। गर्णेशं विष्वहत्तीरं गिरं विद्याकरा नि गुरून् ॥ श्चिपञ्चाच्चरीमन्त्रजपचोमार्चनात्मिकां। पद्धतिं तनुते ग्रीविवदान् सिद्धेश्वराच्चयः ॥ बुद्धिजालैः समाहृत्य ग्रीवागमसमुद्रतः । सारोतिमौतिकानी इ स्रिगव ग्रियता यतः॥ खतः पञ्चाचरीमुक्तावलिरित्यभिधानकं। लभते पद्धतिरि(ति)यं प्रावसन्तोषकारिगी॥ चादिसर्गे महादेवो न मन्तराजिममं प्राच्च ब्रह्मार्गे रज्ञातमने ॥ पञ्चाच्चराणि पञ्चास्यैरग्रहीत् पद्मजो यतः। पञ्चानामचाराणां च समाचारोच कथ्यते॥ तान्यच्चराणि भ्रवानि मन्त्रस्तन्मय उच्यते। वाचाः सदाभावसात्र वाचको मन्त्र ईरितः॥ अतिस्तिपुराग्येषु तथा ग्रीवागमेव्वपि। अस्य मन्त्रस्य माहात्र्यं पौनः प्रन्येन वर्ण्यते ॥ ग्रस्यविस्तारभौतेन नेच कार्त्स्यान कथाते। सन्यस्य भेदा बच्चवो नालं वत्तं चतुर्मुखः॥ यथामति यथाप्रास्तं प्रिष्ठाचाराविरोधतः। मन्त्रसास्य त्रयो भेदा ि सविस्तारं प्रकास्यते ॥

Colophons and headings:—

3A, इति पञ्चाच्चरीमुक्तावल्यां प्रथमश्रेणिः; 4B, इति भूतशुद्धिः; 5A, इति प्राणप्रतिष्ठा, अय माहकान्यासः; 5B, इत्यन्तर्माहकाः; 6A, इति बिह्माहकान्यासः; 6B, इति कलान्यासः; 7A, ध्यानम्; 7B, इति श्रीकग्रहमाहकान्यासः; 8A, इति पीठन्यासः; 8B, प्रासादपञ्चाच्चरीषङ्क्रन्यासः;

9A, अय पञ्चत्रान्यासः; 9B, इत्यस्टिंग्रित्कलान्यासः; 10A, अय गोलान्यासः; 10B, अय चक्रन्यासः; 11A, इति श्रद्धपञ्चान्तरीध्यानम्; अय प्राक्तपञ्चान्तरीध्यानम्; अय प्राक्तपञ्चान्तरीध्यानम्; अय प्राक्षपञ्चान्तरीक्ष्यानम्; अय प्राप्ताद्यान्तराव्यां न्यासमपविधिर्गम दितीयश्रीणः; अय प्रमाविधिरमिधीयते; 18A, इति श्रीपञ्चान्तरमुक्तावन्यां प्रमाविधिर्गम त्रतीयश्रेणी; इति नित्यविधिः। समाप्ता। 19A, इति निर्मित्तकन्न[प]विधिः; 20B, अय निर्मित्तकन्तम्यन्तेमविधिर्यते। 24A, इति श्रीपञ्चान्तरमुक्तावन्यां निर्मित्तकन्ताम्यविधिर्गम चतुर्यश्रेणिः; 25A, इति लघुरीन्ताविधः। अय देग्रः, अय कालः, अय जपस्थानम्; 26A, अय जपमाला; 27A, अय जपनियमः; अय प्रस्थरणिनयमः; 28B, अय प्रमापकारः; 29B, अध्यङ्गद्रयम्; 32A, इति प्रमाप्रकारः समाप्तः। अय प्रमाप्तविधः; 33B, इति श्रीपञ्चान्तरीमुक्तावन्यां पञ्चाङ्गोपासनोपयोगिदेग्र-कालादिकथनं नाम पञ्चमः श्रीणः।

Post-colophon Statement:—

इदं पुत्तकं रघुनायमट्ट।

Lakşmīdhara.

6463.

4285. शैवनल्पद्रुमः। Saivakulpadruma.

Substance, palm-leaf. 15×1 inches. Folia, 96. Lines, 4, 5. Extent in ślokas, 1,400. Character, Udiyā. Apperance, old and mouse-eaten. Incomplete at the end.

The present MS contains four chapters and a portion of the fifth. A MS of a work of the same name attributed to Lakṣmīcandra Miśra is mentioned in Cat. Cat. I. 662.

Beginning:—
+ + + + + लिख्यते।

एकदन्तं उमापुत्तं गजवत्तं चिलोचनम्।
चन्द्रार्द्धधारियां वन्दे सर्व्वविष्नविषत्तये॥

वन्दे ग्रम्मं चिभुवनगुरुं सर्व्वलोकाधिवासम् ब्रह्मोपेन्द्रार्चितपदयुगं सोमस्र्य्याधिनेचम्। + + + + + स्वर्गमोच्चस्वलोकान् दातारं गोदिजच्चितकरं ब्रह्मविष्णवादिरूपेः॥ श्रुतिस्रुतिषुराणानां भारतागमधिर्म्मणां। भूयात् स्वाक्यवीजाच ग्रैवकल्पह्रमोदयः॥ गुरुवचनज्ञेः प्रवर्द्धमानो

जपनवपह्नवमर्चनापस्रनम्। पन्नमस्तमयं दधानमारात्

सुखयतु विज्ञखगान् रह्मस्ययं हि॥ पापपुण्यपथ्यान्ता जनाः सर्वे निराकुलाः। भीवकल्पद्रमं प्राप्य गतत्र्यान्ता भवन्तु च॥ कस्माज्जगत् समुत्पद्गं कारणान्यच कानि च। तेषां पूज्यतमं किन्तदादावेतद्विरूप्यते॥

तत्रादौ श्रीभारते प्रान्तिपर्विण युधिष्ठिरं प्रति भीषावाक्यम् ।
प्रकृतिं पुरुषञ्चैव श्रोभियत्वा खतेजसा ।
ब्रह्माणमस्त्रत्तसादेवदेवः प्रजापितः॥

Colophons of the different chapters:—

9B, इति श्रीमदेकामविषिनविच्चितस्यर्गेक्टाचलवरशिखरकन्दरोदरविनोदि-ग्रम्भवरिचभुवनेश्वरपददन्द्वारविन्दमकरन्दपानिर्भरमत्तमधुकरलच्चीधरविरचिते ग्रीवकल्पदुमे प्रथमः कार्ण्डः; 28B, ॰िद्वतीयः कार्ण्डः; 41B, ॰हतीयः कार्ण्डः; 91B, चतुर्थः कार्ण्डः।

The fifth chapter which is incomplete begins as follows:—

ख्यधा हं तज्जपं वच्छे पूजाभेदं ततः परम्। वैदिनं तन्त्रगुप्तच्च शिवधर्मा दिभाषितम्॥ तज्ञादावासननिर्णयः।

Gangāsuta.

6464.

3212. त्वरितिरुद्रविधिः। *Tvaritarudravidhi*.

Substance, country-made paper. $10 \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 3. Lines, 11. Extent in ślokas, 80. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, old and discoloured. Complete.

The work deals with the details of the worship of Tvaritarudra. It contains both the *pramāṇa* (Fol. 1–2A) and *prayoga* (Fol. 2A–3B) for this worship. The *dhyāna* of the deity runs as follows (1A, 3A):—

चतुर्भुजं चिनेचच्च शुद्धस्मिटिकसिन्नम्। चम्टतेन च पूर्गो दो कलग्रो चक्तयोर्दयोः॥ चक्तदयेन योगस्य कतमुद्रं स्थिरासनम्। सर्वकामपलेग्रानं ग्रङ्कारं करुणानिधिम्॥ उग्रकर्मिण चैवोग्रं मूर्त्तं ध्यायेदुमापतिम्। दिभुजं नागचक्तच्च श्रूलपाणि[ं] जटाधरम्॥ ध्यात्वैवं ग्रङ्कारं पापान्मच्यते मोच्सम्भवात्।

Beginning:—

यस्य कुचौ नगत् सब्धं स्थावरं नद्गमं च यत्। दुःखिच्छिदे नमस्तभ्यं ब्रह्मविष्णुप्रिवातमने॥ अथ त्वरितरहस्य न्यासमुद्राक्रमेग तु। नपहोमादिकं सब्धं कथ्यते सर्व्धसिद्धये॥

Colophons:—

2A, इति गङ्गासुतोक्तालरितरुद्रविधिः; 3B, इति नल्पोक्तपालोदय-प्रकारः कथितः। इति त्वरितरुद्रविधिः। Dhanarāja.

6465.

10330. त्राह्मिचन्द्रिका। Āhnikacandrikā.

Substance, country-made paper. (Fol. 1–26) 9×4 inches, (Fol. 27–58) $10\times4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 58. Lines, 7–10. Extent in ślokas, 700. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, discoloured. Complete.

The work begins by describing the morning rites to be performed by a householder and the preliminaries (nyāsa, etc.) to be observed in a Tantric worship. It deals in detail with the worship of Siva (Fol. 33A–47A) and briefly with the worship of Durgā (48A–52A), Vagalāmukhī (53A–56B) and Mahālakṣmī (56B–57A). Among others it quotes from and refers to the following works:—

1, मनु, माधवीय वामनपुराण; 2B, प्रयोगपारिजात; 3B, स्मृत्यर्थसार; 4B, खगस्यसंहिता; 13A, खाचारस्त्रे टद्धवसिष्ठ; 16B, पारिजात; 18B, विष्णुस्मृति, पारिजाते भरहाज; 19A, भट्टोजीय खाखलायनस्मृति, भट्टोजीय; 21A, मदनस्त्रे मरीचि; 51A, मन्तनोप; 52A, मेरुतन्त ।

Beginning:—

प्रगम्य मातरं गङ्गां प्रङ्गरं वनप्रङ्गरों। श्रीकेप्रवाख्यपितरं वेदणास्त्रविप्रारदम्॥ धनराजेन सुधिया सारमुद्भृत्य प्रास्त्रतः। प्रिष्टानां तन्यते तुष्ठ्यै संद्येपाह्निकचन्द्रिका॥

The following colophon, written in a different hand, is found at the end of the MS:—

इति श्रीवगलार्चनचन्त्रिका समाप्ता।

Bālambhatta.

6466.

5454. वटुकार्चनसंग्रहः। Vaṭukārcanasaṃgraha.

Substance, country-made paper. 15×6 inches. Folia, 1–287 with one extra Fol. each after Fol. 57, 89 and 131. The extra Fol. after Fol. 145 and 211, though mentioned in the contents, are missing. Fol. 67-68 and 147–149 (which cover the matter of 147–150 of the original) are later restorations. Lines, 10. Extent in ślokas, 9,400. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fresh. Complete in eight chapters.

At the end of the MS there is a detailed list of contents in five folios. After the end of chapter VIII there is a section named आयुद्धारणपटन taken from the Viśvasāratantra which is followed by Vaṭukapūjāyantra and Vaṭukapūjāyantradevatā. Of works referred to, mention may be made of Dīpadāna of Rāmacandra (Fol. 120) and Mantramārtanḍa of the author's father (Fol. 275B). The work deals with the details of the worship of Vaṭukabhairava.

Beginning:

यनम्लजपतो विषः सिद्धोऽभूदि ह भूतले।
वदुकं सिद्धिदं कान्तं भैरवं तं नमाम्य हम्॥
विषः बह्दारण्यकः। वदुकं वदुकनामानम्।
व्यापद्गतमनुष्याणामापदुद्धार हेतुके।
मन्त्रस्तोचे भैरवस्य ऋषिभिः समुदौरिते॥
व्यतस्तदिषयं बद्धं जाता भन्न्या मितर्मम।
यं दृष्टा साधकाः सर्व्वे भविष्यन्ति गतव्यथाः॥
मत्कल्पितं नाच किश्चिद् यत् कृतं ग्रन्थकारकैः।
तत्संग्रहोऽच विद्येयः सर्व्वभूतदयालुभिः॥

भारदाज्ञुलाम्भोधौ श्रीतरिश्वरिवापरः।
वसुधातलिविखातो जातो नाम्ना दिवाकरः॥
तत्स्तो रामभट्टोऽभूचन्द्राचन्द्र द्रवापरः।
उपदेशेन श्रिष्ट्याणामज्ञानध्वंसकारकः॥
उच्च्यातिसमः श्रास्त्रे रामाराधनतत्परः।
चरिणा सदृश्रो वौर्ये च्रमया एथिवीसमः।
तत्स्तः परया भक्त्या वालम्भट्टः समासतः॥
करोति साधकप्रौढी वदुकार्चनसंग्रहम्॥

इच खलु चिविधतापसन्तप्तान् दुरितसङ्घविच्न्यमानाभी भिता-र्थान् प्रमार्थमलभमानान् अनायासेन प्रमार्थं कामयमानान् जनानुद्धीषुः परमकारुणिकः भिवः आपदुद्धारकं मन्त्रं एच्छन्त्ये पार्वेळे।

चापदुद्धारणादस्मादापदुद्धरणच्चमः । तन्त्रेषु नास्ति मन्त्रोऽन्य इत्याज्जस्तन्त्रवेदिनः ॥

ह्युक्या। एवं व्यापदुद्धारणज्ञस्तु संसाराट्यं न संविशेत्।

इत्यम्या

<mark>एवसभौद्यपलसंसिद्धी कीर्त्तितः सुर्</mark>पादपः ।

इत्युत्या च सकलजनापिदिनाभ्रनस्खोपायं सकलजनमोत्तस्खो-पायमभीरुफलसिद्धिस्पादपं समस्तप्रवार्थसाधनञ्च श्रीमदुक-मन्त्रमुक्तवान्। तज्ज्ञानञ्च तत्तदुद्धाराधीनिमिति तन्मन्त्रोद्धार स्रादो प्रदर्श्वते।

Colophons of different chapters:—

34A, इति श्रीमदनवद्यविद्याविद्योतमानभारदाजोपनामक-श्मेभट्टात्मज-वालम्भट्टकते वटुकार्चनसंग्रहे तान्त्रिकसंद्यिप्ततर्गित्यचोगकथनं नाम प्रथमं वटुकार्चनम्; 68A, अस्मसाधनकथनं नाम दितीयं वटुकार्चनम्; 84B, •क्तोचकवचसहस्रनामपञ्चराणां समग्रावर्त्तनत्वविचारकथनं नाम हतीयं वटुका-र्चनम्; 127A, •दिङ्नियमकथनं नाम चतुर्धं वटुकार्चनम्; 160B, •ण्रान्ह्यादि-काम्यकर्मपूजाविधानकथनं नाम पञ्चमं वटुकार्चनम्; 194A, •संच्चिप्ततान्तिक-होमप्रयोगकथनं नाम षष्ठं वटुकार्चनम्; 232B, •वटुकामैरवसहस्रनामक्तोच-मन्त्रकथनं नाम सप्तमं वटुकार्चनम्; 287B, वटुकोपनिषत्कथनं नाम अष्टमं वटुकार्चनम्।

Works and authors quoted and referred to:

 $8\mathrm{A}$, तान्त्रिकपद्धति ; $8\mathrm{B}$, विश्वसारोद्धार ; $9\mathrm{A}$, दिक्त्यामूर्त्तिसंहिता ; $9{
m B}$, नित्यातन्त्र ; $12{
m A}$, प्रावार्चनचिन्त्रका ; $29{
m A}$, प्रयोगसार ; $57{
m B}$, वर्ष्मतन्त्र ; $63\mathrm{B},\;$ पुरञ्चरगाचिन्त्रका ; $73\mathrm{A},\;$ वासदेवसंहिता ; $77\mathrm{A},\;$ मैथिलसत ; $77\mathrm{B},\;$ प्रिवागमसार; 80A, कर्एड्व, मिश्रोक्ति; 81A, काम्मीरमत; 84A, पाद्धायनकाम; 84B, प्रातिसङ्गमतन्तः; 86A, योगपालसंवरतन्तः; 97A, स्मृतिचन्द्रिका ; $97\mathrm{B}$, विद्याविग्रारदग्रम्भ ; $112\mathrm{B}$, रूद्रयामले विश्वसारोद्धार ; 115A, उड्डामरेश्वरतन्त्र; 117B, रामचन्द्रश्चतदीपदानविधिक्रम; 136A, भैरवतन्त्र, कुवेरतन्त्र, ज्ञानार्याव ; $136\mathrm{B}$, दीपविद्यान ; $137\mathrm{A}$, उत्तरतन्त्र ; $141\mathrm{A}$, वाराचीतन्त्र; $143\mathrm{B}$, वामकेश्वरतन्त्र; $145\mathrm{A}$, पाशुपततन्त्र; $146 {
m A}$, गुद्यागम ; $147 {
m B}$, सावर ; $155 {
m B}$, मन्त्रमार्त्तग्रह, ग्रिवर इस्ये <mark>यक्तिहसंहिता ; $161\mathrm{A}$, मन्त्रदीपप्रकाशिका ; $176\mathrm{A}$, भूतभैरवतन्त्र ; $182\mathrm{A}$,</mark> मन्त्रमहोदधि ; $183\mathrm{A-B}$, रहस्यरुत्तिक्चत् ; $184\mathrm{A}$, तन्त्रराज, विश्वसार, कुलार्णव ; 186B, कुलमूलावतार ; 189A, आकाश्मीरवक्ष्य ; तत्त्वसागर; $199 \mathrm{A}$, कालसङ्गर्षिणीतन्त्र; $199 \mathrm{B}$, सिद्धान्तसिन्धु; $203 \mathrm{A}$, कालिकातन्त्र ; $204\mathrm{B}$, भैरवीतन्त्र ; $205\mathrm{A}$, विश्वसार ; $209\mathrm{A}$, भैरवयामल ; $232\mathrm{B}$, रहयामले रह्स्यख्र ; $249\mathrm{A}$, कोमलेग्रकोटिप्रसादे तत्त्वसार्रहस्य ; $261 \mathrm{A}$, त्रिप्रासिद्धान्त; $267 \mathrm{A}$, नारदीय; $273 \mathrm{A}$, श्रिवागमकल्प; $273 \mathrm{B}$, प्रविधान ; 280B, निव्यनाथसिद्धविरचित रसरताकर ; 286B, वद्वोपनिषत्।

Rāmacandra.

6467.

5805. भैरवपूजापद्यतिः। Bhairavapūjāpaddhati.

Substance, country-made paper. $9 \times 5\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 14, of which the first six, the 8th and the 9th have been restored on modern paper. Lines, 12. Extent in ślokas, 350. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fresh. Complete.

The work lays down the procedure of worship of Vaṭukabhairava, beginning with the morning rites of the worshipper. It would appear from the colophon that the present work is based on a similar work by Kṛṣṇa Bhaṭṭa. Along with the present MS are found two Fol. containing a portion of Bhairavasahasranāmastotra.

Beginning:—

ॐ अखग्डानन्दनोधाय नित्याय परमात्मने । चित्संक्रान्तस्वरूपाय क्षतात्मगुरवे नमः ॥ धीमता रामचन्त्रेण प्रिष्याणां प्रौतये सुभा । क्रियते पद्धतिः खल्पा वटुकस्य प्रिवात्मनः ॥

तच सिवकत्यः साधकः ब्राच्चे मुद्धर्ते चोत्याय आवश्यकं क्रता पादी पाणी प्रचाल्य राचिवासः परित्यच्य धोते वाससी परिधाय आवस्य देवमन्दिरे गत्वा तच देवाग्रे उपविश्य तिव्वमील्यमपसार्थ पूर्वदिनाविश्रिष्ठप्रव्येः संपूच्य ततो ब्रह्मरन्थस्थश्वेतवस्त्रसच्चदल-कार्णिकायां स्वगुरं श्वेतानुलेपनादिभूषितं।

Colophon:

इति रुद्रयामलानुसारेण कृष्णभट्टोक्तभैरवपूजापद्धतिः समाप्ता ।

Jaitrasimha.

6468.

5745. भैरवार्चापारिजातः। Bhairavārcāpārijāta.

Substance, country-made paper. 12×5 inches. Folia, 51–101. Lines, 10–14. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, good. Date, Samvat 1845. Incomplete.

The present MS contains chapters 9–14 as also the latter part of chapter 8. This portion deals with initiation and allied matters. One MS of the work is mentioned in Cat. Cat. I. 417.

End:—

इति गदितमग्रेषं भैरवोपासनायां
यजनजपज्जतादौ ग्रास्त्रदृष्टं विधानम् ।
गुरुचरणसरोजाराधानास्त्रभ्यमेतत्
स्तत्सस्ततसङ्खेर्गोपनीयं हि तस्मात् ॥
इत्यं महाराजकुमारवर्थः
श्रीजैवसिंह इति विश्रुतनामधेयः।
श्रीभैरवस्यार्चनपारिजातं
ग्रश्चं वघेलकुलपद्मरविश्वकार ॥
तं पारिजातमधिर + मरागुरूत्व्योमूलं समस्तिनगमार्थविग्रालग्राखं।
नानाप्रयोगदलकारकपुष्पपूर्णं
धम्मार्थकामयुतमोच्चपलं लभन्ते ॥

Last Colophon:—

इति श्रीवघेलकुलकमलप्रयोतप्रचाहमार्तग्रहमहाराज-कुमार-श्रीजैचसिंहदेवविर्घिते श्रीभैरवार्चापारिजाते चतुर्दश्रस्तवकः समाप्तश्चायं ग्रह्मः। Post-colophon Statement (in a different hand):—
संवत् १८४५ भ्राके १०१० मिति वैभ्राख शुद्धचयोदभ्यां मन्दे
केदारचवाडीब्राह्मणाह्मिखापितं पुक्तकम्।

Kamalākara.

6469.

5790. श्रान्तिरत्नाकरे सृत्युज्जयविधिः। Mṛtyuñjayavidhi from the Sāntiratnākara.

Substance, country-made paper. $10 \times 4\frac{1}{4}$ inches. Folia, 1-7+1-3, of which Fol. 1A contains the continuation of Fol. 3B. Lines, 12. Character, Nāgara. Date, Saṃvat 1866. Appearance, fresh. Complete.

This contains the *Mṛtyuñjayavidhi* (i.e. rules for the magical use of certain mantras of Siva) section of the Śāntiratnākara of Kamalākarabhaṭṭa (ASB. III. 2184—Fol. 220B-232A). Fol. 5A-7B contain the *Puruṣasūktavidhi* and the dīpasthāna found in Fol. 232A-236B of the MS of the Śāntiratnākara.

Post-colophon Statement:—

संवत् १८६६ भादमः क्रायामः २ तियौ मङ्गले लिखितं गोपीनाधेन ।

Anonymous.

6470.

4289B. श्रैवचिन्तामणिः। Saivacintāmaņi.

Substance, palm leaf. $14\frac{1}{2} \times 1\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 14-83B. Lines, 3, 4, 5. Extent in ślokas, 950. Character, Udiyā. Appearance, good. Complete.

The work deals with the details of the worship of Siva.

Beginning:—

प्रगम्यादो महादेवं हिमादितनयापितम्।

प्रौविचन्तामिणिग्रस्थो वच्चते मुक्तये न्याम्॥
देवं नत्वा करिवरमुखं सर्व्यविष्ठापहारम्
सर्व्येप्रानं चिनयनमधो चन्त्रख्याङ्गितश्च।
वच्चे प्रौवागमजलनिधिष्ठावमीप्रानतो वः

प्रादुर्भावं व्यजनकुलहं प्रौविचन्तामिणिश्च॥

Colophons of the different sections:—

21A, इति श्रीभ्रविचिन्तामणी भ्रीवगङ्गादिसदाद्यधारणान्तकथनो नाम प्रथमः पटलः; 29A, ॰ भ्रिवसन्थादिमाद्यकान्तकथनं नाम द्वितीयः पटलः; 36A, श्रीकरणादिपञ्चाद्यरोद्धारणान्तकथनो नाम द्वतीयः पटलः; 45B, ॰ खन्तर्थागादि-मुद्दान्तकथनो नाम चतुर्थः पटलः; 51B, ॰ ध्यानासनोपचाराद्धपवासनान्तकथनो नाम पञ्चमः पटलः; 58B, ॰ परमन्यासादि-स्कास्ववनपीठवर्णनो नाम षष्ठः पटलः; 69A, ॰ काभ्रीह्मिवदर्णनादि-विनियोगायिसंस्कारान्तकथनो नाम सप्तमः पटलः; 77B, ॰ दर्भनादिश्वराचित्रतकथनो नाम खरुमः पटलः।

Fol. 78–83 contain a section describing the procedure of the worship of Siva. This section begins:—

च्यय च्यम्बकपूजाविधिर्लिग्छते। च्यय पूज्यतया केचिदादी दारपालपूजां कुर्विन्त। तद्यया— च्याचम्य विधिना तज्ञ सामान्याधं विधाय च। दारमस्त्राम्बुभिः प्रोच्य दारपालान् प्रपूज्येत्॥

6471.

11204B. भिवपच्चास्ररीपद्वतिः। Sivapañcākṣarīpaddhati.

Substance, country-made paper. $10\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 13. Lines, 11. Extent in ślokas, 340. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, old. Complete.

The work lays down the procedure of the worship of Siva beginning with the morning rites of the worshipper.

Colophon:—

इति प्रावपञ्चाचारीपद्धतिः समाप्ता ।

6472.

11010D. महामृत्युज्जयविधिः। Mahāmṛtyuñjayavidhi.

Substance, mill-made paper (as used in B.N.W. Railway Form No. SN. 38. VP). $10 \times 5\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 4. Lines, 11. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fresh. Incomplete.

This lays down the procedure for the muttering of the *Mahāmṛtyuñjayamantra* for the purpose of obtaining a long life free from all diseases.

The MS belonged to one Pandit Badrinarayana Misra (Daulatganj, Chapra) as indicated by a rubber stamp and a short line on the obverse of the first leaf.

6473.

9657. मृत्युञ्जयमन्त्रजपः। Mṛtyuñjayamantrajapa.

Substance, country-made paper. $8\frac{1}{2} \times 4$ inches. Folia, 2. Lines, 6. Extent in ślokas, 12. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fresh. Incomplete.

This lays down the procedure for muttering the *mantra* of Mṛtyuñjaya which is muttered with a view to obtaining a long life free from all diseases.

6474.

11225. मृत्युज्जयजपविधानम् । Mṛtyuñjayajapavidhāna.

Substance, mill-made paper. $9 \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 4. Extent in ślokas, 40. Lines, 8. Character Nāgara. Date, 1919 V.S. Appearance, fresh. Complete.

It deals with the same topic as that of the previous MS.

Post-colophon Statement:—

लिखितं संवत् १६१६। मिति खाखिन क्रस्त दुखादिश १२ वार भ्रानीश्वर लिखितं लच्मीभंवर भ्राच्च खवदिच पाठक।

6475.

2402. मृत्यु<mark>ज्जयविधिः। Mṛtyuñjayavidhi.</mark>

Substance, country-made paper. 9×4 inches. Folia, 2. Lines, 11. Extent in ślokas, 38. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, discoloured. Complete.

It deals with the same topic as that of the previous MS.

6476.

4710. [उमामहेश्वरपूजा। Worship of Umāmaheśvara.]

Substance, palm-leaf. 11×2 inches. Folia, 10 (broken), 13–19. Lines, 5. Character, Newari. Appearance, old and discoloured. Fragmentary.

The portion preserved here deals with the worship of Umāmaheśvara which name occurs on Fol. 13B and 15A. *Homa* of the deity is treated in Fol. 17Bff. The prescriptions for the worship begin thus (Fol. 13A):—

दत्त्वा प्रव्यमुमेश्रस्य मूर्ष्ट्रि भत्त्या प्ररोप्य च । सरभ्या श्रातिमन्त्रेण नमस्कृत्वा महेश्वरम् ॥ ततो ध्यात्वाम्बिकेशानं च्यणमाचं स्मिताननम् । स्वागतं ते भवानीश्र हृदेत्युक्ता समाहितः॥ मम् सुखागतं वत्सेती भ्रेनोत्तं विभाय च।
पादा अयुगले पाद्यं नमोन्तेन हृदा शुना ॥
खधान्तेन विभोर्वे त्रेने वाचमनी यकम्
खा हान्तेन भ्रिरस्थ दें दूर्वा प्रस्मा ह्या तानि च॥
बौष उन्ते हृदा दत्ता सहन्मू लेन वा ततः।

6477.

5523. महाकालपञ्चाङ्गम्। Mahākālapañcānga.

Substance, country-made paper. 9×4 inches. Folia, 33. Lines, 7. Extent in ślokas, 450. Character, Nāgara. Date, Saṃvat 1836. Appearance, good. Complete.

Colophons of the different sections:—

5A, इति श्रीविश्वनाथसारोद्धारतन्ते उत्तरखर्छे मन्तप्रदीपिकायां कामेश्वररहर्छे षडाम्नायनिर्णये महाकालपटलं नाम पटलं सम्पूर्णम्, चतुस्त्रिंगः पटलः ३८। 13B, ॰महाकालपद्धतिः सम्पूर्णम्; 17A, ॰श्रीमहाकालपञ्चाङ्गे मन्तगर्भेकवचं सम्पूर्णम्, षट्तिंग्रतितमः पटलः; 29B, ॰महाकालसहस्वनाम-सम्पूर्णम्; 33, ॰महाकालस्तोत्रं सम्पूर्णम्।

Post-colophon Statement:—

श्रममस्तु संवत् १८३६ समयनाम त्राषाङ्मासे क्राष्णपची चतुर्दग्रीमन्दवासरे लि॰ काग्यां मध्ये के।

6478.

10526. वटुकभैरवतर्जः। Vaṭukabhairavataraṅga.

Substance, country-made paper. $8\frac{1}{2} \times 3\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 11. Lines, 7. Extent in ślokas, 150. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fresh. Complete.

This deals with the details of the worship of Vaṭuka. It seems to form part of a bigger work.

Beginning:—

खय वहुकभैरवमन्त्तरङ्गः।
कान्तिमेघावलारोग्यतेजःपुष्टिर्यप्रः स्त्रयः।
उद्धरेद्दृकं देवं खापदुद्धरणं तथा॥
गुरुद्दयं पुनर्ङेन्तं वहुकं तं समर्चयेत्।
एकविंप्रायच्दरात्मा प्रातिस्त्रो मनुर्मतः॥

Colophon:-

इति श्रीवदुकभैरवतरङ्गं समाप्तं।

6479.

5917. वटुकामालामन्त्रम् । Vaṭukamālāmantra.

Substance, country-made paper. $9\frac{1}{2} \times 5$ inches. Folia, 4. Lines, 9. Extent in ślokas, 70. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, good. Complete.

It contains a *mālāmantra* (a long *mantra*) of Vaṭukabhairava.

Beginning:

अय वटुकभैरवमालामन्तः।

श्रीभैरवः पायादपायात् ॐ इाँ इतैँ कूँ ॐ नमो भगवते ब्रह्माग्डभैरवाय प्रचाडोग्रभैरवाय कपालमैरवाय धून विप्रचग्छ-रुश्चिकवाह्नाय फिर्मिष्रगाय गिलि गिलि महोग्रप्रचग्डप्रवलाय कालभैरवाय इाँ होँ कूँ कैँ हों इः मथ मथ.....।

Colophon:—

इति श्रीवदुकमालामन्तं सम्पूर्णम्।

6480.

9925. वटुकार्चनम्। Vațukărcana.]

Substance, country-made paper. 9×4 inches. Folia, 7. Lines, 8. Extent in ślokas, 80. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fair. Complete.

It deals with purascarana, pūjā and dīpadāna in connection with the cult of Vatuka.

Beginning: ---

श्रीगरोष्ट्राय नमः।

कुतेश श्रोतुमिच्छामि भैरवस्य महात्मनः। पुरस्थ्याविधिः कौदृक् नाम्नामश्रोत्तरस्य च॥१॥

6481.

11344. दौपदानपद्यतिः। Dīpadānapaddhati.

Substance, country-made yellow paper. $9\frac{1}{2}\times4$ inches. Folia, 2. Lines, 7. Extent in ślokas, 20. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fresh. Complete.

The work describes the procedure of offering lamps to Vaṭukabhairava. An extract from the *Bhairavītantra* dealing with the same topic has been described under No. 6042 above. For a description of a similar procedure in connection with Kārtavīrya cf. *Dīpaprakāśa* below.

6482.

11346. **उन्मत्तमैरवपचाङ्गम्**। Unmattabhairavapañcāṅga.

Substance, country-made yellow paper. $10\frac{1}{2} \times 5$ inches. Folia, 23. Lines, 9. Extent in ślokas, 480. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, good Complete.

Two sections (paddhati and patala) are not found here.

Colophons:—

2B, इति श्रीपारमेश्वरतन्त्रे वाराणसीपटले श्रीउन्मत्तमेरवसांखाने गुरुष्द्र-संवादे उन्मत्तमेरवद्दादप्रगामस्तोनं सम्पूर्णम्; 7B, श्रीउन्मत्तमेरवोपाखाने गुरुष्द्रसंवादे उन्मत्तमेरवस्त्ददयं सम्पूर्णम्; 11B, श्रुज्यत्तमेरवक्तवनं श्रुमम्; 13B, श्रुज्यत्तमेरवस्तवरानं समाप्तम्; 14B, श्रुज्यत्तमेरवाष्ट्रकस्तोनं श्रुमम्; 22B, श्रीउन्मत्तमेरवसद्दस्नामस्तोनं सम्पूर्णम्; 23B, श्र्याज्ञवल्काञ्चतं पञ्चाङ्ग-पूर्णसाङ्गस्तोनं समाप्तम् श्रुमम्। 8B, उन्मत्तमेरवयन्त्रोद्धारणं सम्पूर्णम्; 9A, उन्मत्तमेरवकीलवं समाप्तमः; 10A, इति सात्त्विकथानम्; इति राजसं ध्यानम्; 10B, इति तामसं ध्यानम्।

6483.

6294. श्रजरादिदिपञ्चाश्रद्भैरवप्रयोगः। Ajarādidvipañcāśadbhairavaprayoga.

Substance, country-made paper. $9\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 9. Lines, 12, 13. Extent in ślokas, 150. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, good. Date, Samvat 1953. Complete.

The work gives mainly the invocations of the Bhairavas.

Beginning:

अय दिपञ्चापाद जरादि भैरवप्रयोगः।

अस्मिन् अमुककम्मिणि अजरादीनां पञ्चाप्रत्चेत्रपालानां स्थापनं पूजनं च करिस्थे।

Post-colophon Statement:—

संवत् १८५३ त्राघाढ़ स्राष्टा ६ बुधे लिखितम् जगन्नाथमालवी वचउ वा मालवीयोपनामकः कम्मकाग्छी। बालमुकुन्दस्थेदं पुस्तकम्॥

6484.

11357. श्रार्भेश्वरपूजा। Śarabheśvarapūjā.

Substance, country-made paper. 8×4 inches. Folia, 3. Lines, 10-11. Extent in ślokas, 55. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, good. Incomplete.

The present work gives the procedure of the worship of the Sivaite deity Sarabheśvara. The MS closes with the words 'अय यन्त्रम्'; but the yantra is not described. For a number of works dealing with rituals of this deity of Mad. XV. 8092ff.

6485.

10159. श्रमपञ्चाङ्गम्। Śarabhapañcāṅga.

Substance, country-made paper. $7 \times 5\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 10+14+3+11+4+16 (bound in book form). Lines, 12. Extent in ślokas, 725. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, good. Complete.

Colophons:—

10, इति श्रीद्याकाश्रमेरवकत्वे श्ररमकवन्तं सम्पूर्णम्; 14, इति श्ररमपद्धति[ः] संपूर्ण[र]; 3, द्याकाश्रमेरवकत्वे श्ररमहृदयं सम्पूर्णम्; 11, श्रीश्ररमपटलं
संपूर्णम्; 4, इति श्ररमतन्त्रे श्ररमत्तोन्नं संपूर्णम्; 16, इत्याकाश्रमेरवतन्त्रकत्वे
श्ररमसहस्वनामन्तोनं सम्पूर्णम्। श्रमम्।

Of the topics stated here to belong to the $\bar{A}k\bar{a}\dot{s}a$ -bhairavakalpa, the kavaca of the deity is found in Fol. 68B of the Society's copy of the MS of the work (No. 5895 above).

6486.

3233. **हिट्टविधिः।** Rudravidhi.]

Substance, country-made paper. $6\frac{1}{2} \times 4$ inches. Folia, 22. Lines, 9. Extent in ślokas, 260. Character, Nägara. Appearance, fresh. Incomplete.

It deals with the details of the worship of Rudra and gives an elaborate description of nyāsas.

Beginning:—

अथातः पञ्चाङ्गरदाणां न्यासपूर्व्ववं जपहोमार्चनविधिं व्याख्यास्यामः।

या ते रुद्र भिवा तनूरघोरापापकाभिनी।
तया नस्तनूवा भंतमया गिरिभंताभिचाकभौ हि॥
भिषाये नमः। ॐ अस्मिन् महत्यर्भवेऽन्तरी हो भवा अधि
तेषां भिरसे खाहा।

III. VIȘŅU.

Keśavācārya.

6487.

725. क्रमदौपिका। Kramadīpikā.

Substance, palm-leaf. $19 \times 1\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 76. Lines, 3. Extent in ślokas, 1,000. Character, Bengali. Date, Saka 1609. Appearance, old and dilapidated. Complete in eight chapters.

The present manuscript was noticed in L. IV. 1551. This is a Vaiṣṇava work which deals with the Tantric worship of Vaiṣṇava deities. It was published by Rasikmohan Chatterji in his *Vividhatantrasaṃgraha*. An edition of it with the commentary of Govinda Bhaṭṭācārya has been published in the Chowkhamba Sanskrit Series (Benares, 1917).

Post-colophon Statement:—

प्रकाव्दाः १६०६ श्रीप्रसाददेवप्रामीणः लिखितमिदं। क्रम-दीपिनेयं।

6488.

3558. Kramadīpikā.

Substance, country-made paper. $14 \times 2\frac{3}{4}$ inches. Folia, 60. Lines, 4. Character, Bengali. Date, Saka 1579. Appearance, faded. Complete.

Post-colophon Statement:—

प्रकनरपतिवर्षे रन्ध्रसप्तेषुचन्त्रेः

कलसगतदिनेप्रे वासरे भानुस्रनोः ।

सुररिपुचरणाञ्चे वाञ्कता भिक्तमग्रगं

लिखितमखिलमेतत् रामक्वाणेन यत्नात् ॥

श्रीरामक्वाण्येवप्रमाणः पुस्तकमिदम् ।

6489.

10777. Kramadīpikā.

Substance, palm-leaf. 16×1 inches. Folia, 2-63 (with folia marks on the first five folia lost). Lines, 3. Character, Bengali. Date, Saka 1540. Appearance, dilapidated. Incomplete.

Post-colophon Statement:—

श्रीगोपालाय नमः। प्रकाब्दा १५8० चैच ३। इरये नमः।

The MS begins with I. 7 and runs right up to the end. It is accompanied by eight leaves containing portions of the commentary of Govinda Vidyāvinoda (e.g., commentary on I. 1, III. 1–33, II. 15–22). There are also five leaves containing two kavacas of Kṛṣṇa, one stated to belong to the Padmapurāṇa and the other to the Kumārītantra.

6490.

8663. Kramadīpikā.

Substance, country-made paper. $14 \times 5\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 91. Lines, 13. Extent in ślokas, 4,500. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, old. Complete.

The text is accompanied by a commentary by Bhairava Tripāṭhin, another MS of which, with a different introductory verse and a benedictory concluding verse, is described in Bik. No. 1281.

Beginning of the commentary:—

श्रीगोपीजनवस्त्तभाय नमः। ॐ तत्सत्। आलीङ्वेगुमराणाधरपस्त्रवेन गोपाङ्गनाप्रणयिनं प्रणिपत्य स्रष्ण[म्]। श्रीमद्गुरूत्तसरणीमनृस्त्य कुर्वे व्याख्यां सुकुन्दयजनक्रमदीपिकायाः॥ Last Colophon:—

इति श्रीचिपाठिभैरवक्कता [क्रमदौपिका-]टौप्पनी समाप्ता ।

6491.

4109. Commentary on the Kramadīpikā by Govinda Vidyāvinoda.

Substance, palm-leaf. $14\frac{1}{2} \times 1$ inches. Folia, 92. Lines, 4, 5. Extent in ślokas, 2,700. Character, Udiyā. Appearance, soiled. Complete.

The author of the commentary is Govinda Vidyāvinoda Bhaṭṭācārya. The introductory portion does not agree with what has been published in the Chowkhamba Sanskrit Series edition of the work and quoted in Bik. No. 1282. It runs thus:—

तत्र तावत् प्रथमतः प्रारिश्वतग्रश्चस्याविष्वपरिसमास्यर्थम् इष्टलाभाय ग्रश्चनारस्याभिमतदेवतास्मर्ग्यात्मकं स्राप्त्रीर्व्यात्वस्यां मङ्गलमाचरन् सम्बन्धादिकं स्चयित प्रकोकेन । तस्य प्रयोजनं तावत् निःश्रेषदुःखनिष्टत्तिनिरितिश्चयानन्दलच्चग्यमोच्चात्मकभगवत्-सम्माप्तिः सर्व्यच्वतिरिग्धमादिवी । विषयो भगवत्समाराधन-मनयोग्पायोपयभावसम्बन्धः । स्रथ प्रथमग्रश्चो व्याख्यायते ।

कलात्तमायालवकात्तमृर्त्तिरिति ।

Post-colophon Statement:—
इदं पस्तनं यादवश्वमीया खलेखि।

6492.

4108. Commentary on the Kramadīpikā by Govinda Śarman.

Substance, palm-leaf. $15 \times 1\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 62. Lines, 5, 6. Extent in ślokas, 1,300. Character, Udiyā. Appearance, discoloured and wormeaten. Complete.

The author of the commentary is Govinda Sarman, son of Jagannātha.

Beginning:

यस्य प्रपञ्चात्मकवेगुनादसम्पूरितश्रोचसमस्तजन्तुः।
त्यक्षा प्रपञ्चं कमपि प्रपेदे नित्यं नमो नन्दस्ताय तसी॥
मूर्झा वन्दे श्रीगुरुपादपद्मयगप्रभालङ्कृतरत्नपीठम्।
यस्यान्तिके भूपतिकोटिप्रीर्षकोटीररत्नावलिदीपिता भूः॥

श्रीमञ्जगन्नायस्तो वरेन्द्रो
गोविन्दश्रम्मा न्नमदौषिकायाः।
कर्प्रवर्त्त्या कुरुते विशेष-

प्रोदीपनं से इलवैः कवीनाम् ॥

क्वचित् समासैः ष्टथगेव वाच्यम् क्वचिद्विधेयः पदयोर्विसन्धिः ।

ग्राम्येगा प्रब्देन निगूड़प्रब्दे वाचं यथा येन प्रकाणितं स्यात्॥

श्रीक्षणपूजानमदीपिकायाः
कर्पूरवित्तं परिवर्द्धयस्व ।
यो वर्द्धयेत्तस्य विद्धदिव
यो नाण्ययेत्तस्य विधिः प्रमाणम् ॥

अथ तावदभौष्ठप्रचयप्रतिबन्धन्तदुरितिनवारणपूर्व्वकचिनौर्धित-प्रबन्धावस्मापरिचानार्थं प्रिष्ठाचारपरिपालनार्थं ग्रस्थनारः सन्तल-सुवनेननायनचराचरगुरोः वागौत्र्यरस्यानुसारणपूर्वकमाप्रीर्व्याद-सरूपं मङ्गलमातनोति नलात्तमायेखादि।

End:—

लिखनं यथा प्रतिपादस्य दश्माच्चरो नकारः स नकारो मध्ये विलिख्य उपर्युपरि पंक्तिचयेग पादचयं लिखेत्। प्रतिपंक्त्या एकेन

मध्यनकारेण सर्वत्र निर्व्वाहः। प्रनस्तुर्थपादस्तु पंक्तिप्रथमेना-स्तरेण प्रेषास्तरेण सह दयं दयं क्वला चतुर्थपादं लिखेत्। एवं चक्रवन्धेन फ्लोकं विलिख्य प्रतिपंक्ती षष्ठास्तरेण हतीयास्तरेण च ग्रज्ञकारस्य ग्रज्ञस्य च नाम सन्यगायाति। केप्रवेन क्वता क्रम-दीपिकेयमिति। जनविंप्रास्तरोऽयं फ्लोकः।

श्रीमञ्जगन्नायस्तो वरेन्द्रो
गोविन्दभ्रम्मां न्नमदौपिनायाः।
नर्पूरवर्त्तां कुरुते विभ्रेषपोदौपनं तत् ॥
श्रीकृष्णपूजान्नम ॥
यो वर्धयेत्तस्य विद्यद्धिरेव
यो नाम्मयेत्तस्य विधिः प्रमाणम्॥

Nārāyaņa Bhaţţa.

6493.

4114. साधनदौपिका। Sādhanadīpikā.

Substance, palm-leaf. $17\frac{1}{2} \times 1\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 1-50. Lines, 7 to 10. Extent in ślokas, 2,900. Character, Udiyā. Appearance, soiled. Complete.

This deals with the details of the worship of Viṣṇu. A MS of the work is fully described in L. IV. 1721. Two MSS are noticed in Ulwar. 1529 and Peters. 4. No. 1161.

Beginning:-

श्रीक्षणं परमानन्दं सिचदानन्दरूपिणम् । वन्दे गुरुं क्षपासिन्धं वैष्णवाचारसिद्धये ॥ सदाचाराविरोधेन मन्त्रशास्त्रानुसारतः । साधनस्य हि भावस्य दीपिकेयं प्रतन्यते ॥ प्रद्वरं प्रद्वरं नता सर्वधास्त्रार्थवेदिनम्। सेविनं सर्वधम्माणां कान्यकुलाकुलोद्भवम्॥ वच्चे प्रकाप्र एतस्मिन् गुरुप्रिष्यादिलच्चणम्। दौचां विना भगवतो भिक्तर्न स्यात् कथञ्चन॥

Colophons:-

7B, इति श्रीनारायग्रमष्टुविरिचतायां साधनदीपिकायां गुरु + + स्वामः प्रकामः। 16A, इति श्रीनारायग्रमष्टुविरिचतायां साधनदीपिकायां सेवालद्यग्रो दितीयः प्रकामः। 23A, ०ढतीयः प्रकामः। 34A, ०चतुर्थः प्रकामः। 36B, ०पञ्चमः प्रकामः। 45A, ०षठः प्रकामः। 50A, इति श्रीनारायग्रमष्टुविरिचतायां साधनदीपिकायां सप्तमः प्रकामः।

Leaves 50B-53A contain extracts from the Sārasvata Saṃhitā and the Bṛhatkālottara on the subject of the bathing ceremony of Viṣṇu.

Viśvanāthasimha.

6494.

7955. मन्त्रार्थनिर्णयः। Mantrārthanirṇaya.

Substance, country-made paper. $13\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 33. Lines, 7. Extent in ślokas, 500. Character, Bengali. Appearance, old. Complete.

It seeks to demonstrate the supremacy of the worship and mantra of Rāma and gives an esoteric meaning of the latter. For a Kāvya work by Viśvanātha dealing with the story of Rāma cf. Rāmacandrāhnika (ASB. VII. 5255-6).

Beginning:—

नत्वा श्रीरामचन्त्रं सकलगुणनिधिं कामदं यस्य नाम गौरीगौरीभ्रापादौ गणपितचरणौ वायुस्त्रनोस्तथाङ्क्ती। श्रीमज्ज्ञानखरूपं सरसमितगुरं श्रीप्रियादासमीभ्रं व्याख्यातुं (न्तं) राममन्तं निजमितसदृभ्रं वन्दते विश्वनाथः॥ यतो वाचो निवर्त्तन्ते अप्राप्य मनसा सहित्यादिश्रुतिप्रतिपाद्यः श्रीरामचन्त्र एवातः सर्वतः परतं तस्य ज्ञात्वार्थं करोमि। तनु-मनोवचनागोचरश्रीराम इति नामैव निर्वर्णत्वात्।

End:-

स्रतो नारायणाद्यवतारी स्रीवन्दावनविच्चारी परमेश्वर एन-मेवोपासते। ततः प्रमाणं

रामस्यातिष्रियं नाम रामस्येव सनातनम्। राजिन्दिवं ग्रणद्रेष भाति रुन्दावने स्थितः॥

इति शुक्तसंचितायाम्।

पूजितो नन्दगोपाद्यैः श्रीक्वयोनापि पूजितः। भद्रया महिषीभिश्च पूजितो रघुएङ्गवः॥

इति रुन्दावनं परित्यच्य पादमेकं न गच्छतीत्यादिवचनानि यत्र ब्रह्मवैवर्ते सन्ति तत्रैव रिते सर्वे अवताराः सर्वेश्वरा रघुनन्दन-मेवोपासते इत्यपि प्रसिद्धम्॥

सर्वमन्त्रमहाराज सर्वेषां समुपासित। विश्वनाथस्य सर्वस्य मन्त्रराज नमोऽस्त ते॥

Colophon:-

इति सिद्धिश्रीमहाराजाधिराजश्रीमहाराजाश्रीराजाबाहादुर-श्रीसीतारामचन्द्रक्षपापा चाधिकारिश्रीविश्वनाथसिंहदेवक्वती मन्त्रार्थनिर्णयः संपूर्णः।

Post-colophon Statement:—

शुभमन्तु सर्वेषां ॥ सन १२५० साल ६ स्राश्विन ।

Anonymous.

6495.

5785. तन्त्रसार्पूजापद्वतिः। Tantrasārapūjāpaddhati.

Substance, country-made paper. $7 \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 18. Lines, 9. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, old. Incomplete.

It describes, according to the *Tantrasāra*, the procedure of the worship of Lakṣmī-Nārāyaṇa who is stated to be the deity residing in the heart of Madhvācārya (श्रीमाध्याचार्यायां इत्कमलमध्यनिवासिनं—Fol. 5A). MSS of this *Tantrasāra* and commentaries thereon are described under Nos. 6185-6186 ante.

The name of the work occurs on the obverse of the first leaf.

Beginning:

श्रीवेदयासाय ग[म]ः।
वेदयास[ं] स्कूर्त्तविष्ठश्रंससिद्धाननोपमं। (अग्रारेकं)
संप्रणम्य गुरूंश्वापि वन्त्रे पूजनपद्धतिं॥
अध्योदकं च (अग्रारेकं च) श्रीतुलसीगन्धप्रव्यादिपूर्वकैः।
स्मृत्युत्तलच्चणपूजनसाधनद्वयसञ्चयः॥
संपाद्य स्मृतिमार्गेण चानसन्ध्याजपादिकं।
श्रीपासनब्रह्मयचं (च) विधाय चरिमचेयेत्॥
प्रचात्य पादौ चाचम्य देवदारं गतस्ततः।
पूर्वदारे श्रियं नता जयञ्च विजयं तथा॥
वलञ्च प्रवलञ्चेव दिच्चणदारपालकौ।
चर्ण्यप्रचर्णामानौ पश्चिमदारपालकौ।
चर्न्यसनन्दनामानौ उत्तरदालपालकौ॥
चतुर्भुजान्वेष्याणौं प्रञ्चवजगदाधरः।
पौताम्बरादिश्रीचिद्वैरङ्किताङ्गान् नमाम्यचं॥

द्रति नत्वा समुत्याय तदनु ज्ञाम[वाप्य तु]। कपाटो द्वाटनं कुर्य्यात् वायवायेति मन्त्रतः॥

6496.

<mark>380. पूजापड्वतिः। Pūjā</mark>paddhati.

Substance, country-made yellow paper. $15\frac{1}{2} \times 3$ inches. Folia, 1-26 (as marked on the right-hand margin), 7-32 (as marked in a later hand on the left-hand margin). Lines, 6. Extent in ślokas, 450. Character, Bengali. Appearance, fresh. Complete.

This begins with a brief description of the daily rites to be performed by a Tantric worshipper, snāna, sandhyā and tarpaṇa, and goes on describing in detail the Tantric worship of Kṛṣṇa. The work is introduced as Pūjā-paddhati (अथ पूजापद्धतिलिंखते) and is called pūjāpaṭalam in a colophon on Fol. 19B (इति संदोपपूजापटलं सम्पूर्णम्). The descriptive portion of the work (paddhati or paṭala) is followed by a number of hymns and kavacas:

ब्रह्माग्छपुराग्रे स्त्रप्रोनकसंवादे श्रीगुरोः कवचम् (19B-20A), ब्रह्म-यामलोक्त[:] श्रीगुरोः स्तवराजः (20A-B), रुष्टत्पारमष्टंस्ये श्रीगुरोः स्तवराजः (21A-B), सनत्कुमारीये जैलोक्यमङ्गलं नाम कवचम् (21B-23B), गौतमीय-तन्त्रोक्त[:] श्रीक्रणास्तवराजः (23B-24B), रुद्रयामले ब्रह्मनारदसंवादे श्रीकृष्णकृतं राधिकास्त्रोजम् (24B-25A), रुद्रयामले प्ररगौरीसंवादे पञ्चपञ्चाप्रत्पटले रुन्दावनेश्वरीस्तवराजः (25B-26A)।

6497.

121. Pūjāpaddhati.

Substance, country-made paper. $11\frac{1}{2} \times 5$ inches. Folia, 12. Lines, 12. Extent in ślokas, 250. Character, Bengali. Appearance, old. Complete.

The work agrees generally, though not fully, with the one of the same name described under the previous number.

The present MS has been described in L. II. 924. Fol. 8A quotes an extract on $m\bar{a}nasap\bar{u}j\bar{a}$ from the $Brahmasiddh\bar{a}nta$. The present MS does not mention by name the deity to be worshipped.

6498.

9610. वैश्यसन्था । Vaiśyasandhyā.

Substance, country-made paper. 13×5 inches. Folia, 2. Lines, 9. Extent in ślokas, 36. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fair. Complete.

It describes the procedure of sandhyā as performed by a Vaiṣṇava.

6499.

9822. गोपालगायचौ । Gopālagāyatrī.

Substance, country-made paper. $7\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 2. Lines, 9. Extent in ślokas, 26. Character, Nāgara. Date, Saṃvat 1858 (?). Appearance, old. Complete.

It gives the Tantric Gāyatrī for the worship of Gopāla.

Post-colophon Statement:

संवत् । १००८५८ ।

6500.

2695. [श्रीस्त्रत्तविधानम् । Śrīsūktavidhāna.]

Substance, country-made paper. 8×4 inches. Folia, 6. Lines, 11. Extent in ślokas, 90. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, discoloured. Complete.

It describes the Tantric application of the Śrīsūkta (RV. I. 165) for securing fortune. It specially deals with

different *nyāsas* to be performed with the different verses of the sūkta.

6501.

2696. Śrīsūktavidhāna.

Substance, country-made paper. 8×4 inches. Folia, 8. Lines, 10. Extent in ślokas, 95. Character, Nāgara. Date, Saṃvat 1811. Appearance, fresh but mouse-eaten. Complete.

It deals with the same topic as the one in the work described above. It is however fuller than the previous one and gives the details of the pūjā of the goddess Lakṣmī with the verses of this sūkta, as also the important Tantric rite called puraścaraņa in connection with it.

Post-colophon Statement:—

संवत् १८१। रातारण नामसंवत्सरे।

6502.

10187B. हयग्रीवसंहिता। Hayagrīvasaṃhitā.

Substance, country-made paper. $7 \times 3\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 1–16. Lines, 10. Extent in ślokas, 220. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, old. Complete.

The reverse sides of all the folia are marked on the left-hand upper corners with the letters $\bar{\epsilon}$ $\bar{\epsilon}$. The work describes the applications of different mantras of Hayagrīva. The portions contained in Fol. 1–7B are metrical. This section has three colophons (Fol. 4A, 5A, 7A) according to which it constitutes chapters 1, 2 and 11 of the Hayagrīvasaṃhitā. The remaining portion, which has no such colophons, is in prose and quotes from works like Śāradā (Fol. 9B), Mantradevatāprakāśa (10A) and Hayagrīvopaniṣad (10B).

Date of copying:—

Fol. 5B, संवत् १८६० माघमासे क्षणपत्ते एकादिश्व वार रिव।

Fol. 16A (in a later hand), सम्बत् १७२३ वार भ्रानीचर तौष्य १७२८५।

6503.

3776. हनुमहुर्गम्। Hanumaddurga.

Substance, country-made paper. $9\frac{1}{2} \times 3\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 5. Lines, 7. Extent in ślokas, 75. Character, Nāgara. Date, Saṃvat 1880. Appearance, fair. Complete.

Colophon:—

इति अथर्जगवेदमन्ते देवी प्रोतं श्रीमद्भनुमहुर्गा समाप्तोऽयम्।

Post-colophon Statement:—

सम्बत् १८८० दुतीय चैत्र वदि ६ मङ्गलवासरे तेलीसामध्ये लिखा इदं प्रस्तकम्। श्रीरामाय नमः। श्रीकृष्णाय।

A MS of the work is described in HPR. II. 264. Cat. Cat. I. 754 refers to it as a stotra. It contains the mālāmantra of Hanumān and describes the procedure of its muttering. The mantra begins (Fol. 2A.):—

ॐ नमो भगवते दावानलकालाग्निष्टनुमन्ताय तेजोवितानधवली
छत-वच्चदेष्ट-वच्चकाय-वच्चतुग्छ-वच्चनख-वच्चवाज्ञ-वच्चरोम-वच्चनेचवच्चदन्त-वच्चकरकमलमात्मकराय भीमकरिपङ्गलाद्य-उग्रप्रलयकाल-रोद्रवीरभद्रावतार-प्ररभ-प्राल्व-भैरव-दोईग्छलङ्गाप्ररीदष्टनउद्धिलङ्घन-छतान्तप्रतां विश्वास ईश्वरप्रचवायुस्रत-चञ्चनीगर्भसम्भूत-उद्यभास्करविम्ब-नरदेवदानव-ऋषिमुनिवन्च वतीसा युद्धपाश्रपतास्त्य-ब्रह्मास्त्य-वैद्यावास्त्य-नारायणास्त्य-कालप्रित्ति-कालदग्डकालपाप्र-च्रघोरास्त्त-निवारणाय।

6504.

9283. Hanumaddurga.

Substance, country-made paper. $8\frac{1}{2} \times 4$ inches. Folia, 8. Lines, 6. Extent in ślokas, 50. Character, Nāgara. Date, 1740 Ś.E. Appearance, fair. Complete.

The mantra as contained in this MS is smaller than the one in the previous MS.

Colophon:

इत्यथर्वणवेदे चनुमन्तदुर्ग समाप्तः।

Post-colophon Statement:—

प्राक्ते १०४० वज्रधान्यनामान्दे सहस्यमासे क्रम्णतिष्यां भानु-वासरे दितीयप्रहरे तदिने मह्मारित्मजजोतिषोपनामा हरिगोदं लिखितं भवानीनन्देषु दीयताम्। IV. GANESA.

Anantadeva.

6505.

2234. महागणपतिक्रमः। Mahāgaṇapatikrama.

Substance, country-made paper. 6×4 inches. Folia, 74. Lines, 8, 9. Extent in ślokas, 800. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, old and discoloured. Incomplete.

The present MS is described in L. X. 4144. The work appears to be referred to as *Ganeśotsava* in the colophons. It describes the details of the worship of Mahāgaṇapati beginning with the morning rites of the worshipper.

Beginning:—

गुरुं गणपतिं दुर्गां वट्टकं श्चितमच्युतं।
ब्रह्माणं गिरिजां लच्चीं वाणीं वन्दे विभूतये॥
चित्प्रकाशं गुरुं वन्दे पूर्णानन्दैकविग्रहं।
क्रियतेऽनन्तदेवेन महागणपतेः क्रमः॥

तचादौ मान्त्रिको रजनौतूर्ययामे विबुध्य आवश्यकमाचमना-दिकं विधाय खासने पद्मासने चौपविश्य खिश्रारसि सच्खदल-कमलकर्यिकायां श्रीगुरुचरणारविन्दं ध्यात्वा तद् यथा।

प्रशासन्हे नमोवाकं चित्यकाश्चानन्दमूर्त्तये। श्चित्रय करुणाई।य गुरुरूपसुपेयुषे॥ खप्रकाश्चित्मधांख्यं वीजाङ्ग्रससुद्भवं। श्टङ्गारपीठनिलयं वन्दे गणपतिं प्रसुम्॥

The state of the s

Colophons of the different chapters:—

19B, इति दाईदेवसम्पदायिना मात्रपुरस्थितेन खनन्तदेवेन विर्चिते गणेश्रमहोत्सवं प्रातरादितर्पणान्तविवरणं नाम प्रथमकल्पः। 43B, ॰गणेश्रममहोत्सवं न्यासादिजपान्तविवरणं नाम दितीयः कल्पः।

The third chapter, which is incomplete, deals with the worship proper.

Anonymous.

6506.

1952. मन्त्रग्रोणचन्द्रिका । Mantragaņeśacandrikā.

Substance, country-made paper. $8\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{3}{4}$ inches. Folia, 9. Lines, 9, 10. Extent in ślokas, 100. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fresh. Complete.

The MS contains the third chapter of the work. It describes the procedure of the worship of different types of Gaṇeśa: Mahāgaṇapati (Fol. 1–5A), Lakṣmīvināyaka (5A-B), Vakratuṇḍa (6B), Vidyāgaṇapati (5B-6B), Śaktigaṇeśa (8B-9B), Herambagaṇapati (9B-10A), and Haridrāgaṇeśa (10A-B). The topics generally agree with those of chapter I of the *Mantracandrikā* of Janārdana.

Last Colophon:—

इति मन्त्रग्रेशचन्द्रिकायां ग्रेश्समन्त्रविधानास्यस्तृतीयोह्नासः।

6507.

5867. एका ऋर्गणपतिकल्पः । Ekākṣaragaṇapatikalpa.

Substance, country-made paper. $8\frac{1}{2} \times 4$ inches. Folia, 16. Lines, 9. Extent in ślokas, 300. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, discoloured. Complete.

It describes different types of tarpaṇa and homa with the mantra of Gaṇeśa for the attainment of various objects, generally of a worldly nature, such as the bringing into subjection other people, and the like.

Beginning:

ॐ गर्णेभाय नमः।

अधैकाच्चरगणपिततर्पणिविधः चतुर्विधप्रमार्थसिद्धार्थं प्रकाश्यते। चतुर्विधं तर्पणं विधाय अम्बुपयोरसष्टतेन। नानाप्रयोगपूर्वकं छात्वा। षट्कोणमध्ये चिकोणं लिखित्वा षट्कोणाद्वच्चितान्तं। तद्वचिरष्टदलं पद्मं। चिकोणमध्ये बीजपूर्वकं अस्तार्णवाय नमः। चिकोणाद्वचिः इच्चरसच्चीरष्टतसमुद्राय नमः।

Last Colophon :-

इत्येकाच्चरगणपतिकल्पः समाप्तः।

6508.

5783. ग्रोश्पचाङ्गम् । Gaņeśapañcānga.

Substance, country-made paper. $10 \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 17. Lines, 9–14. Extent in ślokas, 400. Character, Nāgara. Date, Saṃvat 1885 and Śaka 1750. Appearance, good. Complete.

Colophons of the different sections:

4A, इति श्रीम्द्रयामचे तन्ते गणपितमन्तोद्धारिविधिर्गाम पटनः समाप्तः; 9B, ॰मच्चागणपितपूजापद्धतिः समाप्ताः); 10B, ॰मच्चागणपितकवचं सम्पूर्णम्; 16A, ॰मच्चागणपितस्चिनामस्तवः सम्पूर्णिः]; 17A, ॰मच्चागणपितस्तोत्रं सम्पूर्णम्।

Post-colophon Statement:

मासानां उत्तमे मासे सिंहमासे क्षणपत्ते अमावास्थायां भौमवासरे पूर्व्यानत्त्वे साध्यनाम योगे इदं पुस्तकं लिखितम्। श्रीसंवत् १८८५ ग्राके १७५०।

6509.

10228. उच्छिष्टगर्गोश्रपचाङ्गम् । Ucchiṣṭagaṇeśapañcāṅga.

Substance, country-made paper. $10\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 13, of which the first and the last are later restorations. Lines, 9. Extent in ślokas, 290. Character, Nāgara. Date, Saṃvat 1964. Appearance, discoloured. Complete.

Colophons of the different chapters:—

2B, इति श्रीरदयामले तन्ते उच्चिष्टगणेश्रपटलं सम्पूर्णम्; 3B, इति उच्चिष्टगणेश्रपूजनं सम्पूर्णम्; 6A, इति श्रीरदयामले तन्ते उमामहेश्वरसंवादे गणेश्रकवचं समाप्तम्; 11B, इति श्रीरदयामले तन्ते उच्चिष्टगणेश्रसच्चनाम- स्तोचं समाप्तम्; 13B, इति श्रीरदयामले तन्ते चरगौरीसम्बादे उच्चिष्टगणेश्र- स्तोचं सम्पूर्णम्।

Post-colophon Statement:—

संवत् १८६४ चास्त्रिन सुक्त १० बुधे दिने प्रातःकाले मालवीय स्त्रीरघुनाथरामग्रम्मग्रेन संपूर्णीकतम्। काग्न्यां गोघट्टतटे।

V. KĀRTAVĪRYA.

Premanidhi.

6510.

9600. प्रयोगर्त्नाकारः। Prayogaratnākara.

Substance, country-made paper. $10 \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 21. Lines, 12. Extent in ślokas, 630. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, tolerable. Incomplete.

The work deals in three parts with the details of the rites in connection with the worship of Kārtavīrya.

The present MS contains the first three chapters of the second part of the work while MSS containing the first nine chapters of the first part and the last three chapters of the third part are found respectively in the India Office (IO. IV. 2595) and the old collection of the Society (No. I. E. 54).

Several other chapters (containing the verses found mutatis mutandis at the end of each chapter of the work), not identified heretofore, are found scattered in different places. Thus the old collection of the Society contains MSS of the last chapter of Book II as also the first and second chapters of Book III (I. E. 52 and III. D. 65). MSS of the first chapter of the last book have been described in ASB. III. 2412 and Nep. II, p. 141.

A long list of contents is found at the end of MS No. I. E. 54 in a very corrupted form. It is quoted below with minor corrections here and there:

प्रयोगरकैलोस्यद्धतेस्त चयः प्रवाहा वितता भवन्ति। नित्योऽय नैमित्तिक उत्तरस्त काम्यो हि + नि वदामि तेषाम्॥

नित्ये प्रातः क्रत्यरतं तु पूर्वं पसादुतं मञ्जसानरतम्। सन्धारतं तर्पणावेदिरतं द्वास्ताभ्यचीरतमेतत् परं तु । भूतशुद्धादिरतान्ते मालकारत्नमौरितम्। मन्तराजन्यासरतं योगपौठाख्यरतकम्। तदेवान्तर्यागरतं ततोऽर्घ्यादिने रतनम् ॥ निरूपितरतं पौठपूजारतमतः आच्चायनादिकरत्नकम्। ध्यानरत्नमतः पञ्चात् उपचारौघरत्नकं। आद्धतर्पेणर्वान्ते विलर्वं निरूपितम् ॥ <mark>रतं नित्यं जपावेदिः होमरतं</mark> ततः परम्। चतः पूजाग्रेषरतं दीपरतमनन्तरम्॥ विसर्गरतं तत्पञ्चादित्यं रतानि नित्यके। एकविंग्रतिसंख्यानि सम्भय किं यतानि चि नैमित्तिके प्रथमतो रतं जन्मोत्सवादिकम्। पुरस्वरणरतं तत्पसादुतं तु वर्मणः॥ पुरुख्यारतमयो मन्त्राजस्य कीर्त्तितम्। दीचारतं तत इति मध्ये रत्नचतुरुयम्॥ हतीये तु प्रवाहे स्यात् काम्यदीपास्यरत्नकम्। प्रथमं तद्वितीयं स्याद्षृतदानास्थस्तकम्॥ ततो लवग्रदानास्थरतं सम्यगुदीरितम्। वर्मणो धीतिरतं स्थात् तुरीयपतिगुप्तकम्॥ षटकर्मरतंतु परं षष्ठं सामान्यरतकम्। ततो नस्प्राप्तिरतं परचक्रात्तिवारकम्॥ तत्पञ्चाद्वाद्जेलर्हं नवमकं ततः। गगो नाम्यकर्तान्ते भूतनाम्यकरत्नकम् ॥ वन्धनिर्मो चारतं स्थाद् रतं म्लापचारकम्। चतुर्देशतमं रतं देवप्रव्यच्तताकरम्॥ लच्मीलाभरतं विवाहाधिकारकम्। रतं भाजूचाटनाखं याचारतमतः परम्॥

महाराजवधीकाररत्नमत्यद्भुतं ततः।
भीतिष्मरत्नं स्यात् कल्याणावाप्तिरत्नकम्॥
कुरुस्कोटादिविध्वंसरत्नं स्यात्तरन्तरम्।
सामान्यकामरत्नं स्याचतुर्विधातसंख्यकम्॥
स्वदीपात्यस्तान्ते वर्मोपासनरत्नकम्।
संचेपदीपरत्नान्ते ग्रज्यानुक्रमणे स्मृता॥
प्रयोगरत्नाकर एव साम्यतं समापितः श्रीचरिष्टेच्चेधितुः।
उपासनारत्नस्तां क्रतार्थकीकृतौ नराणां विच्चित्रचित्तक।
दुस्तां वापि स्नृतां वा मम बालस्य दुर्मतेः।
सन्तोषयतु नित्यं श्रीकार्त्तवौर्याचने रतान्॥
यस्योद्योतमतौ सतौ गुणवतौ माता पितोमाप[ति]र्नाम प्रेमनिधौति प्रश्चकुलभूः क्रूमांचलो जन्मभूः।
स्रपास्यं क्रतवौर्यजाच्यतपदं वाराणसौ वासभूस्तमादभ्यदियता चि हैच्चपतेः स्रपासनापद्धतिः॥

Beginning (of the present MS):

श्रीगग्रेशाय नमः। श्रीसीतारामचन्द्राभ्यं नमः। इनुमते नमः। ॐ कार्तवीर्यार्जुनाय नमः।

राजराजेश्रपादाज्जनिरस्ताखिलतापकः। उपय नैमित्तिकं कर्म यथामति तनोम्यच्चम्॥

नित्यनिमित्तिकमपि कर्म खाकरणे प्रत्यवायजनकतया खावग्र्यक-मिति तदिप निरूप्यते।

End (of the present MS):—

अत्र सर्वत्र एकेन यदि न सिद्धिस्तदा त्रिवारमादृत्तिरिति पूर्वीता। यहणनिमित्तकश्राद्धदानादिकं पुत्रमादृप्रस्ति-द्वारा निर्वाह्यं न स्वयमिति संद्योपः।

श्रीमद्दीयत्कार्त्तवीर्थप्रसादात् प्रादुर्भूते प्रेमिनध्याख्यविपात् । यस्ये भक्तन् राजसन्तोषकेस्मिन्नित्यं मन्त्रोपासना + + पि रत्नम्॥ श्रीश्रीसीतारामचन्त्राभ्यां नमः। इनुमते नमः॥

6511.

979. दीपप्रकाशः। Dīpaprakāśa.

Substance, country-made paper. 9×4 inches. Folia, 42. Lines, 10. Extent in ślokas, 1,100. Character, Nāgara. Date, Samvat 1785. Appearance, old. Complete.

The present MS is described in L. VI. 2055. The work deals with the rite of dedicating lamps to Kārtavīrya. This topic also covers the first chapter of the last book of the work described under the previous number where other MSS containing the chapter are also referred to. For similar rites in connection with Vaṭukabhairava cf. Nos. 6042 and 6482 above.

The date of composition of the work is given:

इत्यं दीपप्रकाग्रः कुमितिनिरसनी नाल्पकाथ[र्गिऽ]ल्पग्रब्दो

मानश्रीटत्तपूर्त्तिनगजलिधरसत्त्वाप्रमाणे तु भाके।

मार्गे क्रियो च पत्ते निश्चिभवितथी नन्दभूदीननाथप्रेम्ना केनापि वह्यन्तरमयतनुतामादधानः प्रपृर्गाः॥ ५११॥

Post-colophon Statement:—

संवत् १७८५ माघमासे युक्तपच्ते । य्रश्यसंख्या ११२०।

6511A.

981. शब्दप्रकाशः। Śabdaprakāśa.

Substance, country-made paper. 9×4 inches. Folia, 120. Lines, 10. Extent in ślokas, 3,000. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, old. Complete.

The present MS is described in L. VI. 2056. This constitutes a commentary by the author himself on his $D\bar{\imath}paprak\bar{a}\acute{s}a$.

Anonymous.

6512.

5720B. [त्रर्जुनपारिजातव्याखा। Arjunapārijātavyākhyā.]

Substance, country-made paper. $9\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 1–7. Lines, 12. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, good. Incomplete.

This contains a very small portion of a commentary on the Arjunapārijāta of Rāmacandra Kavi, which seems to deal with the details of the worship of Kārtavīrya. The same work appears to have been referred to in Cat. Cat. (I. 31) under two different titles, Arjunārcanakalpalatā and Arjunārcāpārijāta.

Beginning:—

तच विष्नविधाताय मङ्गलम्। मत्ति। मत्त्रस्य मातङ्ग्य तस्य वदनमिव वदनं यस्य तत्। मूर्ष्वा प्रिरसा प्रणम्य नमस्तृत्याचं रामचन्द्रनामा कविः श्रीकार्त्तवीर्यस्य यजनक्रमं खादरेण वदामि। किमधं मन्त्रविद्धां मन्त्रज्ञातणां मनोर्मन्त्रस्य सिद्धेचेतीः।

Colophons:-

6B, इति प्रथमः। 7A, द्वितीयं कुसुमम्।

6513.

11197. [कार्त्तवीर्यपूजापद्यतिः। Kārtavīryapūjāpaddhati.]

Substance, country-made paper. $6\frac{1}{2} \times 3\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 2-7, 4. Lines, 5. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, good. Incomplete.

The portion contained in the MS indicates the procedure of the worship with different mantras of Kārtavīrya: the mantra with 20 syllables (Fol. 1), mālāmantra (4A), astropasamharanamantra (5A) and mahāmantra (5B).

6514.

3766. वार्त्तवीर्यमन्तः । Kārtavīryamantra.

Substance, country-made paper. $6\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 2. Lines, 13. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, discoloured. Complete.

It describes the procedure of the muttering of the mantra of Kārtavīrya containing 20 syllables.

V. MISCELLANEOUS.

Anonymous.

6515.

3100. पर्महंसपद्वतिः । Paramahaṃsapaddhati.

Substance, country-made paper. 7\frac{3}{4}\times 4 inches. Folia, 34. Lines, 8. Extent in \(\frac{5}{4}\times\), 480. Character, N\(\bar{a}\text{gara}\). Appearance, discoloured. Complete.

This describes the procedure of the worship of Paramahamsa, the Supreme Soul, beginning from the morning rites of the worshipper.

Beginning:

ॐ ज्ञानसागर नमस्तुभ्यं परातमा परमेश्वर।
ज्ञानानन्द कथं प्राप्य भवानिप्राङ्करं प्रभो ॥
ज्ञाला ज्ञान कथं ज्ञेय वैराग्यज्ञानमित्तदं।
साध्यसाधन वच्चामि योगेश्वरस्य लच्चणम् ॥
सुसुचुर्मविष्यं युत्तं गुरुज्ञानरताय च।
तौर्थयाचादिपङ्कस्य गुरुरग्रे निवेदयेत्॥

Colophon:

इति श्रीरुद्रयामले श्रिवपार्वतीसंवादे श्रीपरमञ्चरपद्धति[ः] सम्पूर्ण[ा]।

6516.

5808. पर्महंसपञ्चाङ्गम्। Paramahamsapañcānga.

Substance, country-made paper. $10\frac{1}{2} \times 6$ inches. Folia, 43. Lines, 12. Extent in ślokas, 1000. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fair. Complete.

Beginning:

श्रीभैरवः।

ॐ त्वत्सेवयास्मि तुष्टोहं वरं वरय सुव्रते । यत्किञ्चित् [याचसे] देवि तत्ते सर्व्वं वदाम्य हम्॥

श्रीदेखवाच ।

सन्तुष्टो देवदेवेश वरयोग्यास्माहं यदि । तदा मे ब्रुह्मि पटलं परमहंसदैवतम्॥

श्रीभैरव उवाच।

तव भक्कास्मि सन्तुष्टो वच्चामि तव भक्तितः। परमहंसदेवस्य पटलं भोगमोच्तदम्॥ र इस्यं सर्व्यतन्त्राणां गोपनीयं प्रयत्नतः। सर्वकासिकसीपानि सर्वेखं सम सन्दरि॥ परमः परमो हंसो देवदेवो महेश्वरः। भक्तानां मोचादो हंसो निष्ठालस्य निरञ्जनः॥ चतुर्विभायचरोयं मन्ताता मन्तविग्रहः। सर्व्धमन्त्रात्मको हंसः सर्व्वदेवमयः परः॥ सर्वयन्तेश्वरो इंसः सर्वमन्तेश्वरः प्रभुः। सर्व्यतन्त्रात्मको देवः सर्व्यक्रमीनिवर्त्तकः॥ तेनेदं सुज्यते विश्वं तेनेदं पाल्यते जगत्। तेन संज्ञियते विश्वं निग्रहानुग्रहात्मकम्॥ मन्तं देवस्य तस्याहं जपामि सततं प्रिये। यन्तं तस्याच्मर्चामि धार्ये कवचं प्रिये॥ <mark>तथा नाम्नां सहस्रच्च स्त</mark>वच्चेव पठाम्यहम्। पञ्चाङ्गमेतदस्याचं रचामि विधिवत् सदा॥

Colophons of the different sections:—

3A, इति श्रीरुद्रयामले तन्त्रे परमहंसपटलः समाप्तः ; 28B, इति वितन्यानन्देन विर्चिता परमहंसपद्धतिः समाप्ता ; 41B, इति श्रीरुद्रयामले तन्त्रे

परमरच्छोपाखाने प्रजापतिभैरवसंवादे परमचंसनामसच्चं सम्पूर्णम्; 43B, इति रुद्रयामले तन्त्रे परमचंसपञ्चाङ्गे परमचंसक्तीचं सम्पूर्णं समाप्तम्।

The Kavaca (28B-30B) has no colophon.

6517.

9641. प्रमहंसविधः। Paramahaṃsavidhi.]

Substance, country-made paper. $10\frac{1}{2} \times 5$ inches. Folia, 29. Lines, 8. Extent in ślokas, 200. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, good. Incomplete.

This contains a gurustotra (which agrees with the stotra occurring in the gurupañcānga described below) a description of the procedure of the muttering of paramahaṃsamantra, and the paramahaṃsasahasranāma, which agrees with the one occurring in the paramahaṃsapañcānga described above.

Colophons of the different sections:—

6A, इति श्रीरुद्रयामले परमचंसरच्छं गौरीकल्पे उमामचेश्वरसंवादे गुरुत्तोचं समाप्तं सम्पूर्णमन्तु; 10B, इति परमचंसन्यासध्यानं समाप्तम्। इति गौरीकल्पे ईश्वरेण उमां प्रति वक्तव्यं सम्पूर्णम्।

The sahasranāma which is incomplete has no colophon.

6518.

- 9487. गुरुपञ्चाङ्गम्। Gurupañcānga.

Substance, country-made paper. 8×4 inches. Folia, 32. Lines, 7. Extent in ślokas, 315. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, good. Complete.

Colophons of the different sections:—

4A, इति श्रीरदयामले तन्त्रे गुरुपटलः समाप्तः; 10A, ॰ हरगौरीसंवादे श्रीगुरोनित्यपूजापद्धतिः समाप्ता; 16A, इति श्रीविश्वसारोत्तरे श्रीगुरुकवर्चं समाप्तम्; 25B, इति श्रीरदियामले तन्ते महागमसारे श्रीगुरोर्भन्तगर्भसहस्नामस्तोत्रं समाप्तम्; 32A, इति श्रीरदियामले तन्ते परमरहस्ये उमाहरसंवादे श्रीगुरोः स्तोत्रं स[मा]प्तम् ।

6519.

3186. प्रण्वकल्पः। Praņavakalpa.

Substance, Machine-made paper. 13×5 inches. Folia, 15. Lines, 10. Extent in ślokas, 270. Character, Bengali. Appearance, good. Complete.

All the topics except the last one are found to be extracts from the *Praṇavakalpa*, stated to belong to the *Skandapurāṇa* (A.S.B., V 3867–70, L. VII, 2290). The work relates to the cult of *praṇava* or the syllable *om*.

Colophons of the different sections:—

3A, इति श्रीप्रणवक्त प्रणवक्तवराजः समाप्तः; 4A, ॰प्रणवक्तवचं समाप्तम्; 4B, ॰प्रणवपञ्चरं समाप्तम्; 6A, ॰प्रणवहृदयं समाप्तम्; 7A, ॰प्रणवहृदयं समाप्तम्; 8A, ॰प्रणवानुस्तृतिः समाप्ताः; 9A, ॰ॐकाराच्चरमालिकामन्तं समाप्तम्; 10B, ॰प्रणवमालामन्तं समाप्तम्; 12B, ॰देवीश्वरसंवादे प्रणवगीता समाप्ताः; 14A, ॰प्रणवास्त्रोत्तरप्रतनाम संपूर्णमस्तः; 14B, ॰प्रणवषोडप्रनाम समाप्तम्; 15A, इति मानसिकस्नानं यतीनाम्।

It will be noticed that the Pranava-hṛdaya occurs twice.

6520.

4633. अजपाजपक्रमः। Ajapājapakrama.

Substance, country-made paper. 13×3 inches. Folia, 2. Lines, 5. Extent in ślokas, 30. Character, Bengali. Appearance, discoloured. Complete.

The MS seems to contain an extract from a digest which quotes from the Kulamūlāvatāra. This extract

deals with the muttering of the ajapāmantra. The two MSS described below also treat of the same topic though in different words.

Beginning:

अथाजपाजपक्रमः। कुलमूले। सन्थावन्दनं क्रता जपाराधनं कुर्यात्। यथा हंसः सोहमिति पश्चकैः प्राग्णायामचयं क्रता व्यजपागायचीमन्त्रस्य प्रिर्श्त हंसऋषये नमः।

Colophon:—

इति श्रीप्राक्षराचार्यकतुत्तुलमूलावतारे अन्यानपन्नमः।

6521.

7118. श्रिजपापद्यतिः। Ajapāpaddhati.

Substance, country-made paper. 11×5 inches. Folia, 2. Lines, 13. Extent in ślokas, 70. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, good. Complete.

6522.

7086. [Ajapāpaddhati.]

Substance, country-made paper. 8×4 inches. Folium, one. Lines, 21 in all. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, discoloured. Incomplete.

6523.

3271. महावाक्यविधिः। Mahāvākyavidhi.

Substance, country-made paper. 9×5 inches. Folia, 2. Lines, 11. Extent in ślokas, 30. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, old and discoloured. Complete.

It describes the Tantric procedure of the muttering of Vedic texts concerning the relation between the supreme and the individual soul.

Beginning:-

अखाडमाडलाकारं व्याप्तं येन चराचरम्। तत्पदं दर्भितं येन तसी श्रीगुरवे नमः॥

अस्य महावाक्यमन्त्रस्य हंसऋषिः भ्रिश्ति । अश्वत्तगायची-क्चन्दः मुखे । प्रमातमा देवता हृदये । हं बीजं गुह्ये । सः भ्राक्तिः पादयोः । सोहं कीलकं सर्वाङ्गे । मम अविद्यानि इत्तये स्रस्टिपप्राप्तिमोद्यार्थे जपे विनियोगः ।

6524.

2170. गत्धर्वराजमन्त्रविधिः। Gandharvarājamantravidhi.

Substance, country-made paper. $9\frac{1}{2} \times 4$ inches. Folium, 1. Lines, 17 in all. Extent in ślokas, 17. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, good. Complete.

It describes the procedure of worshipping Viśvāvasu, the Gandharva, and muttering his mantra for the attainment of beautiful daughters.

Beginning:—

ख्य गन्धर्वराजमन्त्रविधिः। आचम्य प्राणानायम्य देश्वतालो संकीर्व मम ईिप्सतकन्याप्रास्त्रधें ईिप्सतकन्याप्रदश्रीविश्वावस्त्रगन्धर्व-राजदेवताप्रीर्वाधें श्रीविश्वावस्त्रगन्धर्वराजमन्त्रजपमहं करिस्रे।

End:

गुद्धातिगुद्धगोप्ता लं ग्रहाणास्मत्कतं जपम्। सिद्धिभवतु मे देव लल्पसादान्महाप्रभो॥ C. Works dealing with particular rites, Mudras, Yantras, etc.

I. DĪKṢĀ.

Jagannātha.

6525.

10053. क्रमदीक्षा । Kramadīkṣā.

Substance, country-made paper. 11×6 inches. Folia, 1-40,+6 without any number. Lines, 12. Extent in ślokas, 700. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, good. Complete.

It deals with the details of initiation with special reference to Kramadīkṣā. It quotes from and refers to many Tantra works, such as, Bṛhattantrarāja (Fol. 1), Śāradā (3A), Śomaśambhu (4A), Tantrasāra (4B, 6B, 12A), Viṣṇuyāmala (11A), Prapañcasāra (19A), Mahānirvāṇatantra (18A, 20B, 21A, 21B, 23A), Dīpikā (22A, 22B, 23B) etc. The work seems to come to an end in Fol. 37B, the remaining portion containing mantras of various deities. There is, however, no colophon in the MS.

Beginning:

नता श्रीकालिकानन्दं परमानन्दिनर्भरम्।
तस्य प्रिष्यो जगन्नायः क्रमदौद्या वितन्वते॥
तत्रादौ क्रमनिरूपणम्।
च्हत्तन्तरात्रे।
खादौ च कालिकामन्तं तदन्ते तारिग्णीमनुं।
ग्रह्णीयात् सुन्दरौमन्तं क्रमदौद्या प्रकौर्तिता॥
पुनस्तत्रेव।
खादौ च तारिग्णीमन्तं तदन्ते कालिकामनुं।
ग्रह्णीयात सुन्दरौमन्तं क्रमदौद्या प्रकौर्तिता॥

Śukadeva.

6526.

5750. क्रमपूर्णदीक्षापद्यतिः। Kramapūrņadīkṣāpaddhati.

Substance, country-made paper. $10\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 38. Lines, 8. Extent in ślokas, 570. Character, Nāgara. Date, Samvat, 1904. Appearance, discoloured. Complete.

It deals with Kramadīkṣā as well as Pūrṇābhiṣeka. Though called a paddhati it contains both pramāṇa and prayoga.

Beginning:—

प्रणम्यास्भुजां देवीं विन्धवासक्ततादराम्। विक्रमादित्यभूपालरिष्ठकालधनुर्द्धराम्॥ भजतासुग्रतारायाः पादपङ्कजयादिना। संचोपात् पूर्णदीच्याया लिख्यते ग्रच्चणक्रमः॥ च्यथ संचोपतस्तारायाः पूर्णाभिषेकविधिः। मचाविद्योपासकानां पूर्णाभिषेकस्थावस्थकत्वसृक्षं भैरवयामले॥

End:

पारिजातानन्दनामः क्रमपूर्णाभिषेचने।

मनिवद्धा पद्धतिस्तस्य गुरुणा गुरुकर्मणे॥१॥

यनया कर्म कुर्वन्त दीच्चामन्त्र[प्र]वेदिनः।

स(त्)क्षपं ग्रोधयन्त्वासु वचसां वर्मभेदिनः॥२॥

ग्रासतः पृथवत् पृथ्वीं विक्रमादित्यभूपतेः।

चिविक्रमवपःकल्पः प्रवार्थसमुद्रतेः।

प्रचारुचग्रुमुग्रुदिचिदग्रादिनिरासिनौ।

धर्म[ि]धर्मपरिचाणं विद्ध्याद् विन्थवासिनौ॥॥॥

Colophon:—

इति श्रीविददुपाध्यायपिछतशुकदेवप्रकाशिता क्रमपूर्णदीचा-पद्धतिः समाप्ता। Post-colophon Statement:—

मासानां मासोत्तमे मासे फाल्गुनमासे शुक्तपच्चे नवन्यां रविवासरे सं १८०४।

Anonymous

6527.

$1652. \quad \boxed{$ दीम्नाविधः। $D \bar{\imath} k s \bar{a} v i d h i. }$

Substance, country-made paper. 9½×4 inches. Folia 1-28 (of which fol. 1-16 are written in one hand, fol. 17-28 in another). Lines, 10 (up to fol. 16) and 12-13 (in fol. 17-28). Extent in ślokas, 600. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, good. Complete.

It deals with various types of initiation such as, Kriyādīkṣā (20B), Varṇa° (21A), Kalāvatī°, Sparśa°, Dṛg°, Vedha° (21B), Śākta°, Śāmbhavī° (23A), Yāmala°, Pañcapañcikā°, Caraṇa° (23B), Medhā°, Kauśikī, Pūrṇābhiṣeka (24B).

6528.

6082. दीक्षाप्रयोगः। Dīkṣāprayoga.

Substance, country-made paper. $6\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 1-4. Lines, 10. Extent in ślokas, 45. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fair. Complete.

It gives a short description of the procedure of initiation of a śākta worshipper.

6529.

693. श्रभिषेकपद्यतिः। Abhişekapaddhati.

Substance, country-made yellow paper. $15 \times 2\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 2-6. Lines, 8. Extent in ślokas, 170. Character, Bengali. Appearance, old. Incomplete.

The present MS has been described in L. IV. 1536. It describes the procedure of Mālāsaṃskāra (2B), Kavacasaṃskāra (2B), Śāktābhiṣeka (2B–5A) and Pūrṇābhiṣeka (5A–6B).

II. PURASCARANA.

Gopīnātha Pātḥaka.

6530.

10193. पुरश्चरणविधिः। Puraścaraṇavidhi.

Substance, country-made paper. $9\frac{1}{2} \times 5$ inches. Folia, 18. Lines, 9. Extent in ślokas, 400. Character, Nāgara. Date, Saṃvat 1882. Appearance, old and discoloured. Complete.

The work deals with $Pura\acute{s}caraṇa$ as well as with incidental matters like $d\bar{\imath}k\dot{s}\bar{a}$, requirements of a guru and a śiṣya, purification of mantras, etc.

Beginning:

प्रिवादीं स्व गुरून् नला पुरस्वरणमुखते।
विनानेन [न] सिद्धः स्यान्मन्त्रो वर्षप्रतिरपि॥
इत्यवध्यतया संप्रति ततः संनेपतस्तदिधिं वच्छे।

End:

श्रीनाथगोपालमहं प्रणोमि
स्वानन्दरूपं परमासनस्यम् ।
यस्य प्रसादेन तमाश्रिता ये
स्वानन्दपूर्णाः प्रभवन्ति नित्यम् ॥
नानाग्रश्यान् समालोक्य श्रीमान् गोपीनाथक्वती ।
प्रस्थर्याविधं सम्यक् साधकार्थमचीकरत् ॥

Colophons of the different sections:—

4B, इति श्रीवमाधवपाठकाशिचोत्रस्तश्रीवगोपीनाथपाठकाशिचोत्रविरिचिते प्रस्थरणविधौ संचोपदीचाविधिः; 12B, ०श्रिष्ठपरीचादिः सर्व्वविधिः; 18B, इति श्रीमत्परमचंसपरिव्राजकाचार्थश्रीमद्गोपालाश्रमपूज्यपादक्षपाकटाचासादित-परमानन्दैकरसभीवमाधवपाठकाशिचोत्रिस्तश्रीवगोपीनाथपाठकाशिचोत्रिरिचतः प्रस्थरणविधिः ससाप्तः।

Post-colophon Statement:—

शुभमस्त । श्रीग्रङ्कराभ्यां नमः। जेस्ठमासे शुक्तपचे तिथी पूर्णमायां भौमवासरे श्री संवत् १८८२।

Devendrāśrama.

6531.

9062. पुरुश्वर्णचन्द्रिका। Puraścarņacandrikā.

Substance, country-made paper. $10 \times 3\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 70. Lines, 8–10. Extent in ślokas, 1,000. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, old and discoloured. Complete.

The work deals with *Puraścarana* and matters connected with it. A MS of the work has been described in L. VII. 2399.

Beginning:—

प्रणम्य जानकीनायं देवेन्द्राश्रमधीमता।

क्रियते मन्त्रचन्द्राणां प्रस्थरणचन्द्रिका॥

अप्रोषणास्त्राम्बुधिपारदृश्वा विणेषतो मान्त्रिकचक्रवत्तौ।

उपासनानां चितच्तेतुभूतां प्रस्क्रियां यो विण्यदीकरोति॥

सन्त्येव मन्त्रणास्त्रे बच्चवो निबन्धास्त्रथापि सुविणेषेः।

सर्व्योपासनसिद्धेर्चेतुतया चन्द्रिका जयति॥

End:-

तन्त्राणि, जैमिनि-कणाद-पतञ्जलीनां श्रीव्यासगोतमसदाणिवपाणिनीनाम्। सांख्यस्य चामरगुरोः कवितां स्मृतिं यो वेदं च वेद क्षपया रघुनन्दनस्य॥

तेनेयं ग्रिष्यता माला वाक्षुष्यैरर्थतन्तुना ।
कार्छे विभूषणं भूयाद रघुनाथार्पिता सती ॥
इति सकलमन्त्राणां पुरस्वरणचन्त्रिकाम् ।
सर्वागमानुसारेण श्रीदेवेन्द्राश्रमोऽकरोत्॥

Colophons:—

43B, इति श्रीपरमहंसपरिवाजकाचार्य-श्रीविबुधेन्त्राश्रमपूज्यपादिष्राष्ट्र-देवेन्द्राश्रमकृतायां पूजाजपविधानं समाप्तम्; 70B, ॰ [होमतर्पणाभिषेकव्राह्मण-भोजनविधिः समाप्तः]; पुरश्चरणचन्द्रिका समाप्ता।

6532.

4112A. Puraścaranacandrikā.

Substance, palm-leaf. $14\frac{1}{2} \times 1$ inches. Folia, 1-42. Lines, 5, 6 on a page. Extent in ślokas, 1,000. Character, Udiyā. Appearance, fair but worm-eaten. Complete.

Candraśekhara.

6533.

4112B. पुरश्चरणदौषिका। Puraścaranadīpikā.

Substance, palm-leaf. $14\frac{1}{2} \times 1$ inches. Folia, 65. Lines, 5, 6. Extent in ślokas, 2,400. Character, Udiyā. Appearance, fair but worm-eaten. Complete in five chapters.

MSS of the work have been described in HPR. II. 127 and Mad. Tr. (R. No. 5165). The former MS gives 1512 S.E. as the date of composition of the work.

Post-colophon Statement:—

समाप्तोऽयं ग्रह्यः चिवित्रमण्यतपथिनः खाच्चरमिदम्।

Harakumāra.

6534.

1732. पुर्श्वरणबोधिनी । Puraścaraṇabodhinī.

Substance, country-made paper. $18\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 1 to 89+2 (containing a table of contents). Lines, 6. Extent in ślokas, 4,400. Character, Bengali. Appearance, fair. Complete in eight chapters.

This is a comprehensive work dealing with the details of puraścaraṇa. The author, a well-known member of the Tagore family of Calcutta, father of late Maharaja Sir Yatindramohan Tagore and grandfather of Sir Maharaja Pradyot Kumar Tagore, composed the work in 1735 Śaka or 1813 A.D. An edition of the work in Bengali characters was published in Calcutta (1903).

Anonymous.

6535.

6081. पुरुश्वरणविधिः। Purascaraṇavidhi.

Substance, country-made paper. $7 \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 4. Lines, 9. Extent in ślokas, 40. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, good. Complete.

This gives a brief description of the procedure of the rite.

III. HOMA.

Caturbhujācārya.

6536.

6381B. नित्यनैमित्तिकतान्त्रिकहोमः। Nityanaimittikatāntrikahoma.

Substance, country-made paper. $10\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 2-7. Lines' 14. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fair. Incomplete.

It describes the procedure of Tantrika homa. Fol. 7B contains the whole of the prāmāṇa section and a very small portion of the prayoga section of the Yantra-saṃskāra described below (6590).

Colophon:—

इति श्रीद्रविडान्वयावतीर्गं श्रीपञ्जराचार्थाभिषित हरिहरा-चार्थाभिषितानागरान्वयावतीर्गं श्रीचतुर्भुजाचार्थविरचितो नित्य-नैमित्तिकतान्त्रिकहोमः समाप्तः।

Anonymous.

6537.

10684. होमविधिः। Homavidhi.

Substance, country-made paper. $16\frac{1}{2}\times4$ inches. Folia, 2. Lines, 8. Extent in ślokas, 60. Character, Bengali. Appearance, old and discoloured. Complete.

This describes the procedure of Homa meant, as is stated at the end, specially for the Vaiṣṇavas.

Beginning:—

ष्यय स्रिस्थापनम् । क्वतित्यित्रियः पञ्चगवेन भूमिशुद्धिं विधाय यथाविधि स्रासनशुद्धं कुर्थात् । सामान्यार्थं कुर्थात् । सूलमन्त्रेण प्राणायामादिकं कुर्थात् । गुरुं खाचां च पूजयेत् ।

End:-

वैषावाणामयं होमो गोपालेषु विशेषतः। तदु भस्म धारयेज्ञित्यं संयतात्मा सम्दद्धये॥

Colophon:-

इति होमविधिः समाप्तः।

6538.

7824. कुराडकल्पद्रुमटीका। Kuṇḍakalpadrumaṭīkā.

Substance, country-made paper. $10\frac{1}{2} \times 5$ inches. Folia, 11. Lines, 11. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, discoloured. Incomplete.

This agrees with what is described as a commentary on the *Kundakalpadruma* of Mādhava Śukla (ASB. II. 1106). It runs up to verse 56 of the work and quotes frequently from Tantra works.

IV. MAGIC RITES.

Śrīkṛṣṇa Vidyāvāgīśa.

6539.

3881. <mark>घट्कर्मादीपिका। Şaṭkarmadīpikā.</mark>

Substance, country-made paper. 13×3½ inches. Folia, 36. Lines, 8–10. Extent in ślokas, 1,400. Character, Bengali. Appearance, fair. Complete in nine chapters.

The work deals with the six black rites of the Tantras. It was published in Bengali characters by R. Chatterji (second edition, Calcutta, 1338 B.S.).

Post-colophon Statement:—

श्रीभवानीप्रसादश्रम्भगाः प्रस्तवं खाच्चर्च ।

Śrīnātha.

6540.

244. कामर्तम्। Kāmaratna.

Substance, country-made paper. $17 \times 3\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 18. Lines, 5. Character, Bengali. Appearance, old. Incomplete.

MSS of the work have been described in L. II. 991 and IO. IV. 2634. The present MS contains the first three chapters of the work which is complete in 15 or 16 chapters. The work deals with the six black rites of the Tantras as well as other magic rites.

An edition of the work has been published by the Lakshmivenkatesvar Press (Kalyan, 1842 S.E.). The edition attributes it to Nityanātha.

6541.

2529. Kāmaratna.

Substance, machine-made paper. 13×4 inches. Folia, 79. Lines, 6. Extent in ślokas, 1,200. Character, Bengali. Date, Śaka 1805. Appearance, fair. Complete in 15 chapters.

Post-colophon Statement:—

भ्राकाब्दाः १८०५। समाप्तोऽयं ग्रायः॥

6542.

8106. Kāmaratna.

Substance, country-made paper. $13\frac{1}{2} \times 3\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 82 with the first three leaves missing. Lines, 8. Extent in ślokas, 1,900. Character, Bengali. Incomplete at the beginning.

The present MS, which contains an inflated text, runs up to the end of the 15th chapter.

Post-colophon Statement:-

श्रीरामगोविन्ददेवभूर्मगाः खाचारं पुस्तकञ्च। श्रुभमस्तु भूकाच्दाः १६३५। अस्मिन्नच्दे दिल्लग्रदिमग्रहलाधिकारी नामा श्रीयुत प्रकसेरचप्रतिरभूत्। १६३५॥ १६३५॥

6543.

10153. Kāmaratna.

Substance, country-made paper. $11 \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 1-15+9-122 of which Nos. 12 and 57 are missing. Lines, 9. Character, Nāgara. Date, Saṃvat 1925. Appearance, some portions old and some portions new. Incomplete for a few folia.

The MS was complete in 16 chapters.

Fol. 1-15 and 59-122 are later restorations. The date of copying belongs to one of these restored portions.

6544.

10152B. Kāmaratna.

Substance, country-made paper. 9½×5 inches. Folia, 16B-55. Lines, 11. Character, Nāgara. Date, Saṃvat 1872. Appearance, old and discoloured. Incomplete.

The present MS contains chapters 12-16 inclusive.

Post-colophon Statement:—

श्रीसंवत् १८०२ मासोत्तममासे भादपदमासे शुक्कपचे अष्टम्यां सोमवारे काश्रीमध्ये प्रज्ञादघाट उपर लिखितं ठाकुरराम-रामानुज दास ॥

6545.

10948. Kāmaratna.

Substance, country-made paper. 12×5 inches. Folia, 78. Lines, 10. Extent in ślokas, 1,200. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fair. Complete in 15 chapters.

Nityanāthasiddha.

6546.

3081. रसर्बाकरः। Rasaratnākara.

Substance, country-made paper. $9\frac{1}{2}\times4$ inches. Folia, 21. Lines 9. Extent in ślokas, 500. Character, Nāgara. Date, Saṃvat 1872. Appearance, fair. Complete in five chapters.

This, as also the following two MSS, contains what is called the *Siddhakhaṇḍa* (or portions thereof) of the *Rasa-ratnākara* attributed to Nityanatha or Nemanatha (Ulwar

2308), son of Pārvatī and Śańkhagupta (Ulwar 1665). The work is stated, in the beginnings of the Rasakhaṇḍa (Venkateswar Steam Press, Bombay) and Rasendrakhaṇḍa (Bik. 1430), to be complete in five khaṇḍas. But there is no reference to the Siddhakhaṇḍa in the list of khaṇḍas enumerated in the above two places. It is however mentioned instead of Mantrakhaṇḍa in Cat. Cat., II, p. 116. The present MS, as well as the two following, agrees with the MS described in HPR. I. 308. The work deals with the black rites.

Beginning:—

ॐ यः ग्रान्तः परमोऽदयः परिग्रवः कंकालकालान्तको ध्यानातीतमनादिनित्यनिचयः संकल्पसंकोचकः। ज्याभासान्तरभासकः समरसः सर्व्यात्मना बोधकः सोयं सर्व्यमयो ददातु जगतां विद्यादिसिद्यास्टकम्॥

ख्रिय सर्व्वजनवायम् ।

रक्चित्तः स्थितो मन्त्री मन्त्रं ज्ञायुतदयम् ।

ततः चौभयते लोकान् दर्भनादेव साधकः॥

Colophons of the different chapters:—

6A, इति श्रीपार्वतीपुत्रनित्यनाथसिद्धविरचिते रसरत्नाकरे सिद्धखां रत्नसारोद्धारे सर्व्ववध्यादिपतिवध्यं नाम प्रथमोपदेशः; 10B, ॰सिद्धखां मन्त्रसारे स्राक्षयादिस्तन्भनं नाम दितीयोपदेशः; 16A, ॰मोच्चादिग्रच्चीश्र-निवारणं नाम हतीयोपदेशः; 19A, ॰कौतूच्लं नाम चतुर्थोपदेशः; 21A, ॰यित्तणीसाधनं नाम पञ्चमोपदेशः।

Post-colophon Statement:—

कराश्वविबन्दिमितेऽब्दे मेषमास्यसिते पद्योऽस्टमौतियाविन्द्वासरे लिखितमिदं गुलजारेग्रेव्यलम् ।

6547.

9930. Rasaratnākara.

Substance, country-made paper. $10\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 11. Lines, 8. Extent in ślokas, 225. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fair. Incomplete.

The present MS contains two chapters and a portion of the third.

6548.

10336. Rasaratnākara.

Substance, machine-made modern paper. 9×4 inches. Folia, 18. Lines, 9. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, discoloured. Incomplete.

This MS contains three chapters and a portion of the fourth, running as far as the middle of Fol. 18A of the MS described under No. 6546. The introductory verse in this MS is different from the one found in the other MSS described above.

Beginning:—

क्तिना नित्यनाथेन विच्तितं तन्त्रसार्यं। सिद्धखाई विनिर्दिष्टं सिद्धिदं सर्व्वकामदम्॥

6549.

10339. Rasaratnākara.

Substance, country-made paper. $9\frac{1}{2}\times4$ inches. Folia, 34. Lines, 12, 13. Extent in ślokas, 600. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, old. Complete in 14 chapters.

This and the following MS contain what is called the Mantrakhanda of the work. It agrees with the MSS described above only in respect of the introductory verse

and some portions here and there. The topics however are generally identical or of the same nature.

Colophons of the different chapters:—

6B, इति श्रीपार्वती प्रचित्यनाथि सिद्धविरिचिते रसरताकरे मन्त्रखां मन्त्रस्थां नाम प्रथमोपदेगः; 11A, ॰ सर्वनोक्तवग्रीकरणं नाम दितीयोपदेगः; 12B, ॰ राजवश्ययात्रनिवारणं नाम त्रतीयोपदेगः; 16B, इति स्त्रीवश्यादिन्द्रावणान्तं नाम चतुर्थोपदेगः; 18A, इति पतिवश्यं नाम पञ्चमोपदेगः; 19B, इति श्री॰ याकर्षणं नाम व्यष्टमोपदेगः; 25A, इति श्रीभेनास्त्रमनं नाम व्यष्टमोपदेगः; 27A, इति श्री॰ ग्राचोचाटनं नाम नवमोपदेगः; 27B, इति श्री॰ मारणं नाम दग्रमोपदेगः; 28B, इति श्री॰ व्याधिकरणं नाम एकादग्रोपदेगः; 31A, इति श्री॰ ग्राचक्रेग्रमिनवारणं नाम दादग्रोपदेगः; 32A, इति श्री॰ कौतुकश्रवानं नाम चर्वदंश्रोपदेगः। साधनं नाम चर्वदंश्रोपदेगः।

6550.

8413. Rasaratnākara.

Substance, country-made paper. $9\frac{1}{2} \times 4$ inches. Folia, 12. Lines, 9. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fair. Incomplete.

This MS contains only the thirteenth chapter which agrees with the same chapter of the MS described above.

Rājārāma.

6551.

<mark>3463. वण्रकार्थ्यमञ्जरी। Vasakāryamañjarī.</mark>

Substance, machine-made paper. $12\frac{1}{2}\times4$ inches. Folia, 1–46 with Fol. 26 missing. Lines, 8–11. Extent in ślokas, 1,400. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, soiled. Incomplete.

The work deals with the six black rites of the Tantras. The present MS contains the description of the procedure of five of these six rites with the help of the *mantras* of various deities.

Beginning:—

प्रमम्य सिचदानन्दं गुरुं तद्भक्षिणम् ।
भदकालीं ततो नला श्रीराजारामग्रम्मणा ॥
कियते विदुषां प्रौत्ये वग्रकार्यस्य मञ्जरी ॥
कोधाञ्चलन्तीं ञ्चलनं वमन्तीं स्वष्टं दहन्तीं दितिजं ग्रसन्तीम् ।
भोमं नदन्तीं प्रणमामि नित्यां रोष्ट्यमाणां ज्ञुधयोग्रकालीम् ॥
नैमित्तिकानि काम्यानि निपतन्ति यथा तथा ।
तथा तथैव कार्थ्याणि न कालस्त विधीयते ॥
ग्रान्तिवग्रयस्तम्मनानि विदेषणोचाटने तथा ।
मारणान्तानि ग्रंसन्ति षट्कम्माणि मनीषिणः ॥

Colophons of the chapters:—

5A, इति श्रीराजारामतर्भवागीश्रमट्टाचार्यविरिचतायां षट्कर्ममञ्जर्यां सामान्यविधिः प्रथमः पटलः। 27A, व्यश्चर्ममञ्जर्यां श्रान्तिविधिर्दितौयः पटलः।

There are no further chapter-colophons of this type though there are sections on some more black rites such as वर्षोकरण (27A-35B), स्तम्भन (35B-42B), विदेषण (42B-44B) and उचाटन (44B-46).

Rāma Vājapeyī.

6552.

8293. निधिदर्भनम्। Nidhidarsana.

Substance, country-made paper. 9×4 inches. Folia, 9. Lines, 9. Extent in ślokas, 125. Character, Nāgara. Date, Saṃvat 1961. (Copied from a MS dated Saṃvat 1695, Śaka 1560.) Appearance, fair. Complete.

This describes magical rites for the acquisition of hidden treasures and other desired objects.

Beginning:—

गुर्व्विणी या म्टता नारी तत्केषां रूपवित्तकं। कृत्वा धार्यते पञ्चाङ्गस्मनोद्धलयेत्तनुं॥१॥ नरमुख्धरो नमः भिष्विपुच्छैः सुभूषितः। इत्येवं रूपध्रम् वीरो पूजां कुर्य्यात् निधिस्थलं ॥ २ ॥ विक्रिकोप्रांतकी वची खेतार्का गिरिकर्णिका। वचा पाठा च निर्गुंडी कररुष्या च सूलकं ॥ ३ ॥ निस्केराडुबीजानि गोमुजेः पेषयेत् समं। <mark>च्यनेन पादलेपेन विघ्वा यान्ति दिश्रो दिश्रः ॥ ४ ॥</mark> <mark>एवं नानाप्रयोगेगा अतिपातालगं धनं।</mark> ग्रह्माति नाच सन्देचः खयं प्रोत्तं पिनाकिनः ॥ ५ ॥ कुषाार्ष्डिरराष्ट्रधुक्तूरबीजं पनरकस्य च। जातिदाडिम्बमूलानि गोमूचैः पेषयेत् समं ॥ ६ ॥ यानेन पादलेपेन सर्पयद्यपिशाचकाः। पलायन्ते न सन्देची निधानं ग्राच्येद्ववं ॥ ० ॥ <mark>च्यघ दृष्टं निधिं मन्त्री कौलकैः कौलयेत्त तं।</mark> <mark>भ्रत्तपालाप्रालोधाध्रकदम्बवट</mark>निम्बजैः ॥ ८ ॥ <mark>भ्रम्युदुम्बुरकाश्वरस्यकीलपत्रसमायु</mark>तैः। भुगन्तु मां देवजनाः पुनन्तु मनसा धिया । पुनन्त विश्वा भूतानि जातवेदः पुनी हि मां॥ इति कीलकमन्तः।

ॐ सर्वभूताधिपतये नमः। अनेन मन्त्रेण मद्यमांसाभ्यां बिलं दद्यात्। भूतबिलः। ॐ ऋीँ भू पट् अनेन मन्त्रेण निधानस्थासन-पुष्पादीन् दद्यात्। End:

चत्वारो मूलिका[ः] चैव पिट्टा पादे प्रलेपयेत्। सर्पयच्चगणाः क्रूरा ये चान्ये विष्नकारकाः॥ पलायन्ते निधिं त्यक्षा यथा युद्धेषु कातराः॥

Colophon:-

इति श्रीनैमिषस्यमालववाजपेयी-श्रीरामविर्यातं निधिदर्भनं समाप्तम्।

Post-colophon Statement :—

संवत् १६६५ प्राके १५६० कार्त्तिकसुदि ५ बुधे लिखितं सुमं। हाल संवत् १८६१ मार्गप्रीर्ष सुक्त ६ स्रगौ दिने लिखितं रघुनाथ-राममालवीयेन काप्यां चिलोचनेस्वरसिद्धधो। स्रीमत्पित्व्य-गुरुवरवालमुकुन्दचरणेश्यो नमः।

Paramaśivendra Sarasvatī.

6553.

10169. भृतिरुद्राक्षमाहात्यम् । Bhūtirudrākṣamāhātmya.

Substance, country-made paper. $11 \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 49. Lines, 9. Extent in ślokas, 1,000. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fair. Incomplete.

The present MS contains the section on भूतिमाहात्य and a few lines of रहान्तमाहात्य।

The section deals with the importance and uses of *vibhūti* (sanctified ashes) which is stated to be a favourite object of Siva.

Beginning:

नला गग्रेश्वरं स्कन्दं साम्बं सद्गुरुमेव च। भूतिरुद्रान्तमा चात्र्यनिष्यन्यादि प्रकाप्यते॥ प्रथमं संग्रहेग्रैव दयोर्थं उदीर्थते।

तच भस्मधार्णस्य।

प्रथमं वर्णधमीलं तदन्वाश्रमधमीता। नित्यत्वं च सदा धार्थं तथैवालङ्मनीयता ॥ अखाज्यतं खाज्यदोषो भोगमो चापलार्थता । मोचार्थता धीहेतुलं वरिष्ठं पापनाश्वकम ॥ तापचयनिटत्तिस चिसप्तक्तां ड्रितः। सर्वनमाङ्गता श्रम्।विष्णवादेस्त्रिकारणम् ॥ <mark> अरुेश्वर्थप्रदं विष्णुविधीप्रार्था</mark>दिधार्थ्यता । भस्गोत्पादनमानानि व्यवस्था भस्मनस्तथा ॥ <mark>रुह्जावालपाद्मोत्त-विर्जाहोसस्त्रमः।</mark> वायवीयोत्तविरजातत्त्वहोमन्रमस्तथा॥ कौर्मोत्तरीत्या पासुपतं संग्रहेण प्रदर्शितम्। विभूतिधारणविधिक्तत्प्रमाणमनन्तरम्॥ तथा रदाच्यमाचात्यं निखलेनैव वर्णितम्। स्कान्दे पुराग्णेऽन्यचापि वायवीये तथेव च ॥ पाराधरे च वाधि है जैक्ने गारुड एव च। तथा ब्ह्नारदीये स्तान्दे नाम्यलमीरितम्॥ ब्रह्मवैवर्त्तेपि तथागस्यलाञ्चितवाग्वरे। ब्रह्माखांखे प्राणे च महापलमुदीरितम्॥ पादी स्वान्दे च वाभिष्ठे लैंदे ब्रह्माराड्संज्के। रदाच्चधारणं सर्व्यपायनाश्चकमौरितम्॥ पाराधरे च वाधिष्ठे लैंद्गे रदाच्यधारणम्। श्चिवविषासरच्येष्ठऋषादि धतमीरितम्॥

End of the bhūtimāhātmya section :—
विप्राणां सिललेन धार्थमुचितं भस्म चिकालेखपि
स्त्रीभिच्चोर्जलविर्ज्जितं प्रतिवनस्थानाङ्गनानामिदम्।
दीच्चा हीनन्द्रणां च वारिसहितं मध्याह्रतः प्राक् स्मृतं
सर्व्वेषां सममेतदाङ्करपरे सन्तोनवद्ये विधिम्॥

Colophon:-

इति श्रीमत्परमहंसपरिवाजकाचार्यामिनवनारायग्रेन्द्रसरखती-पूज्यपादिशिष्यश्रीमत्परमिश्वेन्द्रसरखतीविरचितं भूतिमाहात्यं सम्पूर्णम्।

Post-colophon Statement:—

पुस्तक चिवित्रमेन्द्रसामी।

Anonymous.

6554.

2773. [षट्कर्मविधिः। Ṣaṭkarmavidhi.]

Substance, country-made paper. 15×5 inches. Folia, 7. Lines, 12. Extent in ślokas, 250. Character, Bengali. Date, Saka 1723. Appearance, old. Complete.

The work deals with the black rites and incantations. A considerable portion of the work is in Bengali.

Beginning:—

यस्थेश्वरस्य विमलं चरणारविन्दं

* * *

तं प्रक्षरं सकलदुःखहरं नमामि॥
वच्छे च कामरत्नतः।

वध्यादिनमाणि मन्तं सावनान्तं समुद्धरम्।

Post-colophon Statement:

श्रीमिकरचाँद अधिकारी सां भिद्धाराव॥ श्रीमृत्यञ्जय श्रम्मा स्वकीय प्रक्तकिमिति। श्रकाब्दाः १७२३ तेरिख २४ भाद।

6555.

11362. हर्मेखला। Haramekhalā.

Substance, country-made paper. $15 \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 177 of which 4, 8, 28, 31, 32, 56, 81-83, 87, 133-35, 167, 169 are missing. Lines, 9. Extent in ślokas, 4,700. Character, Newari. Appearance, old. Date, 782 N.S. Incomplete.

The present MS contains chapters I-VII. It is accompanied by a commentary in Nepali. It may be the same as Harimekhalā (Nep. I, p. 36). The work deals with magic rites. The Uddīśatantra is called Haramekhalā in one MS (L. II. 989). A Haramekhalaka-grantha is mentioned as one of the source books on which the Kakṣa-puṭatantra is based.

Beginning:

नि[र]विधजगद्भावाभावोदयव्ययविश्रमकुमित +पमक्रमकौताप्रौखोऽप्यख्खसमस्थितः।
सत्तमप्रथग्भोग्यं भावावरोधरसात्मकं
कमपि दिण्रतादानन्दं वा नवेन्द्विभूषणः॥
व्यक्तार्थतो विद्धतो हरमेखलाया
बुद्धः स्वभावचरित हरमेखलायाः।
सन्तो यथा हरिचरादिभयोगतात्ताः
स्थः संग्रयादिविरहादिभयोगतात्ताः॥
विद्यानिधेर्जगति सर्वगुरोदिजेन्द्रचूडामग्येः स्वयग्रहतोऽपि गन्यः।
तर्दस्तु सुन्दरिधया स्मृतय चिकीर्षाः
प्रार्थानिविष्ठमथ कोच मनोऽभिमानः॥

Last Colophon :-

हरमेखलायां सप्तमः परिच्छेदः समाप्तः। इति हरमेखलायां योगमालायां नेपालभाषाटीका परिसमाप्ता॥

Post-colophon Statement:—

सम्बत् ७८२ ज्यस्नास्य क्षणपत्त चतुर्दश्यायां तिथौ रोष्टिणी-नत्त्वचे श्रूलयोगे वृष्टस्पतिवासरे तिह्ने लिखितं सम्पूर्ण श्रुम ।

6556.

9935. वश्रीकर्णप्रयोगः। Vaśīkaraṇaprayoga.

Substance, country-made paper. $10\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folium, 1. Lines, 17 in all. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fair. Complete.

It describes different rites for bringing people under subjugation.

6557.

8484. सुत्रीव[व] शंकरणी विद्या। Sugrīva(va) saṃkaraṇī vidyā.

Substance, country-made paper. $10 \times 5\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 35. Lines, 10. Extent in ślokas, 700. Character, Nāgara. Date, Saṃvat 1890. Appearance, fair. Complete.

It describes uses of the *mantras* of Sugrīva and other deities in connection with the black rites of the Tantras including the subduing of evil spirits.

Beginning:

खयातः संप्रवच्यामि गुह्याद्गुह्यतरं परं।
सुग्रीवमण्डलं चैव मात्मण्डलमृत्तमम् ॥
डाकिनीनां विशेषेण निग्रहं तं वदाम्यहं।
ये चान्ये भूतदोषास्त्र पिशाचा यद्यराद्यसाः॥
नश्यन्ति च ग्रहाः सर्वे सुग्रीवसारणादिष।
मात्टिभः पूतनादिभ्यः सुग्रीवं तत्र यो जपेत्॥

मार्डलं संप्रवच्छामि सिद्धं सुग्रीवभाषितं॥ मार्टस्थाने भाषाने वा एकरुचे चतुष्पधे। ततो भूमिं परौचीतुं मार्डलं तत्र लेखयेत्॥

Colophon:-

इति श्रीसुग्रीव[व] शंकरणी विद्या समाप्ता।

Post-colophon Statement:—

रन्ध्रर्तु[वसु]चन्त्रेऽब्दे मासे च मकरेऽसिते। सप्तम्यां प्रस्तकं दिव्यं लिखितम् ऋतुप्रास्माणा॥

संवत् १८० मिः मार्गशीर्षक्षणके समाप्त लीखा पुस्तक। लीखितं भवानीकारस्य लीखा वाविलभद्रसीघराजपुतमच्ले पीखरी।

6558.

9330. शाबरमन्तः। Śābaramantra.

Substance, country-made paper. $10 \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 8. Lines, 11. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, old. Incomplete.

It contains (up to Fol. 6A) a number of incantations in Hindi and corrupt Sanskrit. The portion after 6A agrees with the beginning of *Divyaśābaratantra* (No. 6091 above).

6559.

9924. मन्त्रसंग्रहः। Mantrasamgraha.]

Substance, country-made paper. $10\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 5. Lines, 9. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fair. Complete.

It contains a collection of incantations and prescriptions of drugs for purposes like the preservation of the foetus, bringing people into subjugation, etc.

6560.

2151. रोगहरणचिन्तामणिमन्तः। Rogaharaṇacintāmaṇimantra.

Substance, machine-made paper. 6×4 inches. Folia, 2. Lines, 11. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fair. Complete.

This contains a mantra stated to be taken from the Vāmakeśvaratantra, the muttering of which drives away diseases. The rules for the muttering are also given.

Colophon:—

इति वामकेश्वरतन्त्रे शिवश्रक्तिसंवादे रोगहरणो नाम चिन्ता-मणिमन्त्रः समाप्तः।

6561.

9919. [रोगहर्णमन्त्रः। Rogaharaṇamantra.]

Substance, country-made paper. $10\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 2. Lines, 17. Extent in ślokas, 75. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, old. Complete.

It contains incantations for driving away diseases.

Beginning:

ॐ खिस्त श्रीलङ्कातो महाराजाधिराजसमस्तकोणाधिपतिः श्रीविभीषणः समादिश्रति अमुक्यामे वास्तय अमुक्रश्रीरस्य रे रे दुख्वेलाज्वर एकाहिक-द्याहिक-चातुर्धिक-ज्वर कामज्वर एतेषां मध्ये यः कोऽपि भवति तन्त्रति वन्दति त्या मम पित्रकादर्शनेन श्रीष्ठं समागन्तयं नोत्विचरस्रन्द्रहासखङ्गेन कर्त्तिययामि मा भिण्यिस बलादिदिख्यमिति। आदीतवारे ए चिठी लिषी रोगी नैव चाईये गूगलङोमी गले बान्धिये सर्व्यताव जाइ।

6562.

2321. मोटनविधः। Moțanavidhi.

Substance, machine-made paper. $6\frac{1}{2} \times 4$ inches. Folia, 2. Lines, 10. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, discoloured. Complete.

It contains an extract from chapter 23 of the *Maruttantra* which describes a magical rite called *Moṭana* for securing divine manifestation. This is followed by a folium describing the procedure of the worship of Kaumārī.

Beginning:

खय मोटनकं वच्चे देवाविभीवकारणम्।
पाकित्रया प्रकर्तव्या चतुर्भच्तसमन्विता॥
भार्य्यया साधकेन्द्रस्य पातित्रव्यादियुक्तया।
खप्रसूताः स्त्रियः पञ्च खाह्रय सकुमारिकाः॥
खलंक्यताः पविज्ञास्ता रक्षपंत्रयोपवेश्ययेत्।

Post-colophon Statement:—

इदं पुस्तकं भागवतोपनामकधरणीधरभट्टेन लिखितम्।

6563.

10216. पूतनाविधानम् । Pūtanāvidhāna.

Substance, country-made paper. 9×4 inches. Folia, 12. Lines, 8-11. Extent in ślokas, 200. Character, Nāgara. Date, Saṃvat 1934. Appearance, old and discoloured. Complete.

It deals with the propitiation of Pūtanā, an evil spirit that causes various ailments among children.

A section dealing with the same topic is found in the Sāntiratna of Kamalākara (ASB. III. 2184—Fol. 118A—130B).

Beginning:—

अथ पूतनाविधानप्रारमः।
अथात[ः] संप्रवच्यामि रसनं दण्णराचिकं।
पूतना धन्विनी नाम ग्रह्णीते दण्णराचिकं।
तया ग्रह्णीतमाचस्तु चचुर्भ्यां नैव पण्ल्यति॥

End:

ॐ नमो देवी निलिन बालका बालपरो विल ग्रिष्ट बालकं मुख्य मृ[ञ्च] खाद्या।

6564.

5737. कौतुकचिन्तामणिः। Kautukacintāmaņi.

Substance, country-made paper. 13×7 inches. Folia, 20. Lines, 16 to 19. Extent in ślokas, 1,025. Character, Nāgara. Date, Saṃvat 1891. Appearance, mouse-eaten and discoloured. Complete.

The work describes a number of magical performances with different applications of various substances.

Beginning:—

श्रीमद्गौरीमुखाम्भोजबन्ध्रायतलोचनं।
लोचनं सर्व्वजगतामीहे यत्नेश्वरं तथा॥
स्वय कौतुकेषु तावत् नीतिचिन्तासु विषपरीच्याप्रकारः।
म्द्रुराजः श्रकञ्चेति सारिका चेति पिच्याः।
कोप्रन्ति म्रप्रमुदिग्नाः विषपन्नगदर्भनात्॥
स्वयत्तं मुच्चित कौच्चो म्यिते मत्तकोकिलः।
जीवंजीवस्य च ग्लानिर्जायते विषदर्भनात्॥
रषामन्यतमेनापि समश्रीयात् परीच्यतं।
भोज्यमन्नं परीच्यां द्यादा पूर्व्वमन्नये॥

एवं खयं यत्नवता राज्ञा स्तम्भनवश्रीकरण-वाजीकरण-क्षत्रम-वस्तुकरणं च जनायुपकरणटचारोच्दादिभेदै[ः] कौतुकैः कालज्ञानं कार्यमिति तान्युचन्ते। तचादौ कौतुकप्रयोक्ता पर स्तप्रित्वूल-सम्भावनया खग्ररीरपूर्णक्रमेगीव कौतुकानि युझौत।

List of topics dealt with:—

1B, तत्र परसेनास्तमः; 2A, अथाङ्गारमद्याणम्; अथ ग्रह्दाहस्तमः; 2B, अथ खङ्गसमः; अथ अग्निस्तमः; 3A, अथ जले स्तम्मनभेदाः; अथ वीर्थस्तमः; 4A, अथ स्त्रीवर्थः; 5A, पितवर्थः; अथ वाजीकरणम्; 6A, अथानङ्गतालस्थितः; 7B, अथ म्हन्नयः; अथाकर्षणम्; अथ क्रिमवस्त्रकरणानि; 8A, अथ पद्मरागकरणम्; अथ नीलमणिः; 9A, अथ स्त्रणित्वर्षः; 9B, अथ कस्त्री; 10A, अथ हिरालकरणम्; 10A, अथ सिन्द्रकरणम्; 10B, अथ कर्पूरतेलकरणम्; 10B, अथ भूनागप्रकारः; 11A, अथ प्रधानिर्थासपातनम्; 11B, अथ खनननद्यम्; अथाञ्जनानि; 12A, अथ[ा]द्मस्वकरणं; 12B, अथ पादपरोहदादि; 13B, अथ दत्त्विचत्री; 14A, अथ पाषाणचर्ळणं; अथ दीपवधात् सर्पाकारनिरीद्यणम्; 14B, अगाधजलस्थितः; 15A, अथो मास्तकरणं; 16A, अथ मूषकोचाटनं; 17A, अथ सारस्तप्रयोगः; 17B, चौरवाञ्चादिभयहरणं; 18A, अथ नानारूपहातिः; 18B, व्याञ्चकरणं; रस्विक-करणं; मत्स्यसर्पकरणं; 39A, इन्द्रलुप्तरोगनाप्रः; 19B, मुखदुर्गन्धनाप्रः; अथ देहस्तितहरणम्; अथ सुकुमाररसायनम्।

Post-colophon Statement:—

श्रीसंमत् १८१ समैनाम माघवदी पश्चमी॥५॥ के दसमत कहैं आ लाल काएस्थ।

6565.

10607. रहनिधिदर्भनम्। Bṛhannidhidarśana.

Substance, country-made paper. 11×4 inches. Folia, 1–13 of which Fol. 10 is missing and Foll. 11–13 are of a larger size ($11 \times 5\frac{1}{2}$ inches). Lines, 13–18. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fair. Incomplete.

The name of the work occurs on the obverse of Fol. 1. As regards the subject-matter of the work, it is similar to the *Nidhidarśana* described above.

Beginning:

नमो भालेच्यावहिञ्चालाजिटलमोलये।
चिप्रान्धगजध्वंसपिछताय पि[ना]िकने॥
करिक्षग्योमतं तन्त्रं सिद्धसावरतन्त्रतः।
च्यथ निधिकर्मिया सहायान् वच्यते।
सर्व्यते + + + प्रान्त-मद-मात्सर्थविर्ज्ञताः।
प्रलम्बवाहवो घोरा निर्भया दम्भविर्जताः॥
...
सहायाः प्रोभनाश्चिते कथ्यन्ते मुनिनोदिताः।
सत्यद्यीना दुराचारा नास्तिकाः प्रास्त्रदूषकाः॥
...
एते निन्दाः समाख्याताः सहाया निधिकर्मिया।
निधिस्थानानि कथ्यन्ते प्रम्भुप्रोक्तानि कानिचित्॥
जीर्योद्यानतडागेषु चिखकायतनेषु च।
प्रमण्याने तीर्थसीमायां सिद्धस्थानेषु मण्डले॥
तोर्यो हस्तिप्रालायां चत्वरे चास्यदात्रये।
निधादानां ग्रहे पर्याप्रालायां वरालये॥

6566.

10524. राजौसाधनम्। Rājīsādhana.

Substance, country-made paper. $9\frac{1}{2} \times 5$ inches. Folia, 8. Lines, 12–14. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, discoloured. Incomplete.

The present MS contains only a fragment of a work without any beginning or end. It refers to the $K\bar{a}ka$ -candeśvarīmata (1A) and Govindārṇava (8A).

It contains, among other things, a number of recipes for preparing artificial gold. The name is taken from that of a sectional heading (Fol. 2A).

V. MISCELLANEOUS RITES.

Anonymous.

6567.

9285. **भूतग्रुडिप्राग्पप्रतिष्ठे** । Bhūtaśuddhi and Prāṇapratiṣṭhā.

Substance, country-made paper. $7 \times 3\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 6. Lines, 8. Extent in ślokas, 70. Date, Samvat 1923. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fair. Complete.

This contains the description of the procedure of two Tantric rites, মুনস্থান্তি and ঘাত্তঘানিস্থা.

Colophon:-

इति श्रीभूतशुद्धिप्रागप्रतिष्ठे समाप्ते।

Post-colophon Statement:—

मिति पालगुनवदी १० गुरुवार संवत् १८२३। पगड्या क्रागाजी-सुत गोपीनायजी। स्रात्मपठनार्थं वा परोपकारार्थं॥ सुभं भवत्॥

6568.

1987. सन्धाप्रयोगः। Sandhyāprayoga.

Substance, country-made yellow paper. 8×4 inches. Folia, 12. Lines, 7. Extent in ślokas, 150. Character, Nāgara. Date, Samvat 1950. Appearance, fair. Complete.

The present MS has been described in L. X. 4257. Though it describes the procedure of Vedic Sandhyā it is found to have Tantric elements (Nyāsa, etc.) to a large extent.

Post-colophon Statement:—

मि॰ क्रमा ११ चन्द्रोन संवत् १९५०। समं भूयात्।

6569.

2178. मानसस्चानविधः। Mānasasnānavidhi.

Substance, country-made paper. $10\frac{1}{2} \times 5\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folium, 1. Lines, 11. Extent in ślokas, 14. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, old. Complete.

The present MS has been described in L. X. 4131. It describes 'mental bathing' through meditation.

6570.

9598. [तान्त्रिक्सक्तत्यविश्रेषपद्यतिः। Tāntrikakṛtyaviśeṣapaddhati.]

Substance, country-made paper. $6 \times 2\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 15 (by counting). Lines, 6. Extent in ślokas, 250. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, old. Incomplete.

The MS consists of four sets of leaves describing respectively the procedure of the following Tantric rites: (1) पशुदानविधि, (2) भिवाबलिप्रकार and कुमारीपूजन, (3) पञ्चतत्त्व- भोधन (the first two folia of this section are missing), (4) पाजवन्दन.

The section पञ्चतन्त्रशोधन incidentally refers to the mode of arrangement of pots in which wine is to be poured. And the section पाचवन्दन gives metrical mantras to be uttered in purifying and utilising each of these pots. These mantras, which are eleven in number here, are found generally to agree with the verses of Mahākālasaṃhitāyām soḍaśapātram (6058 above).

4778. Tāntrikakṛtyaviśeṣapaddhati.

Substance, country-made paper. One long sheet of paper with 34 folds, each $7 \times 3\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Lines, 16-19 on each side of a fold. Character, Newari. Appearance, old and discoloured. Complete.

It contains descriptions of the procedure of various Tantric rites, such as $Mantraprad\bar{a}nad\bar{\imath}ks\bar{a}$, $Tripurasundar\bar{\imath}p\bar{u}j\bar{a}$, etc.

6572.

8666D. Tāntrikakṛtyaviśeṣapaddhati.

Substance, country-made paper. $11\frac{1}{2} \times 5\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 2. Lines, 13. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, old. Incomplete.

It describes छहिचक, दिक्साधन, ग्रन्थोद्धार and refers to महाकपिलपञ्चरात्र, हयग्रीर्षपञ्चरात्र and तिकार्डमर्डण।

VI. MUDRĀS.

Rāmakiśora.

6573.

8136. मुद्राप्रकाशः। Mudrāprakāśa.

Substance, country-made paper. 13×4 inches. Folia, 1-23 of which Fol. 9B is blank. Lines, 8, 9. Extent in ślokas, 550. Character, Bengali. Appearance, good. Complete in six chapters.

The work deals in detail with the *mudrās* of the five principal deities. A MS of the work in Maithilī characters has been described in L. V. 1866. An edition of the work in litho was published at Benares (Siddhavinayaka Press, 1941 V.S.).

The work refers amongst other works to *Tantrasāra* (22B etc.), *Saṭkarmadīpikā* (22B) and *Śāradātilaka* (23A).

Beginning:—

End:—

यो जज्ञे सक्तती धरासुरवराद्वीरोत्तमादाघवात् तस्माद रामिकशोर ईश्वरसमाद यो रदनारायणात्।

जातो युग्मभूरस्थिराधरधरामाने भूकाब्दे गते तेनासौ विधुरारिराजनगरे मुदाप्रकाभः कृतः॥

Colophons of the different chapters:—

10A, इति श्रीरामिकश्रोरविरचिते ग्रेशे मुद्राप्रकाशाख्ये। साधारग-मुद्रानिर्णय त्रादिपरिच्चेदः॥

12A, दिजातिना रामिकणोरनामा मुदाप्रकाणे रिचतो दितीयः। अयं परिच्छेद उमेणसुद्राविनिर्णयो नाम गतः समाप्तिम्॥

15A, दिजातिना रामिकश्रोरनाम्ना मुद्राप्रकाशे रिचिते प्रयत्नात्। अयं परिच्छेद उपेन्त्रमुद्राविनिर्श्यो नाम गतस्तृतीयः॥

16A, दिजातिना रामिकश्रोरनाम्ना सुदाप्रकाशे रिचते प्रयत्नात्। अयं परिच्छेद इभास्यसुदाविनिर्णयो नाम गतञ्चतुर्थः॥

22B, रामिकशोरिवरिचिते ग्रन्थे मुद्राप्रकाशाख्ये। गतवान् पञ्चम एष सम्पूर्णत्वं परिच्छेदः श्रक्तिमुद्राविनिर्णयो नाम॥

23A, रामिकशोरिवरिचिते ग्रेश्चे मुदाधकाश्रसंज्ञके। गतवान् एष च षष्ठः सम्पूर्णत्वं परिच्छेदः॥

6574.

9057. Mudrāprakāśa.

Substance, country-made paper. $10\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 29. Lines, 8. Extent in ślokas, 550. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fair. Complete in six chapters.

Bhāskararāya.

6575.

2025. तृचभास्तरः। Tṛcabhāskara.

Substance, country-made paper. $10\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 3. Lines, 9. Extent in ślokas, 60. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, worm-eaten. Incomplete.

The present MS contains a section of the work describing a number of mudrās.

According to the colophon it forms part of Bhāskara-rāya's *Tṛcabhāskara*, which is described as 'a work treating of the worship of Sūrya for removing bodily illness' (CS. II. 481).

Beginning:

अधाज उपयुक्तानामुपयोच्यमाणानां च सुद्राणां लच्चणानि ।
यज्ञकृत्येषु चेच्छक्तौ इस्तौ सुद्रादिसुच्चमौ ।
तदा सुद्रां विधायैव तत्तत् कृत्यं समाचरेत् ॥
सुद्राविसुक्तइस्तेन ज्ञियते कम्म वैदिकम् ।
यदि तज्ञिष्पालं तस्मात् कम्म सुद्रान्वितश्चरेत् ॥
इत्यादिवचनात्तान्यावश्यकानि ।

Colophon:-

इति भास्तररायभारत्युन्नीते त्चभास्तरे मुदालचाणानि।

Post-colophon Statement:— श्रीमाघ सुदी प्रगवसी संमत्।

6576.

2807. मुद्रा[प्र]कर्णम्। Mudrā[pra]karaņa.

Substance, country-made paper. $20\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 4. Lines, 6. Extent in ślokas, 140. Character, Bengali. Appearance, old. Complete.

The present MS has been described in L. X. 4203. This contains the *mudrā* section of the *Tantrasāra* of Kṛṣṇānanda.

2927. Mudrāprakaraņa.

Substance, country-made paper. $8\frac{1}{2} \times 5$ inches. Folia, 9. Lines, 12. Extent in ślokas, 150. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fair. Complete.

In the present MS the *mudrā* section is preceded by the *Yogāṅgāsana* section of the *Tantrasāra*.

6578.

6008. मुद्राविवर्णम्। Mudrāvivaraņa.]

Substance, country-made paper. 8×6 inches. Folia, 7. Lines, 15. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fair. Complete.

It describes various mudrās and quotes from Tantrarāja, Prayogasāra, Lakṣmaṇasaṃgraha, Rājatantra, etc. A number of quotations from the Lakṣmaṇasaṃgraha are traceable in the Mudrāprakaraṇa described above.

Beginning:—

यक्ष्ममुद्राकुम्भमुद्राग्नियाकारमुद्राञ्चथादिन्यासमुद्राघडक्षमुद्रागालिनीमुद्राग्रक्षमुद्रामत्स्यमुद्राः च्य[ा]वाच्चादिनवमुद्राः]ग्रेग्यमुद्राः] सप्त भाक्तदभ्रमुद्राः वैष्णव एकोनविंभ्रतिः भ्रेवदभ्रमुद्राः
गन्धादिपच्चमुद्राः चक्रमुद्रा ग्रासमुद्रा प्राणादिपच्चमुद्राः] सप्तिच्छामुद्राः भूतवलिमुद्रा नाराचमुद्रा नमस्कारमुद्रा संचारमुद्रा सप्तनवतिस्वेति पाभ्रमुद्रा गदामुद्रा स्रुलमुद्रा खद्रमुद्रा। च्यथेतासां
लच्चणानि।

End:—

मुखिरूर्द्धकताङ्गुष्ठा दिस्ता नादमुदिका । तर्ज्जन्यङ्गुष्ठसंयोगाद् स्रयतो विष्णुमुदिका ॥ VII. YANTRAS.

Dāmodara.

6579.

5775. यन्त्रचिन्तामणिः। Yantracintāmaņi.

Substance, country-made paper. 10×4 inches. Folia, 32. Lines, 12. Extent in ślokas, 950. Character, Nāgara. Date, Saṃvat 1855. Appearance, old. Complete.

MSS of the work have been described in L. I. 257, CS. V. 76 (I) and VSP. (p. 62). An edition of the work was published in Litho at Benares (1935 Samvat). After the last section, called *mokṣādhikāra*, the edition treats of a few general topics concerning *yantras*, like the drawing and consecration of them.

The work is complete in nine sections. The first two sections give an account of the author, describe the origin of the work and deal with a few general directions. In the remaining seven sections different yantras as used in different functions (vaśīkaraṇa, ākarṣaṇa, vidveṣaṇa, māraṇa, uccāṭana, śānti and mokṣa) are described. The descriptions are given in the form of utterances of Śiva.

Post-colophon Statement:—

संवत् १८५५।

6580.

11290. Yantracintāmaņi.

Substance, country-made paper. 9½×3 inches. Folia, 1-64. Lines, 6. Extent in ślokas, 950. Character, Newari. Date, 790 N.S. Appearance, fair. Complete.

Post-colophon Statement: -

संवत् ७६० पाल्यान विह ६ स्रभमस्त ।

6581.

8107. Yantracintāmaņi.

Substance, country-made yellow paper. 14×4 inches. Folia 1-12, of which Fol. 9 is missing. Lines, 12. Extent in ślokas, 380. Character, Bengali. Appearance, fair. Incomplete.

The present MS runs almost up to the end of the description of the third yantra under the section of stambhana.

6582.

5847. Yantracintāmaņi.

Substance, country-made paper. $6\frac{1}{2} \times 4$ inches. Folia, 56. Lines, 11. Extent in ślokas, 700. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, old. Incomplete.

The introductory portion giving the genealogy of the author and an account of the origin of the book which comprise the first chapter and a part of the second in the previous MSS are absent in the present MS which also does not describe the third yantra of the last chapter and omits the concluding portion which gives the contents of the work and indicates its merits. It begins in the middle of the second pīṭhikā which is referred to as the first in the colophon on Fol. 3A.

Beginning:—

श्रीपार्व्व युवाच ।

विना होमेन जप्येन प्रस्थरणसेवया। कलौ तु सिध्यते देव तथोपायं वदस्व नः॥१॥ श्रीण्रिव उवाच। साधु साधु महाप्राचे लोकानां हितकारके।

इदमधं न नेनापि एको इं पद्मलोचने ॥ २॥

Post-colophon Statement:—

इदं पुक्तकं गोविन्दभट्टस्य सूनुना सोमनायेन लिखितम्।

6583.

2884. Yantracintāmaņi.

Substance, country-made paper. 10×5 inches. Folia, 1-43. Lines, 9, 10. Extent in ślokas, 700. Character, Nāgara. Date, Saṃvat 1870. Appearance, fair. Incomplete.

This MS begins towards the end of the first $p\bar{\imath}thik\bar{a}$ and omits the initial portion of the second as also the last section called $mok\bar{\imath}adhik\bar{a}ra$.

Beginning:—

महाकूरैर्महाभी मैर्महाकालै ख विराजितैः।
केवला खतरै नी गौर्गितध्वनिवराजितैः॥
एवम्भूते तु कैलासे देवदेवः खयं प्रभुः।
च्योतिम्भयोऽस्तमयो योग्यचि[त्तः] सदाण्लिवः॥
च्यवको यक्तरूपोऽसो यत्राक्ते तु खयं ण्लिवः।

Post-colophon Statement:—

समाप्तं। शुभं लिखितं। संवत् १८०० भाके १०३५ मास पौष तिथौ चयोदश्याम्।

Śrīharsa.

6584.

5876. ग्रङ्क्यन्त्रविधिः। Ankayantravidhi.

Substance, country-made paper. $10\frac{1}{2} \times 6$ inches. Folia, 10. Lines, 15. Extent in ślokas, 300. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fair. Incomplete.

The present manuscript contains the author's own commentary on the work accompanied by portions of the text. The concluding portions which have no commentary deal with homa and the six black rites. It is not known if these portions form part of the work. Another MS of the work with the commentary is noticed in Bd. 943. Śrīharṣa, referred to by Premanidhi in his commentary on the Śivatānḍava (Fol. 19B, 5971 above), seems to be identical with the present author.

Beginning of the commentary:—
श्रीसूर्ययामार्कतवाजपेयादिवामजन्मा वितनोति टीकाम्।
श्रीरामचन्द्रान् गुरुरामरूपान्
प्रग्रम्य चर्षः सक्ती कृतचः॥
तन्त्राण्यालोच तन्त्रेभ्यो गुरुभ्योधीत्य कृतस्म्रपः।
ग्रङ्गतन्त्रस्य गुच्छोयं कृतो चर्षेण विक्तरात्॥
तस्यैव क्रियते टीका तेनैव स्ररिणा बुधाः।
ग्रम्भय च तन्त्रार्थं ग्रह्मन्त श्रुभवाञ्ककाः॥

अत्र विष्नविध्वंसकदारा प्रारब्धग्रसमास्य प्रिष्ठाचारपरि-पालनाय च विषयादीन् दर्भयन् [स्वे]छदेवतां नमस्करोति ।

Beginning of the text:—

ॐ कायेन वाचा शिरसा च नित्यं नमामि श्रम्भं भवमुत्तरीतुम् । विश्रद्धदेचं प्रकृतेः परं तं भवादिभूतं विर्जं विराजम् ॥ १ ॥ नत्वा गुरं गणपतिं च वदामि यन्ता-ण्यक्कोद्भवानि नवषोडशकोष्ठकानि । यद्धारणाद् भवति खर्गसमीच्तितार्थ-सिद्धिनृंगां श्रुतिपथे परमास्तिकानाम् ॥ २ ॥ गुरुभ्योऽधीत्य यन्त्राणि यामलादौनि भागमः।
व[च्चि] लोकोपकाराधं यन्त्रग्रस्यं सुगोपितत्॥३॥
भूर्ज्जपचे लिखेदान्त्रं रोचनादौः सुभेऽहनि।
स्रालिख्य धारयेन्सूर्भि करे वा यदि वा गले॥॥॥

Colophon:

इति श्री हर्षे क्रत[:] स्वाःचन्द्रविधिस्समाप्तः।

The last leaf which does not form part of the present work contains an extract from some treatise relating to the efficacy of different types of *rudrākṣa*. It begins:—

कार्त्तिकेय उवाच।

एकदिचिचतुष्पञ्चषट्सप्तवसवो नव । दण्रीकादण्-दादण्-चयोदण्-चतुर्द्ण ॥ एतेषां तु मुखानां तु देवता कोऽच प्रज्ञर । गुणास्व कीदृशास्तेषां कथयस्व यथार्थतः॥

श्रीभाव उवाच।

प्रदेश प्राक्षरतत्त्वेन वक्ने वक्ने यथाक्रमम्।

एकवक्नः प्रिवः साचात् ब्रह्महत्यां व्यपोह्नति॥

Anonymous.

6585.

8089. यन्त्रसंग्रहः। Yantrasamgraha.]

Substance, country-made paper. 10×10 inches. Folia, 6. Appearance, good.

This contains diagrams, drawn on sheets of paper, pasted on boards, of Vāgīśvarī, Chhinnamastā, Vindhyeśvarī, Bālātripurasundarī, Śrīvidyā and Gaṇeśa. Along

with these there are ten more sheets of paper of varying sizes (18"×14", 19"×14", 21"×3", etc.) containing a number of diagrams concerning Syenayāga, Baudhāyanīya Syenayāga and other Vedic rituals.

Three sheets of paper, found with No. 6572 above, contain Mahāgaṇapatiyantra, Vindhyavāsinīyantra, Tripurāyantra, Rāmayantra, Tvaritāyantra, Gopālayantra and a number of other diagrams.

6586.

7554. गर्भर्ष्यायन्त्रम् । Garbharakṣāyantra.

Substance, country-made paper. $7\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folium, 1. Lines, 20 in all. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, good.

This contains a diagram which is named Garbha-rakṣāyantra in a late Bengali hand. It is accompanied by vernacular mantras, directions and other matters.

6587.

5200. जगहाचौदुर्गायन्त्रम् । Jagaddhātrīdurgāyantra.

Substance, country-made paper. $12 \times 6\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folium, 1. Lines, 5. Character, Bengali. Appearance, good. Complete.

It contains the diagram called Jagaddhātrīdurgāyantra as also a few verses indicating how it is to be drawn. The verses are identical with similar verses occurring in the Tantrasāra of Kṛṣṇānanda.

6588.

5113. मृत्युष्ट्रययन्त्रम् । Mṛtyuñjayayantra.

Substance, country-made paper. $13\frac{1}{2} \times 3$ inches. Folia, 2. Lines, 8. Character, Bengali. Appearance, discoloured. Complete.

This describes the *Mṛtyunjayayantra* and the rites connected therewith.

Beginning:—

प्रान्यधं सर्वनोकानां जयाधं जयकाङ्किणाम्। यन्तं स्वयञ्जयं नाम प्रवच्यामि समासतः॥ इंसमध्यगतं नाम स्वयञ्जयप्रटीक्ततम्। रच्च रच्च समायुक्तं बाह्ये रेखाचयारुतम्॥

6589.

5208. मृत्युञ्जययन्त्रही<mark>का । Mṛtyuñjayayantraṭīkā.</mark>

Substance, country-made paper. $13\frac{1}{2}\times3$ inches. Folia, 3. Lines, 8. Character, Bengali. Appearance, discoloured. Incomplete.

This is a commentary on the work described under the previous number. The commentary on the last two verses is wanting in the present MS.

Beginning:—

भ्रान्यर्थमिति स्यञ्जयं नाम यन्तं समासतः संद्येपात् प्रवच्यामि। किमधें सर्व्वनोकानां भ्रान्यधें जयकाङ्कियां जयाधें। इंसेति। नाम साध्यनाम इंसमध्यगतं इंस इति पद्ममध्यस्थितं निखनीयम्।

6590.

2263. यन्त्रमंस्कारः। Yantrasamskāra.

Substance, country-made paper. 11×5 inches. Folia, 2. Lines, 9. Extent in ślokas, 36. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fair. Complete.

It contains both the *pramāṇa* or authoritative texts for, and *prayoga* or description of, the procedure of the rite called *Yantrasaṃskāra* or consecration of a symbolic diagram.

Another incomplete MS of the work is found along with the *Nityanaimittikatāntrikahoma* described above (No. 6536).

Beginning:—

खय यन्त्रसंस्तारः। तच वामकेश्वरतन्ते

भैरखुवाच।

चन्नभेदो महादेव त्वत्प्रसादान्मया श्रुतः।

इदानीं श्रोतुमिच्हामि प्रतिष्ठाक्तम्मनिर्णयम्॥
श्रीप्रद्भर उवाच।

प्रद्गु देवि महाभागे जगत्वारिणि कौलिनि।

तस्योद्यापनकम्माङ्गं सर्व्यतन्त्रविनिर्णयम्॥

स्नात्वा संकल्पयेन्मन्ती गुरोर्वचनमाचरेत्।

पञ्चग्यं ततः कृत्वा प्रिवमन्त्रेण मन्त्रवित्॥

तच चन्नं चिपेन्मन्त्री प्रणवेन समाकुलम्।

6591.

तदुद्ध्य पुनस्त्रकं स्थापयेत् स्तर्गपात्रके ॥

6080. यन्त्रशोधनविधिः। Yantraśodhanavidhi.

Substance, country-made paper. $13 \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 2 (folded in the middle in the form of a booklet). Lines, 9. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fair. Complete.

The subject-matter of the present work is the same as that of the previous one, but it contains only the *prayoga* of the rite, and it is more detailed.

Beginning:—

ॐ अय यन्त्रशोधनिविधिः। अय प्रयोगः। तत्र क्रतनित्यिक्रयः खिल्तिवाचनपूर्वे सङ्कल्पं कुर्यात्। अयेत्यादि अमुकगोत्रः श्रीअमुक देवशम्मा अमुकदेवतायाः पूजार्थममुकदेवताया यन्त्रसंस्कारमञ्चं किरिक्ये। इति संकल्य न्यासं कुर्यात्।

D. WORKS ON YOGA.

Svātmārāma.

6592.

347. इतप्रदौपिका। Haṭhapradīpikā.

Substance, country-made paper. $11\frac{1}{2} \times 6$ inches. Folia, 1–105. Lines, 9–13. Extent in ślokas, 3,000. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fair, worm-eaten and occasionally pasted and repaired. Complete in four chapters.

The present MS in which the text is accompanied by the commentary of Brahmānanda has been described in L. IV. 1513. Many editions of the work have been published.

6593.

8569. Hathapradīpikā.

Substance, country-made paper. $10\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 97. Lines, 11. Extent in ślokas, 3,000. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, good. Complete in four chapters.

The present MS also contains along with the text the commentary by Brahmānanda.

6594.

8573A. Haṭhapradīpikā.

Substance, country-made paper. $10\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 25. Lines, 8. Extent in ślokas, 500. Character, Nāgara. Date, Saṃvat 1896. Appearance, good. Complete.

Post-colophon Statement:—

संमत् १८६६ वैग्राख क्षणानवन्यां सोमवासरे।

8573B. Haṭhapradīpikā.

Substance, country-made paper. 10×4 inches. Folia, 20. Lines, 11. Extent in ślokas, 500. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, good. Complete.

This seems to be a shorter version of the work, the first four chapters containing respectively 70, 75, 84 and 86 verses instead of 67, 78, 130 and 114 in the printed editions. What is called chapter 5 in the present MS (Fol. 17A-18A) is constituted by verses taken from chapter 3 of the printed editions. Twenty-eight verses without any colophon occurring after the conclusion of the fifth chapter deal with the $n\bar{a}d\bar{a}s$, siddhis and characteristics of Yoga. Short explanatory notes are found with some of these verses. The fourth chapter (Fol. 16B-17A) quotes extracts from works of others (e.g. Saubhadra and Visvarūpācārya).

6596.

10521. Haṭhapradīpikā.

Substance, country-made paper. $6 \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 6. Lines, 11. Extent in ślokas, 40. Character, Nāgara. Date, Saṃvat 1892. Appearance, diecoloured. Incomplete.

The MS contains what is called the fifth chapter of the work. The latter part of the MS (Fol. 4A-6B) describes the procedure of the rites to be performed in connection with the visualisation of one's shadow on the sky, the effect of which is described in the first part.

Beginning:—

च्यय द्वायापुरुषदर्भनिवधानम्। देव्यवाच। भगवन् देवदेवेश सर्व्वागमिवशास्द।

भगवन् देवदेवेश सर्व्वागमविशारद। नराखां पापिनां लोके पापिनर्मोचनं कथम्॥ कालज्ञानं कथं वा स्यात् स्रक्तोपायेन तदद। स्रुतानि साधनानीम्म त्वयानेकानि भूरिमः॥
तथापि तानि मनुजैरम्मक्यान्यस्पबुद्धिभः।
प्रायेग मनुजा लोके कली खल्पायुषो धुवम्॥

2A, खच्छायापुरुषं प्रश्चेत् गगने श्रुद्धमानसः।
तस्यावलोकनात् सद्यः पापराण्यिर्विनग्रवित ॥

देखुवाच ।

खतः छायां कथं प्रश्चेद् गगने भूतलस्थितां। कालज्ञानञ्च बन्मासं तस्मिन् दृष्टे कथं भवेत्॥ प्रिव उवाच।

नीरन्धं गगनं देवि यदा भवति निर्मेलम् । तदाच्छायामुखो भूत्वा निञ्चलं प्रयते[न्द्र]यः ॥ खच्छायाकगढमालोक्य खगुरूत्तक्रमेण वै । सम्मुखं गगनं पर्श्वोद्विनिमेषक्तप्रेकधीः ॥ शुद्धस्कटिकसङ्काग्रः प्रकृषक्तत्र दृश्यते । न दृश्यते यथा तत्र प्रनुक्तद्वत् परीच्चयेत्॥

3A, श्रिरः पाणिपदो यत्र दृश्यते प्रस्थो यदि ।

त[दा] षत्मासपर्यन्तं म्हत्युक्तस्य न विद्यते ॥

श्रिरोच्चीनं यदा प्रश्चेत् षत्मासाभ्यन्तरे म्हतिः ।

पादापादौ न दृश्चेत भार्याचानिनं संश्रयः ॥

न दृश्चेते यदा पाणी भातुर्द्धानिनं संश्रयः ।

एवं ज्ञाता म्हतिं सम्यक् गङ्गातौरं समास्र्येत् ॥

Colophons:-

Fol. 4A, इति श्रीदठप्रदीपे उमामद्वेश्वरसंवादे द्वायापुरुषणचाणं नाम कालचानं पञ्चमपटलः। 6B, इति श्रीच्ठप्रदीपिकायां कायाप्रकारेपदेशः परमोपदेशः।

Post-colophon Statement:—

श्रीसंवत् १८६२ मिति कार्त्तिकश्रुल १० प्रानी। लिखितं रामचरणब्राह्मण अयोध्यावासी।

Sundaradeva.

6597.

5834. इत्रमंकेतचन्द्रिका । Haṭhasanketacandrikā.

Substance, country-made paper. 12×6 inches. Folia, 41 to 86. Lines, 17, 18. Extent in ślokas, 2,300. Character, Nāgara. Date, Saṃvat 1888. Appearance, discoloured. Incomplete.

The present MS contains chapters V-XIII. It is not known if the small portion occurring after chapter 13 also forms part of the present work. A MS complete in 13 chapters is described in CS. III. 165. R. L. Mitra who has noticed a MS of the work (Bik., p. 567) gives Viśvanātha as the name of the author's father while it is mentioned in the last colophon in the present MS as well as in the one described in CS as the name of his grandfather. Hall (p. 17) gives Pūrṇānanda as the name of his spiritual guide, but Viśvarūpatīrtha is the name found in the colophon of chapter X in the present MS.

It quotes from and refers to works and authors like इंडपदीपिका (41A), कुम्भकपद्धित (44A), योगसार (44B), नकुलीश्रयोग-परायम (45A), योगबीज (46A), योगचिन्तामिम (46A), कामेश्वरीतन्त (49A), योगभास्कर (50B), योगसारसमुचय (57A), योगचिन्ता (59A), तत्त्वयोगिबन्द (60B), योगतत्त्वप्रकाश्च (66A), विश्वरूपाचार्य (67A), सिद्धान्त-शेखर (67B), सुरेश्वराचार्य (75A), चिप्ररासारसमुचय (82A) and योगहृदय (84B).

Colophons:-

44A, इति गोविन्द्देवसुतसुन्द्रदेवविर्णितायां इठसंकेतचन्त्रिकायां प्राणा-पानविधिविवेचनं नाम उपदेशः; 50B, इति गोविन्द्देवसुतकाश्यपगोत्रपवित्र-काश्रीस्थवेद्यविद्याविश्रारदसुन्द्रदेववेद्यविर्णितायां इठसंकेतचन्त्रिकायामारमा-वस्यादिप्राणायामविवेचनं नामोपदेशः। इति वायुजयविधिपरिच्चेदः पञ्चमः।

55A, इति गोविन्ददेवसुतसुन्दरदेवविरचितायां च्ठमंकेतचन्त्रि सूचप्रशैरविवेचनं नाम उपदेशः; 56A, इति सुन्दरदेवविरचितायां च्ठमंकेतचन्त्रिकायां सुबुझादिखरूपमन्त्रसाधनादिसमाधिलयविवेचनं नाम उपदेशः; 58B,
इति योगसारसमुचयाद् योगबीजनिरूपणं नाम च्ठसंकेतचन्त्रिकायामुपदेशः।
इति च्ठसंकेतचन्त्रिकायां च्ठसिद्धिवीजविधिकथनं नाम परिच्चेदः षष्ठः।

60B, इति सुन्दरदेविवरचितायां इठमंत्रेतचित्रकायां प्रवाहारपरिच्छेदः सप्तमः।

67B, इति गोविन्दसुतकाश्रीस्थकाश्यपगोत्रपवित्रदान्तिणात्यदिजवर्थवैद्य-विद्याविश्रारदसुन्दरदेवविरिचतायां हठसंकेतचिन्द्रकायां हठयोगिक्रियाविवेचनं नामोपदेशः। इति परिचयावस्थापरिच्छेदोऽस्टमः।

68B, इति गोविन्ददेवसुतसुन्दरदेविवरित्ततायां इटसंकेतचित्रकायां समाधिविवेचनं नाम उपदेशः; 73A, इति राजयोगः; सुन्दरदेविवरित्ततायां इटसंकेतचित्रकायां अमनस्कलराजयोगिविवेचनं नामोपदेशो नवसः परिच्छेदः।

75B, इति सुन्दरदेविरिचितायां घटसंकेतचित्रकायां नाडीनां प्रक्तेः पद-विवेचनं नाम उपदेशः; 77B, इति श्रीपादपूच्यिवश्वरूपतीर्थिप्रिष्यसुन्दरदेव-विरिचतायां योगभ्ररीरविवेचनम्; 78B, ०भ्ररीरे ब्रह्माखस्स्टिविवेचनं नाम; 79A, इति श्रीपादपूच्यविश्वरू[प]तीर्थयतिवरिष्यसुन्दरदेविरिचतायां घट-संकेतचित्रकायां भ्ररीरं परिच्छेदो दश्चमः।

82B, इति गोविन्दस्रतस्रन्दरदेवविरचितायां च्रुटसंकेतचित्रकायां षट्चक-क्रमविवरणोपदेशः; 84A, इति गोविन्ददेवसृतसुन्दरदेवविरचितायां च्रुटसंकेत-गणावसाननिरूपणं नामोपदेशः। इति षट्चक्रकथनं नाम एकादशः परिच्छेदः। 84A, इति सुन्दरदेवविरचितयोगहृदये राजयोगिविवेचनं दादग्रः परिच्छेदः।
85A, इति श्रीकाग्र्यपगोजपविज्ञदान्त्रिणात्यदिजललामकाग्रीस्थिविश्वनाथदेवपौजगोविन्ददेवस्तसन्दरदेववैद्यविरचितायां हठसंकेतचिन्त्रकायां स्थमनस्कत्वविवेचनं
नामोपदेग्रः समाप्तः। सस्थारिष्टं परिच्छेदः ज्ञयोदग्रः। सम्पूर्णेयं हठविधिचिन्त्रका।

Post-colophon Statement:—

श्रममस्त । संवत् १८८८ चैत्रक्षणाष्ट्रमी ८ लिखतं मनबौधराम । श्रमस्थाने गढ़ा ।

There are about two more folia after the post-colophon statement which contain topics like षोडग्राधार, जन्मत्रय and योमपञ्चा।

Rāmakantha.

6598.

<mark>566. नादकारिका। Nādakārikā.</mark>

Substance, country-made paper. $12 \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 7. Lines, 8. Extent in ślokas, 120. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, old. Complete.

The text is accompanied by the commentary of Aghoraśivācārya. The name of the commentator is given as Ghoraśivācārya in the concluding verse of the commentary:—

श्रीमद्वीरणिवाचार्यजन्यया परसंज्ञ्या । व्याख्याता नादसिद्धिश्च प्रार्थितेन गुरूत्तमैः॥

The colophon, however, gives the name as Aghoraśivācārya.

The present manuscript has been described in L. IV. 1434. An edition of the work was published by the Sivāgamasiddhāntaparipālanasangha (Srirangam, 1925).

Harisankara.

6599.

10087. **योगसारः।** Yogasāra.

Substance, country-made paper. 11×4½ inches. Folia, 1-3. Lines, 7. Extent in ślokas, 40. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, good. Incomplete.

The present MS contains the first chapter of the work and a small portion of the second. The first chapter speaks of the importance of the Guru while the second begins with a description of Kumbhaka.

An unnumbered leaf found with this MS belongs to some work on Vedic metres.

Beginning:—

अय श्रीहरिग्रङ्गरक्षतयोगसारः प्रारम्यते।
वन्दे तं परमात्मानं सिचदानन्दमञ्चयम्।
यकं न्योतिःखरूपेण सर्व्वधापिनमीश्वरम्॥१॥
अथाहं गुरुणाज्ञप्तः सर्व्वप्राणिहितप्रदम्।
योगसारं विनिक्मातुं याचे साहित्यमीश्वरात्॥२॥
नाम यद्यपि नास्माकं स्थानमप्यच न क्वित्।
न चापि ज्ञातिरस्माकं बान्धवाः सन्ति नाप्यथ॥३॥
तथापि खामिनः ख्रुशे नानाविध्यारीरिणाम्।
बोधनार्थमिदं नाम कल्पितं पूर्व्वसप्तमैः॥॥॥

Colophon:—

3B, इति श्रीमल्लचाणच्योतिर्वित्सुतपण्डित हरिग्रङ्गरग्रम्मों ते योगसारे नाम योगग्रस्थे प्रथमः सोपानः।

10088. योगार्णवः । Yogārņava.

Substance, country-made paper. $11 \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 4. Lines, 6. Extent in ślokas, 70. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, good. Incomplete.

The names of the author and of the work are given in verses 16 and 19.

The MS contains only 30 verses with a portion of verse 31. From a marginal note in Fol. 2A it appears that the verses were addressed to a king of Kāśī (Benares). The verses seem to form part of the introductory portions of the work. A few verses of the work described under the previous number are also found here (compare verses 22–4 of this MS with verses I. 17-18 of the previous MS).

Beginning:—

इति तदिक्कृति कत्तामलापतः

प्रियतमो भवतां हरिग्रङ्गरः।

भवति येन प्रनर्जगतीतले

हरिक्षथायुत्तिनाम जगत्पतेः॥१६॥

समीच्य विविधं शास्त्रं नानामतिवसूषितम्। योगार्थावं ज्ञानमार्गे रचयामि महीपते॥१८॥

Śrīkantha.

6601.

5850. योगरतावली। Yogaratnāvalī.

Substance, country-made paper. 12×5 inches. Folia, 3-54, 56. Lines, 9. Extent in ślokas, 1,225. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, old and discoloured. Incomplete.

Another MS of the work, consisting of ten or more sections, is described in IO. V. 2761, where it is represented as 'a treatise on quack medicines'. The present MS contains what are called the first two chapters and a portion of what may be the third. These chapters deal with various magical rites, though there are sections on initiation (Fol. 37B), daily worship of Tripurā (Fol. 42B) and description of Yantras (Fol. 45A).

Colophons:—

20A, इति परमण्णैवाचार्य्यश्रीकग्छण्णिवपण्डितविरचितायां योगरत्नावस्यां समस्तविषिनग्रहो नाम प्रथमः परिच्छेदः। 29B, अत्रग्रहणाकिनीज्वरविनिग्रहो नाम दितीयः परिच्छेदः।

 $42\mathrm{B}$, হবি चिप्रानित्यार्चनविधिः। $43\mathrm{A}$, হत्यभिषेकविधिः।

6602.

7293. Yogaratnāvalī.

Substance, country-made paper. $9\frac{1}{2} \times 3\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 26 (by counting) among which the following leaf-marks are found: 8–12, 14-15, 26, 30, 31, 33, 34, 36, 40, 68, 70, 71, 72. Lines, 12. Extent in ślokas, 625. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, old and discoloured. Incomplete.

There are no colophons in the present MS. The section on initiation begins on Fol. 34B and that on Yantras on 41B.

Beginning:-

मूर्त्तिः कापि महेश्वरस्य महतौ यदुः कमूलादय-स्तुम्बीतुम्बफला विलीव भ्रतधा ब्रह्माग्डकोटिः स्थितः। यन्मानं न पितामहो न च हरिर्वसाग्डमध्यस्थितो जानात्यन्य + रेषु किंच गणना सा सन्ततं वीवतात् ॥ १ ॥ चौराम्भोध्यतिमञ्चनोत्यितविषच्चालाकुलं मन्दरं दृष्टा मुक्तरवाः सुरासुरगणाः पेतुर्मचीं मुर्च्छिताः। येगाज्ञाय विबोधिताः प्रशासितं काएँ धतं तदिषं स व्यालोज्ज्वलच्चारभाखरवयुः श्रीनीलकरहोवतात् ॥ २ ॥ निव्यानन्द्विधायिनमनन्तर जरामरं जगत्य ज्यम्। मिशामन्त्रीषधतत्त्वं येन कृतं तं हरं नत्वा ॥ ३ ॥ योगरतावली नाम हृद्या श्रीकरहण्यम्। । क्रियते सारमादाय पच्चिराजादितन्त्रतः॥ ४॥ श्चिवो रुद्रञ्च भूतेशः पित्तराजोऽय तुम्बरः। सर्व्धतन्त्रविधातारः पञ्चापि परमेखिनः ॥ ५ ॥ अरूपो बज्जरूपस हंसो विग्रह इत्यमी। कृतादिष् क्रमात्तन्त्रवाखातार्स देशिकाः ॥ ६ ॥ यद्वामश्रवणादसातलगता नागा अनन्तादयो भूमिष्ठास्त्रिदिवस्थिता अपि भवन्यर्डेच्यणि विधाः। भाकिन्यो ग्रहभूतराच्तसगणाः नम्यन्ति रौदञ्चरा-<mark>क्तं वन्दे विधुप्रेखरं गणगुरुं श्रीपिद्यराजं हरम्॥०॥</mark> पिचराजं प्राखायोगं बिन्द्सारं प्राखास्तम्। तोत्तलं + क्रूटं च क्रत्नाङ्गं तोत्तलोत्तरम्॥ कटा इं इगातु गढुं च सुग्री वं कर्कटा मुखम्। एतानि विषतन्त्राणि

Kṛṣṇadeva.

6603.

3902. योगकल्पलतिका । Yogakalpalatikā.

Substance, country-made paper. $17\frac{1}{2} \times 3\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 32, marked 158–189. Lines, S. Extent in ślokas, 1,000. Character, Bengali. Appearance, old. Complete (?).

Though numbered consecutively the numbers 186–189 appear to be in a hopeless disorder.

Beginning:—

नता श्रीगृरदेवदेविगरिजावाणी हरी ग्रान् मुने-र्नानातन्त्रमतं गुरोर्गुरुमतं भट्टादिकानां मतम्। ज्ञाला चारुतरं तनोति रुचिरां सञ्जीवसन्तोषिणीम् संचोपेण च योगकल्पलिकां श्रीकृष्णदेवो दिजः॥ अथ योगं प्रवच्छामि गुरूपदेश्वतोऽधुना। संसारतारकं मोच्चफलदं सर्वदं च्याम्॥ योगश्रव्दार्थो यथा।

भ्रारदायां।

ऐक्यं जीवात्मनोराज्जर्योगं योगविश्वारदाः। जीवात्मपरमात्मनोरेक्यमिति केचित्।

End:-

हंसो गगेशी विधिष्द हंसी हंसो हिरः श्रम्भुमयश्च हंसः। हंसो हि जीवः परमश्च हंसो हंसो गुरुर्भाति समाधिगन्यः॥

Colophon:—

इति योगकल्पलतिका समाप्ता।

Authorities quoted and referred to:

158A, सारदा, ज्ञानार्णव; 158B, लच्चाणभट्ट, पञ्चतत्त्व, ग्रारदा, तन्त्रकोमुदी; 159A, गौतमीय; ग्रान्धर्व्व; 159B, गोरच्चषट्क; 160B, गौतासार; 162B, षट्चक्रविवरण; 164A, श्रीक्रम; 165B, राघवभट्ट; 166A, ग्राङ्कराचार्य्य; तन्त्रराज; 166B, श्रीक्रमसंज्ञ्ञता; 167A, गोरच्च-संज्ञ्ञिता; 168B, योगरतावली; 169A, नागभट्ट; 170A, दच्चिणामूर्त्ति; 170B, ज्ञानभाष्य; 171B, ब्रह्मानन्द; 173A, योगवाणिष्ठ; 173B, मज्ञामुत्तितन्त्व; 174B, पञ्चतन्त्व; 175B, ज्ञानभाष्य; 179B, सारसमुच्य; 184A, प्रपञ्चसार; 185A, श्रीतन्त्वचिन्तामणि; 185B, ऊर्द्धामाय।

Harisevaka.

6604.

96. सार्समुचयः। Sārasamuccaya.

Substance, country-made paper. $9\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 1–67. Lines, 8-9. Extent in ślokas, 1,000. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, old. Complete.

The present MS has been described in L. II. 864. The work which was composed in 1770 V.S. is in one of the introductory verses stated to be an abridgment of the Yuktabhavadeva (VSP., p. 251) of Bhavadeva, son of Kṛṣṇadeva and author of a good many works on Yoga and other topics (Cat. Cat. I. 398, IO. IV. 2270, L. V. 1884), who wrote in the 16th century. The work is called Yogasārasaṃgraha in the colophon while Sārasamuccaya seems to be the name referred to in one of the introductory verses. The correct name may be Yogasārasamuccaya (Cat. Cat. II. 112).

Rāmacandra.

6605.

5538A. तत्त्वयोगबिन्दुः। Tattvayogabindu.

Substance, machine-made paper. 8×6 inches. Pages, 25 (arranged in book-form). Lines, 23. Extent in ślokas, 400. Character, Bengali. Appearance, good. Complete.

Beginning:—

चय राजयोगप्रकारो लिखते। राजयोगस्य इदं फलं येन राज-योगेन चनेकराज्यभोगसमय एव चनेकपार्थिवविनोदप्रेच्चणसमय एव बज्जतरकालं प्ररीरस्थितिर्भवित स एव राजयोगः। तस्य एते भेदाः। क्रियायोगः चानयोगः चर्चायोगः इठयोगः कम्भयोगः लययोगः ध्यानयोगः मन्त्रयोगः लच्चयोगः वासनायोगः शिवयोगः ब्रह्मयोगः चहैतयोगः राजयोगः सिद्धयोगः। एते पञ्चदश्च योगाः।

End:

यस्य मनः सष्टजानन्दे मग्नं भवति तेन पुरुषेण दृष्टिः स्थिरा कर्त्तव्या खासनं दृढं कर्त्तव्यं पवनः स्थिरः कर्त्तव्यः एतादृष्णः कश्चि-न्नियमः सिद्धस्य नोक्तः। मनःपवनाभ्यां यदा सष्टजानन्दः स्वस्वरूपेण प्रकाश्यते स सष्टजो योगः कथ्यते। राजयोगमध्ये इति चन्नवर्त्ति-नामकथनम्।

Colophon:

इति परमहंस्यां श्रीरामचन्द्रविरचितायां तत्त्वयोगिबन्दः समाप्तः।

6606.

11019. Tattvayogabindu.

Substance, country-made paper. $10 \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 28. Lines, 8, 9. Extent in ślokas, 400. Character, Nāgara. Date, Saṃvat 1818. Appearance, old and discoloured. Complete.

Post-colophon Statement:—

श्रममस्तु । संवत् १८१८ समय वैसाख वदि हतीया बुधवासरे । लिखितं श्रीदीच्चितकलानाय तत्प्रचेण चन्द्रमणि । श्रभं भूयात् ।

Subhacandra.

6607.

9768. ज्ञानार्णवः। Jñānārṇava.

Substance, country-made paper. 12×5 inches. Folia, 17-94, of which. Fol. Nos. 24-40, 45, 46, 57, 59-64, and 79-91 are missing. Lines, 11 Extent in ślokas, 2,000. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, old. Incomplete.

Colophons:-

17A, इति श्रीशुभचन्द्रविरचिते ज्ञानार्यंवे योगप्रदीपे योगप्रशंसनाधिकारः प्रद्यमः; 19B, ॰दर्भनशुद्धधिकारः षरुः; 20B, ॰ज्ञानोपयोगो नामाधिकारः सप्तमः; 44B, अन्तविषयनिरोक्तप्रकरणम् एकोनविंप्रतिमम्; 47B, ॰िज्ञतन्त्व-प्रकरणं विंप्रतिमं; 49A, ॰मनोव्यापारप्रकरणं एकविंप्रतिमं; 50B, ॰रागदेष-प्रकरणं द्वाविंप्रतिमं; 52A, ॰प्राम्यप्रकरणं चयोविंप्रतिमं; 54A, आर्त्ताध्यान-प्रकरणं चतुविंप्रतिमं; 55A, ॰च्चिनन्दः प्रथमं प्रकरणं पञ्चविंप्रतिमं; 55B, ॰सत्यरोदं दितीयं प्रकरणं षड्विंप्रतिमं; 56A, ॰चीर्यानन्दरौदं ढतीयं प्रकरणं सप्तविंप्रतिमं; 56B, ॰व्यार्त्तथानप्रकरणं महवंप्रतिमं; 56B, ॰व्यार्त्तथानप्रकरणं न्यस्वंप्रतिमं; 58A, ॰विरुद्धस्थानप्रकरणं निंप्रतिमं; 66B, ॰व्यार्त्तथानप्रकरणं न्यस्वंप्रतिमं; 70B, ॰श्रद्धोपयोगविचारप्रकरणं चतुस्वंप्रतिमं; 71B, ॰व्याज्ञाविचयप्रकरणं पञ्चिंप्रतिमं; 72B, ॰व्यायविचय-प्रकरणं घट्चिंप्रत्तमं; 74A, ॰विपाकविचयप्रकरणं सप्तिनंप्रतिमं; 92A, ॰ह्पातीतप्रकरणं दिचलारिंप्रतिमं; 93B, ॰धमीध्यानप्रकरणं नयन्वरणं चयन्वरणं वयन्वरणं वयन्वर

Kāśīnātha.

6608.

6520. योगसिद्धान्तमञ्जरी। Yogasiddhāntamañjarī.

Substance, country-made paper. $10 \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 8. Lines, 8. Extent in ślokas, 150. Character, Nāgara. Date, Saṃvat 1961. Appearance, fair but worm-eaten. Complete.

Beginning:—

वीरासनैकिनिलयाय हिरण्ययाय

न्यग्रोधमूलग्रहिणे निटिलेच्चणाय।

गङ्गाधराय गजचर्मनिसूषणाय

प्राचीनपुण्यपुरुषाय नमः श्चिताय॥

लिलताम्बापददन्दं निधाय हृदि सुन्दरम्।

रच्यते [काश्चि]नाथेन योगसिद्धान्तमञ्जरी॥

च्यतः परं प्रवच्चामि योगं परमदुर्द्धभम्।

तच प्रथमं प्रधानभूतं वेदान्तमतमाहः।

ऐक्यं जीवातमनोराज्जर्योगं योगविश्वारदाः।

यतत्तत्त्वमसीत्यादिश्रुतिप्रसिद्धम्। यत् प्रयोगसारे निष्कालस्था-प्रमेयस्य प्रमात्मनः सन्धानं योगमित्याज्ञः। संसारोच्छित्ति-साधनमिति।

श्रीविद्योपासकमतमाह।

प्रिवप्रम्थात्मकं ज्ञानं जगुरागमवेदिनः। प्रिवप्रम्योरभेदज्ञानमित्यर्थः।

End:

ये तिवमं विष्णुमयातां मां च देवं महेश्वरम्। रक्तभावेन प्रश्नित न तेषां पुनसङ्ग्वः॥ इत्यलमतिविक्तरेण। Colophon:—

इति श्रीमद्भडोपनामकजयरामभट्टस्रतवाराणसीगर्भसम्भव-काग्रीनाथापरपर्यायविश्वनाथविरचिता योगसिद्धान्तमञ्जरी समाप्ता।

Post-colophon Statement:—

श्रीलिताम्बार्पणमस्त्र । श्रीसंवत् १८६१ । मीः श्रावण वदी ११ । मालवीयवालमुकुन्दस्येदं प्रस्तकम् ।

Gorakşanātha.

6609.

160. गोर्ष्वश्रतकम्। Gorakşaśataka.

Substance, machine-made paper. $19 \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 4. Lines, 11. Extent in ślokas, 250. Character, Bengali. Appearance, old. Complete.

The present MS has been described in L. I. 451. The work, consisting of two śatakas, has been published under the name Gorakṣapaddhati by Gangavishnu Krishnadas (Lakshmivenkatesvar Press, Kalyan, Bombay, 1846 Ś.E.). The śatakas are not distinguished by sectional colophons in any of the MSS described here except the one described under No. 6613 below. The first śataka has been edited and translated by G. W. Briggs (Gorakhnath and the Kānphaṭā Yogīs, Calcutta, 1938, pp. 284ff.). It will be noticed that the work is referred to under different titles in different MSS.

6610.

3770. Gorakşasataka.

Substance, country-made paper. 10×4 inches. Folia, 12. Lines, 9. Extent in ślokas, 250. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, discoloured. Complete.

4017. Gorakşaśataka.

Substance, country-made paper. 10×4 inches. Folia, 13. Lines, 8. Extent in ślokas, 250. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, good. Complete.

6612.

5541. Gorakşaśataka.

Substance, machine-made paper (bound in book-form). Pages, 39 to 55. 8×6 inches. Lines, 19-24. Extent in ślokas, 250. Character, Bengali. Appearance, good. Complete.

On the last page of the present MS the Yatipañcaka of Śańkarācārya is quoted in a different hand.

6613.

9378. Gorakşaśataka.

Substance, country-made paper. $11\frac{1}{2} \times 6$ inches. Folia, 11. Lines, 11. Extent in ślokas, 250. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fair. Complete.

The colophons in this MS refer to the work as Gorakṣayogaśāstra and Muktisopānasaṃketa.

6614.

3636E. Goraksaśataka.

Substance, country-made paper. $14 \times 3\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 5. Lines, 10. Character, Bengali. Appearance, dilapidated. Incomplete.

The present MS contains the first half of the work with a portion of the second half.

4343. Gorakşaśataka.

Substance, country-made paper. $13\frac{1}{2} \times 3$ inches. Folia, 11. Lines, 4, 5. Extent in ślokas, 150. Character, Bengali. Appearance, old and discoloured. Complete.

The colophon in the present MS refers to the work as Gorakṣasamhitā. The contents of the present MS have occasional disagreements with those of the MSS described above.

6616.

9094. Gorakşaśataka.

Substance, country-made paper. $14 \times 7\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 17. Lines, 14 to 16. Extent in ślokas, 900. Character, Nāgara. Date, Saṃvat 1930. Appearance, fair. Incomplete.

The present MS contains the first śataka of the work accompanied by an anonymous commentary.

Beginning of the commentary:—

श्रीममं श्रीहरं सूर्यं हेरमं जगदीश्वरीम्।
प्रणम्य प्रतक्याखां कुर्मो योगतरिङ्गणीम्॥
चय्य योगस्य प्रकर्णारमे श्रीमगवान् गोरचः श्रीगुरुपादामिवन्दनात्मकं मङ्गलं ग्रश्चनिर्विष्ठतासिद्धये खनुस्ठितं प्रिष्यप्रिचायै
निवधाति चर्यात् विषयप्रयोजने च सूचयति श्रीगुरुमिति।

Post-colophon Statement :--

सम्बत् १८३० भादी मासे क्षणापची ४ सोमवासरे काम्यायां धर्मेश्वरनिकटे श्रमम्।

10490. Gorakşaśataka.

Substance, machine-made paper (bound in book form). $6\frac{1}{2} \times 8\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 29. Lines, 26. Extent in ślokas, 1,000. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fair. Date, Samvat 1944. Incomplete.

The present MS contains the second half of the work which is called here in the colophon the *Muktisopāna*. The text is accompanied by Lakṣmīnārāyaṇa's commentaries in Sanskrit and Hindi. The commentaries were completed on the 11th day of the month of Māgha, 1943 V.S. The date is given at the ends of both the commentaries.

A MS containing the commentary on the first half of the work is possessed by the Bhandarkar Oriental Research Institute (Briggs, op. cit., p. 256).

Beginning of the Sanskrit commentary:—

ध्यात्वा कुम्भिवराननं भगवतीं वाग्देवतां श्रीगुरं नत्वा तातमथ प्रसं बुधवरान् वाराणसीवासिनः। मिश्रश्रीधरनोदितः भिवसुदे कुर्ळे यथाभ्रेसुषि श्रीगोरच्चक्रतदितीयभ्रतके थाख्यां तदाख्यामहम्॥

खय श्रीमदादिनायशिष्यमत्थेन्द्रनाययोगीन्द्रशिष्यः श्रीमांस्तव भवान् भगवान् गोरचानायः निखिलजनोद्धिशिर्माविच्चितपूर्वभ्रतक-कियताविभिरुच्च उयोगपदार्थनिक्ष्पगेच्च्या च्ठयोगभास्त्रसारस्वरूप-मुत्तरभ्रतके तावत् प्राणापानगतिनिरोधमलं दर्भयति प्राण इति।

Beginning of the Hindi commentary:

गणपतिगिरिश्रसरस्तीतातमातपद वन्द।

गोरख उत्तरश्रतक्की विद्यति करों सख्कंद॥

End of the Hindi commentary:—

मिश्र श्रीधर विप्रकी खाजा को छिय धार।

गोरख उत्तर भूतककी वाख्याकी सुविचार॥

गुणानलिधिविलभूमिमिति वर्ष माघ भिति खांछि।

एकादभी गुरुवार यह पूर्णा काभी माछि॥

खादिनाथ भूक्षरगुरुगोरख खादिक सिद्ध।

क्रमा करें मिष्ट पर सदा खी सव जन गण्यद्ध॥

Colophon:

इति श्रीमत्कौप्रस्यगोचोद्भवसारस्वतकुलितलकसकलिया-रत्नाकरश्रीमत्पर्शितठाकरदत्तप्रमाप्रिष्यलच्चीनारायग्रनामककिव-वर्रविरचिता योगीन्द्रश्रीगोरचनायस्रतस्तिसोपाननामकच्ठयोग-प्रास्त्रोत्तरप्रतक्यास्था बालबोधिनौ सम्पर्णा।

Post-colophon Statement:—

संवत् १९४४। आव छ० १३ मो०।

6618.

184. Gorakşaśataka.

Substance, country-made yellow paper. Folia, 5-7. 13×5 inches. Lines, 9. Extent in ślokas, 70. Character, Bengali. Appearance, old. Date, 1729 S.E. Incomplete.

The MS was described in L. I. 412. It forms part of a larger MS and begins from Fol. 5 which contains the last two lines with the colophon of another treatise as follows:

इत्यमामहेश्वरसंवादे खदेहे ब्रह्मज्ञानम्।

The portion contained in the present MS is in the form of an interlocution between Nārada and Gotama. It deals with the elements of Yoga. Though introduced as the Nāḍījñānadīpikā belonging to the Gorakṣasaṃhitā the colophon calls it antarayoga.

Beginning:—

अय गोरच्तसंचितायां नाडीचानदीपिकेयम्।

श्रीगौतम उवाच।

देवर्षे योगयुक्तात्मन् योगानुभवदर्शक ।
सांख्ययोगविशेषच्च कर्मयोगनिषेवक ॥
विना योगं न सिध्येत कुर्छली च क्रमप्रभो ।
मूलचक्रे कुर्छलिनी याविज्ञहायिता प्रभो ॥
तावत् किच्चित्र सिध्येत मन्त्रयन्त्राचनादिकम् ।

End:—

स्थाने तु पूजयेन्मन्ती विश्रद्ध[ः] श्रद्धचेतस[ा]।
मनो निवेश्य क्षणो वै तन्मयो भवति श्रुवम्॥
यावन्मनोलये जाते क्षणो खात्मनि चिन्मये।
क्षणा इत्युपलन्त्रणं खखदेवतापरम्।
ततः सिद्धमनौ मन्ती जपचोमं समभ्यसेत्।
ततः परं न किञ्चिच क्षणामिल्ला सुने हरे॥

Colophon:

इति श्रीनारदगौतमसंवादेन्तरयोगः।

Post-colophon Statement:—

श्रुभमस्तु भ्राकाब्दाः १७२६।

Akulendranātha.

6619.

10724B. पौयूषर्तमहोद्धिः। Pīyūṣaratnamahodadhi.

Substance, palm-leaf. 11×2 inches. Folia, 2-32, of which Fol. Nos. 19 and 20 are missing. Lines, 4. Extent in ślokas. 350. Character, Newari. Appearance, old. Incomplete.

The work quotes from चिश्विणीनाथ (2B), কাকचাউশ্বাদিন (5A), মহন্ব (5B), বিশ্বীদাভাৰ্য (6A), অনুক্রনাথ (7A), খ্রেব (11A).

End:-

चतुर्दश्रभुवनेषु या या अवस्था भवति तत्काले तास्ता वरणावः स देन्ने सच सिद्धयोगी यस्मात्तिष्ठति तस्मात् जीवन्म्[िता]विशेषे अकुलाखं विज्ञेयमिति उत्तमोत्तमव्याख्यानं च[तु]र्थमिति।

Last Colophon:—

इति श्रीखकुलेन्द्रनाथेन निर्मितसमस्तसारसंग्रहः पौयूषरत-महोद्धिनीम समाप्तमिति।

6620.

10724D. [सार्संग्रहः। Sārasaṃgraha.]

Substance, palm-leaf. 11×2 inches. Folia, 1-54, of which Fol. 3 is missing and two folia each are marked 5 and 6. Extent in ślokas, 650 Character, Newari. Appearance, old. Incomplete.

It seems to contain summaries of different works. Akulanātha is here identified with Śiva.

Beginning:

योसावनादिनिधनं परमार्थसारमृद्धीधमध्यविषवहि + + स्तश्रून्यम् ।
सर्व्वीपमानरिहतं भिवभित्तिगभें
तस्मै सुबोधगुरवे चिदचिन्नमस्ते ॥
सर्व्वद्धः सर्व्वदो व्यापौ ज्यनादिरजमव्ययः ।
निःप्रपञ्चं निरालम्बं ज्युत्तं तं नमाम्यहम् ॥

कालोत्तरं समालोच विचार्यं च एनः एनः।
सारात्सारं समालय श्रीमदेकुलप्रम्भना॥
स्रकुलाय विवोधाय हितार्थं सर्वयोगिनां॥
प्रिवदं वेदिसित्याज्जविद्यमानं परं पदं।
तत् पदं वेदितं येन स विधो वेदपारगः॥

Colophons of the different chapters:—

5A, इति श्रीमदकुलनाथोद्धृतकालोत्तरे इष्टोपदेश्रशिवधर्म्भोत्तरसार[ः] प्रथमोऽध्यायः ; 16B, इति श्रीमदकुलनाथोद्धृतिन्द्व्यांग्कारिका-निःश्वास-कारिका[सा]र[ः] द्वितौयोऽध्यायः ; 18B, ॰वेदोत्तरसार-स्मृतिसार-कृष्णयोग-सार[ः] हतीयोऽध्यायः ; 19A, ॰कुलपश्वाश्विकासारं चतुर्थोध्यायः ; 19B, ॰महाज्ञानसारः पश्चमोऽध्यायः ; 24A, ॰श्रीमतसार[ः] षष्ठमोऽध्यायः ; 24B, ॰श्रीमद्त्तरसङ्क्षसार[ः] सप्तमोऽध्यायः ; 26A, ॰श्रीमिश्विणीमतसारः खष्टमो-ऽध्यायः ; 29A, ॰महामायास्तोत्रसारे दश्मोऽध्यायः ; 29B, ॰श्रङ्क्षयोग-महाज्ञानसारः षष्ठोध्यायः ; 35B, इति गौतासारः समाप्तः ; 51B, इति भट्टारकश्रीखकुलेन्द्रनाथावतारिते खकुलमहादर्शने बौद्धामाये।

Gangānanda.

6621.

10724C. [योगसारः। Yogasāra.]

Substance, palm leaf. 11×2 inches. Folia, 33-46. Lines, 4. Extent in ślokas, 160. Character, Newari. Appearance, old. Incomplete.

Beginning:—

यतो जातिमदं सळं जैलोकां सचराचरम्। लीयते प्रलचे यज अकुलं तं नमाम्यहम्॥ या सा देह्रगता त्रिष्णा अदेहा बोडग्रान्तगा। तस्मानुप्ततरा त्रिष्णा अकुला कुल पातु मां॥ नमामि सर्वदेवानां देवीनां चरणाम्बुजम् । सिद्धानां योगिनीनां च नमामि परमार्थतः ॥ निरञ्जनं विनोधाय हिताधं सर्व्ययोगिनां । योगतः सर्व्यप्रास्त्राणां विचाराधं प्रनः प्रनः ॥ सारात्सारतरं + + भावाम्यतमचारसं । ख्लोकमेव प्रवच्छामि यदुत्तं ग्रन्थकोटिभिः ॥ गङ्गातौरे हिमगिरिप्रिलावद्धपद्मासनस्य ब्रह्मज्ञानाभ्यसनविधिना योगिनद्रां गतस्य । किं तैर्भायं मम सुदिवसैर्यंच ते निर्विप्रद्भाः सम्पातं ते जठरचरिणा स्रंगकं दुर्विनोदम् ॥

The work seeks to explain the main principles of Yoga by way of bringing out the significance of the different expressions used in the last verse quoted above.

End:

एवं संचीपतः प्रोतं प्रभावगुणवर्णनं। विक्तरेगीव न संचीपतः प्रोतः वर्षप्रतेरिष ॥ योगाचार्य्येण संचिन्त्य श्रीगङ्गानन्दधीमता। एवमादि प्रयोत्तयः कश्चित्तत्वविन्दकः॥

नास्ति ज्ञानात् परं तीर्थं नास्ति ज्ञानात् परं तपः। नास्ति ज्ञानात् परो यज्ञस्मात् ज्ञानं समाश्रयेत्॥ ये संस्ता ज्ञानमयी स्तनापी ते यान्ति पारं भवसागरस्य॥

Rāmabhadra.

6622.

141. चक्रदौपिका। Cakradīpikā.

Substance, machine-made paper. 17×5 inches. Folia, 4. Lines, 8. Extent in ślokas, 100. Character, Bengali. Date, Saka 1727. Appearance, fair. Complete.

The work describes the creation of the various parts of the human body which is shown to be the universe in miniature. It incidentally refers to the six cakras.

Beginning:—

सपत्नी तं गुरं नता तथैव कुलदेवताम्।

रामभद्रसार्व्वभौमः कुरुते चक्रदीपिकाम्॥

अथ घट्चक्रविवरणम्। तच प्रथमं स्टिक्रमः। स्टिस्स्

चतुर्व्विधा भवति। स्वेदाएडजोद्भिदादिभेदात्।

End:

ईडा गङ्गा समाख्याता पिङ्गला यमुना स्पृता।
तयोर्मध्ये वसेन्नाडी सुषुन्ना सूचारूपियौ॥
सा विख्याता महानाडी बाला रखा तपिस्वनी।
भूमध्ये मिलिता एता[ः] चिवेगी कथाते बुधैः॥

योगकौमुद्यामपि

गङ्गायमुनयोर्मध्ये बाला रखा तपिस्तनी।
बलात्वारेण ग्रङ्कीयात् तिहिष्णोः परमं पदम्॥
च्यस्यार्थः बाला रखा तपिस्तनी सरस्ततीति चर्थात् सृषुम्नानाडीका सा बलात्वारेण च्यातमनो वेगेन गङ्गायमुनयोर्धात् ईडापिङ्गलयोर्मध्ये तिहिष्णोः परमं पदं चूमध्यस्थानं ग्रङ्कीयात् चतर्व
चिवेणी कथ्यते।

Works quoted:—

रूदयामल, सारसमुचय (Fol. 1), योगकौमुदी (Fol. 4B).

Post-colophon Statement:—

भ्रकाच्दाः १७२०। वङ्गदेशीयपुष्पवाटीयग्रामे निवासी-श्रीगिरिधरभ्रमाणः खाच्चरिमदम्॥

Anonymous.

6623.

9936. षट्चक्रविवेचनम् । Satcakravivecana.

Substance, country-made paper. $10\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folium, 1. Lines, 10 in all. Extent in ślokas, 15. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fair. Complete.

In twelve stanzas, of which the first two are found in the *Gorakṣaśataka*, it gives a short account of the *Cakras* in the human body. A pictorial illustration of these is found on the obverse of the folium.

Beginning:—

षट्चन्नं षोडग्राधारं चित्र्चं योमपञ्चनं।
स्वरेहे यो न जानाति नयं योगी स उच्यते॥१॥
एकस्तमं नवदारं चित्र्चं पञ्च देवता[ः]।
पञ्चेन्त्रयकुटुम्बेषु यचात्मा तच मे ग्रष्टम्॥२॥
व्यथाधारं गुदे चन्नं साधिष्ठानन्तु भेपति।
मिणिपूरन्तथा नामी हृदि चन्नमनाहृतं॥३॥
कार्छे विश्वदिचन्नञ्च ब्याज्ञाचन्नु मस्तने।
पडेतानि तु चन्नाणि परिज्ञेयानि योगिमिः॥४॥
ललाटचन्ने दे पचे ह चा स्याच्यास्दयं।
कार्छे षोडग्रपचाणि तच स्युः षोडग्रस्वराः॥५॥

Colophon:—

षट्चक्रविवेचनं समाप्तम्।

E. STOTRAS AND KAVACAS OF DIFFERENT DEITIES.

- I. SAKTI.
 - (1) Kālī.

6624.

2839. कर्पूरस्तोचम्। Karpūrastotra.

Substance, country-made paper. 17×3 inches. Folia, 2. Lines, 7. Extent in ślokas, 60. Character, Bengali. Appearance, old and worn-out. Complete.

It is a well-known stotra printed in various collections of stotras. A portion of the kavaca of Kālī known as the jaganmangala kavaca is found at the end of the MS.

6625.

9480. Karpūrastotra.

Substance, country-made paper. $6\frac{1}{2} \times 4$ inches. Folia, 6. Lines, 9. Extent in ślokas, 60. Character, Nāgara. Date, Samvat 1816. Appearance, fair. Complete.

6626.

5819. Karpūrastotra.

Substance, country-made paper. $11 \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 6. In Tripātha form. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, good. Complete.

The text is accompanied by a commentary by Venudhara who wrote under the patronage of Pratāpasimha.

Beginning of the commentary:—

नमानि इरमानिनीक् चिपदपायो (पास्यो)क इं जनालिभिरभिष्ठतं लिलतगद्यपद्यादिभिः। श्चिरोभिरभिवन्दितं स्रमहेन्द्रभ्यवादिभि-स्त्रिकालमधिपूजितं जलजयोनिसिद्धादिभिः॥ कर्पूरवर्त्तिकादौपः कर्पूरस्तवदौपकः (दिपका) प्रकाश्यते यथा श्रीमदेगुनाथरसैरलम्॥

End:-

समस्तभूपालिश्वरोग्रभूषण-प्रतापितं हृ[स्य] यग्नः सुकीर्थ्यते । श्वितोक्तकपूरनुतिप्रदीपिकां सुदाकरो[दु] वेगुधरः सुरी(वी)श्वरः॥

Colophon:—

इति वेगुधरक्षता कर्षूरस्तवदीपिका समाप्ता ॥

6627.

5820. Karpūrastotra.

Substance, country-made paper. $10\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 27. Lines, 7. Extent in ślokas, 250. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fair. Complete.

The text is accompanied by the commentary $Karp\bar{u}rastavad\bar{v}pik\bar{a}$ of Kāśīnātha.

Beginning of the commentary:—

खनाद्यायाखिलाद्याय मायिने गतमायिने ।

खरूपाय सरूपाय दिल्लाण[1]मूर्त्तये नमः॥

न जानामि तीथं न जानामि योगं

न जानामि + लयं वा किमेतत् ।

न जानामि भिक्तं व्रतं चापि मात
गैतिस्वं गतिस्वं तमेका भवानि॥

कालिकां सकललोकपालिकां लोच्चिताक्षगलमुख्मालिकाम्। भावयामि कविताप्रणालिकां देच्चकान्तिजितमेघमालिकाम्॥ नत्वा विश्वेश्वरं देवीं मातरं पितरं तथा। काग्रीनाथ[ः] प्रतनुते कर्षूरस्तवदीपिकाम्॥

Colophon:-

इति श्रीमङ्गडोपनामकजयरामभट्टस्त-वारानसीगर्भसम्भव-दिचाणाचारमतप्रवर्त्तक-काभ्रीनाथविरिचता कर्पूरस्तवदीपिका समाप्ता।

6628.

3385. Karpūrastotra.

Substance, country-made paper. 16×4 inches. Folia, 13. Lines, 8. Extent in ślokas, 425. Character, Bengali. Appearance, good. Complete.

The text is accompanied by the commentary of Durgārāma Siddhāntavāgīśa.

Beginning of the commentary:—

या स्ते सचराचरं जगिददं यद्भाषया भाषते

यत्नारुण्यकणार्पणाप्तिविभवं सुस्यं परं तिस्रति ।

यस्यामिति लयं लये पुनिरदं प्रमुखयम्भुखभू
वन्दैर्वन्दितपादपद्मयुगला पायादसौ कालिका ॥

विन्धं मोहमहोिर्म्मजन्मजलधौ ममं समुद्दीच्च तत्
कारुण्यार्दह्दोिद्धी धुरकरोत् श्रीभैरवो यां स्तुतिम् ।

मन्तोद्वारवलिखरूपकथनैः श्रीदिच्यायाः परां

दुर्गारामधरासुरो वितनुते वाख्यां तु तस्याः स्तुतेः॥

End:-

नला पराम्बर हमी भ्रमुखैर्दि वौको-टन्देर्नुतं सपदि दिन्निणका लिकायाः । यस्याः स्तुतेर्विर चिता विद्यतिः समाप्तिम् स्राप्ता वियत् + + + चन्द्रमिते हि वर्षे ॥

Colophon:

इति श्रीदुर्गारामसिद्धान्तवागीश्रभट्टाचार्थ्यविरचिता श्रीश्यामा-स्तवटीका समाप्ता।

6629.

5789. Karpūrastotra.

Substance, country-made paper. 12×4 inches. Folia, 14. Lines, 10. Extent in ślokas, 425. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, good. Complete.

The text is accompanied by the commentary of Durgārāma.

6630.

5056. Karpūrastotra.

Substance, country-made yellow paper. $13 \times 3\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 7. Lines, 8. Extent in ślokas, 220. Character, Bengali. Date, Saka 1732. Appearance, good. Complete.

The text is accompanied by the commentary of Kālīcaraņa.

Beginning of the commentary:—

वन्दे तां परदेवतां चिनयनां ग्र्यामां सुभीमाननां दोईग्रामरवैरिदालनरतां दासप्रियां सर्व्वदा। नानाक्रव्यसदाग्रवासनरतां मुग्डालिमालाधरां यस्याः पादतले लुठन्ति सततं देवाः सयन्ताग्रयाः॥ अय श्रीमहाकालर्ग्वतश्रीकालीस्तोत्रटीका । जन्मसापल्यकामेन श्रीकालीचर्गोन भोः। श्रीकालिकायाः कर्प्रस्तवटीका वितन्यते॥

Colophon:

इति कामदेवपण्डितवंश्रसम्भवश्रीकालीचरणविर्चिता श्रीमद्या-कालप्रग्रीतश्रीदिल्याकालिकाक्तोचटीका समाप्ता।

Post-colophon Statement:

विश्वेश्वरपुरे टीकां श्रीमहेगः समालिखत्। श्रीकालिकायाः स्तोत्रीयाम्तिभित्तियुतो मुदा॥ ग्राकाब्दा १७३२।

6631.

175. Commentary on the Karpūrastotra.

Substance, machine-made paper. $15\frac{1}{2} \times 3\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 9. Lines, 5. Extent in ślokas, 130. Character, Bengali. Date, 1726 S.E. Appearance, old. Complete.

The present MS has been described in L. I. 473 where the commentary is attributed to Anantarāma though there is no mention of his name anywhere in the MS. It has also no agreement with a manuscript of Anantarāma's commentary (belonging to the old collection of the Society) where his name is explicitly mentioned both in the introductory verse and in the colophon.

Post-colophon Statement:—

प्राक्ते वस्ययगदिसोमगणिते मासे तथा चाश्विने वारे देवगुरोः सदा श्रममयस्तोचं समुद्धासकम्। सम्पूर्णं सकलार्थदं सुखमयं सर्व्वार्थसिद्धिप्रदं विद्यावेदविष्पारदं गुण्ययुतं गुद्धं गुरूणां मतम्। श्रममस्तु प्रकाब्दाः १७२६।

5621G. Commentary on the Karpūrastotra.

Substance, palm leaf. 14×1 inches. Folia, 114 to 119. Lines, 5. Extent in ślokas, 100. Character, Udiya. Appearance, good. Complete.

The colophon attributes the commentary to the great Sankarācārya.

Beginning:

मैरव उवाच कर्पूरमिति। हि मातन्ते स्तवकर्पूरवीजं ये जनाः।

Colophon:-

इति श्रीमत्परमचंसपरिवाजकाचार्थश्रीप्रक्वराचार्य्यविर्विता कर्पृरक्तोचटीका समाप्ता।

6633.

5900. Commentary on the Karpūrastotra.

Substance, country-made paper. $10\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 16. Lines, 7-9. Extent in ślokas, 240. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, good. Complete.

Kṛṣṇa Paṇḍita, the commentator, is stated to have written at the instance of one Jayarāma, the astrologer.

Beginning:

कर्पूरस्तवरात्रस्य महाकालक्षतस्य च। स्कटार्थं प्रकरोत्येनां याख्यां श्रीक्षमापरिष्डतः॥

End:-

च्योतिर्विच्चयरामेण नियुक्तः क्रायापिण्डितः। कालीस्तवप्रकार्णं च चक्रे संयमिनां सुदे॥

8273. कामकलाकालीस्तोचम्। Kāmakalākālīstotra.

Substance, country-made paper. 8×4 inches. Folia, 6. Lines, 7. Extent in ślokas, 80. Character, Nāgara. Date, Śaka 1711. Appearance, discoloured. Complete.

Though called a stotra it is of the nature of a mālāmantra.

Beginning:

श्रीमहाकाल उवाच।

खय वच्चे महेपानि महापातकनाप्रनम्। गद्यं सहस्रनाम्नस्तु संजीवनतया स्थितम्॥ पठन् यत् सफलं कुर्य्यात् प्राप्तनं सकलं प्रिये। खपठन् विफलं तदत् तदस्तु कथयामि ते॥

ॐ फ्रें जय जय कामकलाकालि कपालिनि सिद्धिकरालि सिद्धिविकरालि महाबलिनि

End:

इतीदं गद्यमुदितं मन्तरूपं वरानने । सहस्वनामस्तोचस्य चादावन्ते च योजयेत् ॥ अप्रकृवानो दो वारो पठेक्केषिममं स्तवम् । सहस्वनामस्तोचस्य तदैव प्राप्यते पलम् ॥ अपठन् गद्यमेतत्तु तत्पालं नो समाप्रयात् । यत्पालं स्तोचराजस्य पाठेनाप्रोति साधकः ॥ तत्पालं गद्यपाठेन लभते नाच संप्रयः ॥

Colophon:

इत्यादिनाथविरिचतायां महाकालसंहितायां श्रीकामकला-काल्या गद्यस्तोचं समाप्तम्। Post-colophon Statement:—

स्वित्त श्रीभ्राकाच्दाः १७११ स्राश्विनक्षणसप्तम्यां श्रीभ् बाहादुर-साह युवरानाधिराजकस्यार्थे लिखितिमदं श्रीदुर्गानायभ्रमेणा नेपालदेशे श्रीभ् पशुपतिसिन्नधाने।

6635.

2471. श्यामास्तोचम्। Syāmāstotra.

Substance, country-made paper. $8\frac{1}{2} \times 3$ inches. Folia, 2. Lines, 6, 7, 8. Extent in ślokas, 25. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, discoloured and pasted. Complete.

The stotra consists of a collection of names all preceded by the adjective mahat. It is called aṣṭottaraśatanāma in one of the introductory verses as well as in the colophon of the following MS.

Beginning:

कल्पहमवने रम्ये रत्नसिं हासनीपरि। उमया सहितं रुद्रं पप्रच्छ नन्दिकेश्वरः॥

Beginning of the stotra proper:—

महती चेतना माया महादेवी महिश्वरी।

महाबुद्धिर्महाचाडी महाकाली महाकला॥

Colophon:—

इति रुद्रयामले भैरवतन्त्रे प्यामास्तोचं संपूर्णम्।

6636.

10209. Śyāmāstotra.

Substance, machine-made paper. $7 \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 2. Lines, 15, Extent in ślokas, 20. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, discoloured. Complete.

The present MS does not contain the few introductory verses found in the previous MS.

The hymn is followed by a few lines giving mantras of the planets.

A leaf contained in the MS gives the mantras required for sacrificing various animals and fruits.

6637.

4641. दक्षिणकालिकास्तोचम्। Daksiņakālikāstotra.

Substance, country-made yellow paper. 15½×5 inches. Folia, 5. Lines, 12 on a page. Extent in ślokas, 270. Character, Bengali. Appearance, old. Complete.

Beginning:-

पञ्चम्यां प्रनिवासरे प्रियतमे कालीं करालाननां ध्यात्वावाद्य विधाय पूजितमपि स्तुत्वा स्तवेनासुना। संसारार्थवतारकेण तरुणीयन्दं सदा मोच्यन् की डित्वा गजवाजिभिः प्रियतमे रुद्रत्वमन्ते वजेत ॥

श्रीदेखवाच।

संसारतारकं स्तोचं पूर्वीतं रुषभध्वन । इदानीं कथयेशान यदाहं वस्नभा तव ॥

Beginning of the stotra proper:—
दलदञ्जनपुञ्जाभा कल्पान्ताम्भोधरप्रभा।
महातिमिरनीलाङ्गी नीलाचलवनद्द्रातिः॥
इन्द्रनीलमणिखच्छा नीलोत्पलदलच्छविः।
प्रिखरेण गलोदामद्यतिर्मारकतादिवत्॥

Colophon:

इति श्रीरुद्रयामले महातन्त्रे श्रीदेवीश्वरसंवादे चन्द्रचूड-प्रोक्तायां संहितायामुत्तराम्रायपरिश्रोधने उत्तरपटले पश्चमकल्पे राजराजेश्वर्था अनिरुद्धसरख्याः श्रीदिच्याकालिकादेखाः संसारतारकं नाम स्तोचं समाप्तम्।

6638.

176. कालीसहस्रनामस्तोचम् । Kālīsahasranāmastotra.

Substance, country-made yellow paper. $13\frac{1}{2} \times 5$ inches. Folia, 5. Lines, 6-8. Extent in ślokas, 100. Character, Bengali. Appearance, old. Incomplete.

The present MS has been described in L. I. 409. Another MS which omits some of the initial verses is described in L. IX. 2959. The hymn has been published in the *Stotraratnākara* (Madras, 1929, Part II, pp. 79–102). The present MS runs up to verse 71 of the printed edition.

6639.

201. Kālīsahasranāmastotra.

Substance, country-made yellow paper. $16 \times 5\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 22. Lines, 7. Extent in ślokas, 450. Character, Bengali. Appearance, fair. Complete.

The present MS has been described in L. I. 478.

This hymn consists of names of Kālī, all beginning with k. It is stated to belong to the $Mah\bar{a}k\bar{a}lasamhit\bar{a}$.

Beginning:

कैलासिश्य रे रस्ये नानारत्निवसूषिते।
नानार चलताकी ग्रें नानापि चिरवे युँते॥
चतुर्मग्रें प्रक्षारमग्रें पान्ति।
समाधी संस्थितं भान्तं की डन्तं योगिनी प्रियम्॥
तच मौनधरं दृष्ट्वा देवी पप्रच्छ भाष्क्षरम्।

श्रीदेखवाच ।

किं त्या जप्यते नाथ किं त्या सम्थेते सदा।

स्टिशः कुच विलीनास्ति पुनः कुच प्रजायते ॥

ब्रह्माण्डकार्गं किं तत् किमाद्यं कार्गं महत्।

मनोरथमयी सिद्धिस्तथा वाञ्हामयी प्रिव॥

Colophon:—

इति श्रीमदादिनाथमहाकालविरिचतायां महाकालसंहितायां कालीकालसंवादे सुन्दरीश्राक्तिदानाखं कालीखरूपं सहस्रनाम-स्तोत्रम् समाप्तम्।

6640.

2777. Kālīsahasranāmastotra.

Substance, country-made reddish paper. 18×3½ inches. Folia, 18. Lines, 6. Extent in ślokas, 450. Character, Bengali. Appearance, fair. Complete.

6641.

4675. Kālīsahasranāmastotra.

Substance, country-made paper. $16 \times 5\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 71-82. Lines, 11. Character, Bengali. Extent in ślokas, 450. Appearance, fair. Complete.

Post-colophon Statement:—

नवीननीरदिनिन्दतिनिविडकादिम्बनीववर्छे। श्रीक्रणाचरण-सेनस्य खाद्यरमेतदिति।

6642.

11002. Kālikāsahasranāmastotra.

Substance, country-made paper. $6\frac{1}{2} \times 3\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 19, 21–28, 59, 61. Lines, 6, 7 on a page. Extent in ślokas, 70. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fair. Incomplete.

[This MS was found missing at the time of printing the Catalogue.]

3451. Kālīsahasranāmastotratīkā.

Substance, country-made yellow paper. $18\frac{1}{2} \times 6$ inches. Folia, 35. Lines, 10. Extent in ślokas, 1,400. Character, Bengali. Appearance, fair. Complete.

The name of the commentator is not given in the present MS. According to the colophons of the MSS described under Nos. 6644 and 6646 the name is Pūrņānanda Paramahaṃsa.

6644.

171. Kālīsahasranāmastotraṭīkā.

Substance, country-made yellow paper. $16 \times 5\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 26. Lines, 12. Extent in ślokas, 1,140. Character, Bengali. Incomplete.

· The present MS has been described in L. I. 477. It comes to an end at Fol. 29A of the MS described above. The commentary runs up to a portion of the *phalaśruti* section.

6645.

4631. Kālīsahasranāmastotraṭīkā.

Substance, country-made paper. $14 \times 3\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 24. Lines, 6. Extent in ślokas, 550. Character, Bengali. Appearance, discoloured. Incomplete.

This MS, which contains the commentary up to name No. 456, reaches as far as a portion of Fol. 15A of the MS described under No. 6643.

6646.

4677. Kālīsahasranāmastotratīkā.

Substance, country-made paper. $11 \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 20. Lines, 9 (with two Fol. measuring $10 \times 3\frac{1}{2}$ inches). Extent in ślokas, 400. Character, Bengali. Appearance, fair. Incomplete.

The present MS which comes to an end at Fol. 28A of the MS described under No. 6643 contains the commentary on names Nos. 457–1000, together with a very small portion of the *phalaśruti* section.

6647.

8785. **कालीहृदयम् । Kālīhṛdaya.**

Substance, country-made paper. $10 \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 3. Lines, 10. Extent in ślokas, 75. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, old. Complete.

This contains a long mantra of the goddess which is called hrdaya.

Colophon:—

इति देवीयामले काली हृदयं सम्पूर्णम्।

6648.

10116. [श्वेतकालीस्तोचाणि। Svetakālīstotrāņi.]

Substance, country-made yellow paper. 11×4 inches. Folia, 13. Lines, 11, 12. Extent in ślokas, 500. Character, Nāgara. Date, S.E. 1737. Appearance, fair. Complete.

This contains (I) श्वेतकालीकवन, (II) श्वेतकालीभ्रातनामस्तोत्र, (III) श्वेतकालीसहस्रनामस्तोत्र, (IV) श्वेतकालीस्तवराज, and (V) श्वेत-कालीमाहकास्तोत्र।

I.

Beginning:—

श्रीभैरव उवाच ।

सच्छनामतः पूळं पठनीयं तु यद् भवेत्। तदच्चं संप्रवच्यामि दिखं कवचमुत्तमम्॥ Colophon:

2B, इति श्रीवाडवानलीयमहातन्त्रे श्रीश्वेतकालीकवचं संपूर्णम्।

II.

Beginning:

श्रीश्वेतकाल्ये ग्रतनामानि लिखन्ते।

अथातः संप्रवच्चामि गुच्चाद गुच्चतरं परम्।

श्वेतायाः कालिकायास्त नाम्नामछोत्तरं भ्रतम् ॥

श्वेतकाली महाकाली कालिका कालनाण्रिनी। कालेश्वरी कालराजिः कालनाथप्रप्रिता॥

Colophon:—

3B, इति श्रीसिद्धान्तसंग्रहे रहत्सिद्धसारस्रतोत् श्रीश्वेतकाल्यशोत्तर-भावनामस्तोचं संपूर्णम्।

III.

Beginning:—

अधितत्स इसनामानि लिख्यन्ते । तदुत्तं वाडवानलीयम इतन्ते अष्टादण्यसा इसमं हितायां

कैलासि प्राखरासी नं प्रसन्न सुखपङ्कानम्।
गणे प्रस्कान्दनन्द्यादि प्रमधेः परिसे वितम्॥

ग्रङ्करं परियपच्छ प्रसम्य गिरिनन्दिनी।

श्रीदेखवाच ।

भगवन् सर्व्धधमाज्ञ सर्व्वभूतिहिते रत।

श्वेतकाल्या महादेवा यत्त्वया सूचितं प्ररा। सोचं सहस्रामाखं तदिदानीं वद प्रभो॥

श्रीश्वर उवाच।

श्वेताम्बरा श्वेतवर्णा श्वेतगन्धानुनेपना। श्वेतपुष्पार्चनप्रीता श्वेतमान्यविभूषणा॥

Colophon:—

11B, इति श्रीवाडवानलीयमचातन्ते अष्टादश्रसाच्चिकायां संचितायां श्रीश्वेतकालीसच्छनामस्तोचं समाप्तम्।

IV.

Beginning:

·श्रीश्वर उवाच।

चिपुरस्य वधे देवि यामरा संस्तुता पुरा।
तस्याः स्तोचं प्रवच्यामि श्वेतकाच्याः श्रुचिस्मिते।
प्रशामामि महादेवीं कालिकां भक्तवत्मलाम्।
श्वेतवर्शां जगद्धाचीं सर्व्वदेवप्रपूजिताम्॥

Colophon:

13A, इति श्रीमाहकाकल्पे उमामहेश्वरसंवादे श्रीश्वेतकालीस्तवराजः समाप्तः।

V.

Beginning:—

वर्ष्रवुग्राध्यवलं विलसित्तनेवं दन्ताचास्त्रवश्यभमोदकपर्श्वहक्तं। नागाननं सकलसिद्धिकरं गग्रेशं लम्बोदरं प्रगातविष्ठहरं नमामि॥१॥ हंसासनां कनकपङ्काक्तसरामां रत्नोत्तमोञ्चलितमग्राहनमग्रिताङ्गीम्। ब्राह्मीं समुञ्चलकमग्राहलूमचासूवं संविध्नतीं सुरनुतां प्रगामामि निष्यम्॥ Colophon:-

13B, इति श्रीश्वेताया मात्रकास्तोचं समाप्तम्।

Post-colophon Statement: —

स्वित्ति श्रीग्राके १०३० मिति आघाट विद ७ रोज ५ तिह्ने लिखितमिदं श्रीखन्तनारायण भट्टाय। श्रभम्।

6649.

11348. Švetakālīsahasranāmastotra.

Substance, country-made yellow paper. $10 \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 1-15. Lines, 7. Extent in ślokas, 195. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fair. Complete.

The stotra agrees with the one described under the previous number.

6650.

11272. गुद्धकालीसहस्रनाम । Guhyakālīsahasranāma.

Substance, country-made paper. $8\frac{1}{2} \times 3\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 30. Lines, 6. Extent in ślokas, 270. Character, Newari. Appearance, fair. Complete.

Beginning:—

स्रथ निर्वागगुद्धकाल्याः महस्तनाम लिख्यते । कनकाचलमासीनं ब्रह्मविष्ण्वादिसेवितम् । चिदानन्दघनं पुण्यं करद्याम्यतसागरम् ।

श्रीदिच्याकाल्यवाच ।

नाम्नां सच्चं मचादेव गुद्यकाल्याः प्रातनम् । साधकानां विश्रेषेण चतुर्वर्गणलप्रदम् ॥ ब्रुच्चि मत्क्रपया देव सर्वागमविश्रारद । Colophon:-

इति बालागुद्धकालिकातन्त्रस्यप्रकरणषट्साहसिकायां भैरव-भैरवीसंवादे चतुर्दशाध्याये निर्वाणश्रीगुद्धकालीदिव्यसहस्रनाम-रत्नमालामन्तं समाप्तम्।

6651.

9479. कालिकाकवचम् । Kālikākavaca.

Substance, country-made paper. $6\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 4. Lines, 10. Extent in ślokas, 30. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fair. Incomplete.

This is known as the Jaganmangalakavaca which is stated to belong to the Bhairavatantra. It is found printed in the popular editions of collections of stotras and kavacas.

[The MS was found missing at the time of printing the Catalogue.]

6652.

9336. Kālikākavaca.

Substance, country-made paper. $9\frac{1}{2} \times 3\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 3. Lines, 7. Extent in ślokas, 30. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fair. Incomplete.

It runs up to a portion of the last verse and is therefore as good as complete.

6653.

10394. $\left[$ कालीकवचम् । $Kar{a}lar{\imath}kavaca. ight]$

Substance country-made paper. 9×4 inches. Folia, 4. Lines, 9. Appearance, discoloured. Incomplete.

This MS contains two kavacas, one called चोरात्मक यज्ञकालीकवच coming to an end on Fol. 2A while the other, in the form of an interlocution between Skanda and Siva, called कालवच्चन (?) or कीलककवच (?) is incomplete. Fol. 4 which is without any leaf-mark contains a mantra (वीर-वेतालपरिवाधारिस्कीलनम्).

6654.

2771A. Kālikākavaca.

Substance, country-made paper. $16 \times 3\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, I-4. Lines, 7. Extent in ślokas, 120. Character, Bengali. Appearance, old and discoloured. Incomplete.

This kavaca is stated to belong to the Uttaratantra.

Beginning:

ख्यथोत्तरतन्त्रोत्तकवचम्। यथा कैलासिप्रखरारूढं भैरवं चन्त्रभेखरम्। वद्याः ख्रालसमासीना भैरवी परिष्टच्छति॥

भैरव्यवाच।

देवेश परमेशान लोकानुग्रहकारक। कवचं स्वचितं पूळें किमधं न प्रकाशितम्॥ यदि मे महतौ प्रौतिस्तवास्ति कुलभैरव। कवचं कालिकादेखाः कथयसानुकम्पया॥

भैरव उवाच। ...

कवचस्य भैरवऋषिरुष्णिक् इन्दोऽदैतरूपिणी कालिका देवता इं बीजं क्रीं प्रक्तिः क्रीं कीलकं सर्व्वार्थसाधनपुरःसरमन्त्रसिद्धये विनियोगः।

6655.

170+199. **कालीस्तो**चम्। Hymn of Kālī.

Substance, country-made reddish paper. $15\frac{1}{2}\times4$ inches. Folia, 1–5. Lines, 6-7. Extent in ślokas, 90. Character, Bengali. Appearance, old. Complete.

The present MS had been split up into two parts (which have been joined again) and described in L. I. 416-7. It contains two hymns: (1) कालीस्तवराज from the कालीहृदय (Fol. 1-3A), (2) कर्पूरादिस्तव from the वीरतन्त्र (Fol. 3A-5B).

Beginning:—

स्तवराजं प्रयणु राम कालिकाया मनो हरम्। यस्य समरणमात्रेण कालिका सुपीसदित ॥

Colophon of (1):—

इति काली हृदये कालमैरवपरशुरामसंवादे श्रीकाली स्तवराजः समाप्तः।

6656.

4678C. Hymn of Kālī.

Substance, country-made paper. $16 \times 5\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 3-8 (as marked on the left hand margin), 85-90 (as marked on the right hand margin). Lines, 11. Extent in ślokas, 240. Character, Bengali. Appearance, discoloured. Incomplete.

It contains the following hymns to Kālī: I. कर्पूरादिस्तोच (3B-4B). II. कालिकास्तोचराज from the इष्टत्कालीष्ट्रय (4B-5A) another MS of which has been noticed previously. III. जगन्मञ्जलकवच from the भैरवतन्त्र (5A-6A) other MSS of which have been noticed previously. IV. चैलोकामोष्टरकवच from the सदयामल (6A-7B). V. अभेद्यमचायोगिकवच which is incomplete (7B-8B).

Beginning of IV:—

देवदेव महादेव सार्घीतिप्रदायक। सर्व्वविद्येश्वरीं विद्यां मिय तं कथय ध्रुवम्॥

Colophon of IV:—

इति राष्ट्रयामले देवीग्राङ्करसंवादे श्रीमद्व्याणकालिकाया-स्त्रैलोकामोच्चनं नाम कवचं समाप्तम्। Beginning of V:— স্বীগ্মিব তবাব।

> खयान्यत् संप्रवच्छामि कवचं योनिसंज्ञकम्। सर्व्यविद्याकरं साद्यात् महापातकनाग्रनम्॥

> > Mathurānātha.

6657.

797. प्रयामाकल्पलतिका । Syāmākalpalatikā.

Substance, country-made yellow paper. $15\frac{1}{2}\times3$ inches. Folia, 12. Lines, 5-6. Extent in ślokas, 250. Character, Bengali. Appearance, old. Complete.

The present MS has been described in L. IV. 1613. An edition of the work complete in 109 verses was published in Bengali characters and with a Bengali translation (Guptapalli, 1825 S.E.).

6658.

4689. Śyāmākalpalatikā.

Substance, country-made paper. $15 \times 3\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 12. Lines, 6. Extent in ślokas, 250. Character, Bengali. Appearance, discoloured. Complete.

Post-colophon Statement (blurred over with ink):—

सन १२३३ साल सौरपौषसंक्रान्तिदिन युकुरवार दुइदगढ वेला याकिते पुस्तक समाप्त चहल।

6659.

5166. Śyāmākalpalatikā.

Substance, country-made paper. $12\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 19. Lines, 5. Extent in ślokas, 250. Character, Bengali. Appearance, good. Complete.

In the present MS the date of composition of the work is given at the end as follows:—

वेदादितिथिशाकेषु जुतास्यि चन्त्ररोचिषि । अकारि मथुरानाथशमीया कालिकास्तुतिः॥

Post-colophon Statement:—

भिवाभिवो च संनम्य पाल्गुने चारुमीमिते। श्रीकालिकायाः स्तोत्रञ्च कान्तिचन्द्रः समालिखत्॥

6660

5214. Commentary on the Syāmākalpalatikā.

Substance, country-made yellow paper. 13×4½ inches. Folia, 1-12, of which Fol. 5 is missing. Lines, 10 to 16. Extent in ślokas, 400. Character, Bengali. Appearance, old and discoloured. Complete.

Beginning:—

प्रथमं जगदम्बायाः स्तुतिविषये स्रिक्षममात्त गुणातीत इति ।
परमप्रकाः प्रतिरिच्तिस्रेद् गुणातीतो दीनो भवति जगत्नर्तृताप्रतिरिच्तो भवति । कला प्रकृतिः तथा युक्तस्रेत् सिचत्युखविभवपूर्णो भवति सिचदानन्दपूर्णो भवतीत्यर्थः।

Colophon:—

इति श्रीमथुरानाथविरचिता देवीस्तोचटिष्यनी समाप्ता।

Kāśīnātha.

6661

3540. भ्यामासन्तोषणस्तोचम् । Syāmāsantoṣaṇastotra.

Substance, country-made paper. $17\frac{1}{2} \times 3\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 104. Lines, 5. Extent in ślokas, 2,080. Character, Bengali. Appearance, good. Incomplete.

The work appears to be complete in four chapters. Only the last leaf of the fourth chapter seems to be missing in the present MS. The first chapter incidentally speaks of the rules of worship of the deity while the main purpose of the work is to describe the greatness of the goddess. The last three chapters have each a refrain for the verses in it. The author of the work is possibly identical with a Professor of the same name of the Calcutta Sanskrit College who published translations of the Bhāṣāpariccheda and Prabodhacandrodaya. For an account of the life and works of Kāṣīnātha cf. Sāhitya Pariṣat Patrikā, Vol. 45, pp. 222–231, Vol. 46, p. 80.

Beginning:

पोत्फुल्लब्रह्मरन्थस्थितपरममहापद्ममध्यस्थरुभ-याकोषदादणार्णे सुविमलकमले ध्यानगम्येतिरम्ये। सम्पूर्णेन्दुप्रदीप्तस्पटनखनिकरं बालमन्दारवर्णे सर्व्वाभीष्ठस्य सिद्धिं सपदि दिण्नतु मे श्रीगुरोः पादपद्मम्॥१॥ कालव्याली कराली कलिकलुषहरा कुख्ली स्वष्णकाली केण्नी कामी कुली कुलकमलचरी काव्यकल्लोलकग्छी। कल्याणी क्षेण्रहन्त्री कमलजनिलया काव्यदा कल्पवल्ली काली कैवल्यदाची कलयतु करुणां कामपूरा स्नपाङ्गी॥१॥

Colophons:

74B, इति श्रीकाशीनाथतर्कपञ्चाननविश्चिते श्रीश्यामासन्तोषणनामस्तोचे प्रथमोत्तासः; 88A, • दितीयोत्तासः; 99B, • हतीयोत्तासः।

The date of the composition of the work (Fol. 104B):—
रसप्रमुनिचन्द्रै रिचातेऽस्मिन् प्रकाब्दे
गगनगुणमितांष्रे सौरचेत्रे सुभाहे।
स्तुतिरियमतिसाध्यी सन्मुखाम्भोजजाता
भवत चिरमवन्यां सि

Rājanārāyaņa.

6662

4646. कासीकल्पस्तुतिः। Kālīkalpastuti.

Substance, country-made paper. $14 \times 3\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 60. Lines, 5-6. Extent in ślokas, 900. Character, Bengali. Appearance, old and discoloured. Incomplete.

This contains what is stated to be the fourth section of the hymn which is of the type of the *Devīcatuḥṣaṣṭhyupa-cārastotra* of Śaṅkara (see below).

Beginning:—

यामिन्याः प्रेषभागे पुलक्तितहृदयुक्तीर्थपृतान्तरातमा पद्मार एवं प्रार्थे प्राप्रहित विधोर्म एडले चिन्त वेऽ इम्। श्रीनायं शुद्धवेशं पर्मर्ससमाखादकारुग्यमसं प्राच्या युक्तं दधानं वरमभयम हो पूर्ण शुक्तां शुक्तान्तम् ॥ देवीं तदामभागे साटकमलदलप्रख्यलोलायताची-मीषद्वासप्रसद्गां एथघनकठिनोत्तक्षवच्चोरुहाच्चाम्। चारत्वचोतवस्त्रां सुतनुकित्तिरीपद्मरागप्रकाशां रतालङ्कारभूषां प्रभुकरकलितां राजपद्मां भजामि॥ तत्वार्ग्योपगम्यदिद्भादलक्जं प्राप्य तत्वर्शिकायां तिग्मां शोर्मगडलान्तर्भशमरणसुधासागरे वीचिलोले। रत्नदीपे समन्तात् सुरतरुविपिने प्रोद्यदादित्वजल्पं रत्नपाकारमध्ये मिणसदनिमदं वीच्य भूयो नमामि॥ इन्द्राचीलींकपालेस्तदन च विविधेभेरवेभीसवीर्थी-क्तत्यञ्चाद्योगिनीभिः पर्मकुलमयं रचितं सावधानैः। तदेखाधिष्ठतं श्रीमग्रिसदन्मिदं मोच्चदं योगग्यं भूयो भूयः प्रमोदास्तरसिकमना भावये भित्तनसः॥ तच श्रीपद्मरागैर्भरकतमणिभिर्वचमुक्तेन्द्रगीलैः स्युलात् स्थुलैः समन्ताद् रचितमुक्कचियाप्तदिक्चकवालम्। सप्तागारं प्रपद्ये विविधयवनिकाराणिभिमों क्तिकाणी रुद्धद्वारं समन्तात् स्तुतमवनिमिलन्मो लिभिर्देवताभिः॥

End:

वाक्योपचारीर्जनिन लदीयैरयत्नसाधारणकाल्पितानि । लत्पादपङ्कोराचपूजनानि लत्यीतये सन्तु चिरं प्रसीद ॥

Colophon:—

इति श्रीकालीकल्यस्त्रती श्रीराजनारायग्रप्रकिष्वायां चैतन्य-चिन्तामणिर्नाम तुरीयः कल्यः।

(2) TĀRĀ.

6663.

220. तारासहस्रनामस्तोचम्। Tārāsahasranāmastotra.

Substance, country-made yellow paper. $16 \times 5\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 13. Lines, 8. Extent in ślokas, 300. Character, Bengali. Appearance, good. Complete.

The present MS has been described in L. I. 462. The stotra, according to the colophon, contains 1,000 names of Tārā all beginning with t though there are some names which begin with st.

Colophon:-

्रति श्रीबालाविलासतन्त्रे देवीश्वरसंवादे तकारादिसारूपाख्यं सच्छनामक्तीचं सम्पूर्णम्।

6664.

223. Tārāsahasranāmastotra.

Substance, machine-made paper. 19×5 inches. Folia, 10. Lines, 8. Extent in ślokas, 300. Character, Bengali. Appearance, good. Complete.

2831. Tārāsahasranāmastotra.

Substance, country-made paper. $16 \times 5\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 6. Lines, 9. Extent in ślokas, 180. Character, Bengali. Appearance, good. Incomplete.

This *stotra*, which is different from the one described above, also contains names of Tārā beginning with t.

Beginning:

ॐ मेरुएछे सुखासीनं प्रङ्करं चन्द्रप्रेखरम्। पप्रच्छ प्राञ्जलिर्भूला पार्वती परमेश्वरम्॥

श्रीपार्ळत्यवाच ।

चैलोक्य श्रीनाथ जगद्गाथ जगद्गरो।

स्वाया परया भक्त्या कथयस्व मिय प्रभो॥

तकारकोटिविद्यायास्तारायाः परमं श्रभम्।

सच्चनामममलम्छोत्तरसमाकुलम्॥

(3) TRIPURA.

6666.

Substance, country-made paper. $8\times4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 21. Lines, 8. Extent in ślokas, 210. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, discoloured. Complete.

An edition of the hymn with the commentary of Bhāskararāya has been published by Pandurang Jawaji (Nirnayasagar Press, Bombay). According to the colophon of the edition it belongs to the *Brahmāṇḍapurāṇa*. The present MS omits the introductory verses and some of the *phalaśruti* verses. It contains verses 52–251 of the printed edition.

8111B. विपुरासहस्रनामस्तोचम्। Tripurāsahasra-

Substance, country-made paper. $16 \times 3\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 1-11. Lines, 6. Extent in ślokas, 200. Character, Bengali. Appearance, old. Complete.

MSS containing some other *stotras* of this type are described in Mad. XVII. 9146–9155.

Beginning:—

महिश्रं मन्दर्गिरौ सुखासीनं मचोदयम्। कल्पपादपसंकीर्गे कदम्बवनश्रोमिते॥

तत्रासीनं मिण्रिटहे वैदूर्यस्तम्भमिखिते।
मुक्तादामन्तायुक्ते सुधान्नपरिखादृते॥
जातरूपपटाक्तिप्तवितानवरश्रोभिते।
विश्वेशं विश्वकर्त्तार्मीश्वरं करणाकरम्॥
विश्वाखो विनतो भूता महेश्रिमदमब्रवीत्।

कार्त्तिकेय उवाच।

जय ग्रङ्कार सर्वेज सिचदानन्ददायक । यज्ञानध्वान्तिविध्वंसहंसरूप नमोस्तुते॥

Colophon:

र्ति मानसोह्नासे महातन्ते कुमारीप्रस्तावे उत्तरखाडे हर-यडाननसंवादे चिप्रावालासहस्रनामाखं स्तोचं समाप्तम्।

Post-colophon Statement :—
श्रीकाली चन्द्रभूर्मणः खाद्यरं पुस्तकमिदम ।

5813. चिश्रतीस्तोचम्। Triśatīstotra.

Substance, country-made paper. $8\frac{1}{2} \times 3\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 11. Lines, 8. Extent in ślokas, 140. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fair. Complete.

This hymn contains 300 names of Lalitā. It has been published along with the commentary of Śańkarācarya in *The Works of Sri Sankaracharya* (Srivanivilas Press edition, Vol. 18, pp. 161–308).

6669.

10430. Commentary on Triśatīstotra.

Substance, country-made paper. 9½×4 inches. Folia, 1–111, of which Fol. 4–7, 10, 12–36, 38, 42–52, 54, 55, 57, 59–61, 63, 64, 82, 84, 86, 89, 93, 94, 96–101, 103, 109, 110 are missing. Lines, 7. Extent in ślokas, 670. Character, Nāgara. Date, Saṃvat 1871. Appearance, discoloured. Incomplete.

The present MS contains the commentary of Śańkar-ācārya.

Colophons not found in the printed edition:—

9B, इति श्रीपरमचंसपरित्राजकाचार्यश्रीगोविन्दभगवत्पूच्यपादिश्रस्थ- श्रीमच्छङ्गरभगवत्पादक्षतायां चि; 40B, ॰ विश्वतीनामार्थप्रकाश्रिकायां ज्ञीङ्गार- नामार्थप्रकाश्रनं पञ्चमं समाप्तम्; 69B, ॰ विश्वतीनामार्थप्रकाश्रिकायां दितीयख्य- पञ्चमवर्णनामार्थप्रकाश्रनं दश्रमं समाप्तम्; 79A, ॰ दितीयख्यः चरमवर्णार्थप्रकाश्रन- मेकादश्रं; 87B, ॰ ढतीयख्यः प्रथमवर्णनामार्थप्रकाश्रनं दादश्रं समाप्तं; 92B, ॰ ढतीयख्यः दितीयवर्णनामार्थप्रकाश्रनं चयोदश्रं समाप्तं।

Post-colophon Statement:—

संवत् १८०१ प्र० १०३६ पार्थिवनामाञ्दे पात्यानकाषापञ्चमी ४ भौमे लिखितमिदम्॥

9575A. लघुस्तवः। Laghustava.

Substance, country-made paper. 10×5 inches. Folia, 1-4B. Lines, 7. Extent in ślokas, 55. Character, Nāgara. Date, Saṃvat 1918. Appearance, fair. Complete in 22 verses.

The stava complete in 21 verses has been printed in Stotraratnākara (Madras, 1929, Vol. II, pp. 146–50) where it is attributed to Kālidāsa.

Beginning (not found in the printed edition):—
ॐ ब्रस्य श्रीलघ्याचार्य्यक्तोत्रमन्त्रस्य प्ररन्दर ऋषिः त्रिष्ठुप् क्रन्दः श्रीत्रिपुराभैरवी देवता ऐ बीजं स्तीं प्रक्तिः सीं कीलकं चतुर्विधपुरुषार्थसिद्धार्थे पाठे
विनियोगः।

Last verse (not occurring in the printed edition):—

ब्यानन्दोद्भवकम्पघूर्णनयनं निद्राष्ट्रचासादिकं

वेदव्याकरणावगाच्चनकरं सौभाग्यसिद्धाष्टकम्।

वध्याकर्षपुरप्रवेधकवितातर्कोक्तिमुक्तिप्रदं

कच्चीजाप्यमिदं करोति सततं योगीश्वरस्य ध्रवम्॥

6671.

3090. सौभाग्यकवचम्। Saubhāgyakavaca.

Substance, country-made paper. 10×4 inches. Folia, 1-6. Lines, 9. Extent in ślokas, 65. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fair. Complete.

The present MS which was described in L. X. 4215 contains besides the Saubhāgyakavaca assigned to the Nityāṣoḍaśikārṇava, the Pārāyaṇastotra (Fol. 6B), complete in ten verses and assigned to the Jñānārṇava.

Beginning (of the Pārāyaṇastotra):—

भिवां पद्मासनारूढां श्रुद्धस्मिटकसिद्मभाम्।

वन्दे वाग्देवतां देवीं महाचिप्रसुन्दरीम्॥१॥

6672.

5963. चैलोक्यमोहनकवचरीका। Commentary on the Trailokyamohanakavaca.

Substance, country-made paper. $9\frac{1}{2} \times 4$ inches. Folia, 9. Lines, 11. Extent in ślokas, 340. Character, Nāgara. Date, Saka 1517. Appearance, old and discoloured. Complete.

A MS containing the text of the *kavaca* has been described under No. 5815 above.

Beginning:

अय जैलोकामो इनकव चस्य टीका। रू॰

श्रीदेखवाच ।

श्रीमन्तिपुरसुन्दर्या या या विद्यास्त्ययोदिताः।

हाप॰॥ प्रकीर्त्तिताः॥ ८॥

प्रिरो मे वाग्भवं पातु कर्ण्डेलङ्गीं सरूपकम्।

कामं विष्णुयुतं देवि प्रक्तिमायेन्द्रमेव च॥ ८॥

महामायां ततः पश्चादाग्भवं बीजमुद्धरेत॥

ऋस्यार्थः ।

कामं यञ्जनरूपं ककारं विष्णुना स्वकारेण युतं तेन क इति सिद्धम्। प्रिक्तः एकारः माया दीर्घ ईकारः। इन्द्रः लकारः। महामाया हीं॥१॥

ह्सकलङ्गीं ललाट्य पातु कामेश्वरादि माम्। वियचन्त्रस्ततः पञ्चात् कलौ लकुलिवहि च॥ मायाखरेण संयुक्तं नादिनन्दुक्तलान्वितम् । प्रथमं कामराजस्य बीजं परमदुर्क्तभम् ॥

अस्यार्थः।

वियत् इकारः सखरः। चन्द्रः सखरः सकारः। ककारलकारो सखरो। लकुली यञ्जनरूपः इकारः। विद्व यञ्जनरूपः रेफः। एतत् लकुलीविद्यरूपं यञ्जनदयं मायाखरेण दीर्घईकारेण संयुक्तं क्राला नादेन यर्डचन्द्रेण ईकारेण बिन्दुकलया बिन्दुखरेण च य्यन्वतं कर्त्तयं तेन इसकलङ्गीं इति वर्णखरूपम्। प्रथमं कामराजस्य कूटं पञ्चमीविद्यायां स्थितं भवति। पञ्चमीविद्यायास्तु दितीय-कूटं भवति॥२॥

Colophon:

<mark>इति चैलोक्यमोच्चनकवचस्य भाष्यं</mark> टौका च सम्पूर्णा ।

Post-colophon Statement:—

ग्रालिवाच्चनग्रके नगपूर्णतर्कमेदिनीयुते चपतो च।
कोधने तपिस मास्यसितेऽर्के वासरे विधितिषो स्वपरार्थम्॥
श्रीमिन्तसुरसुन्दर्थाः कवचं परमोत्तमम्।
वैलोक्यमोच्चनाखं चि सटौकमिलखिच्चवः॥

6673.

8959. मकर्न्दस्तोचम्। Makarandastotra.

Substance, country-made paper. 10×4 inches. Folia, 5. Lines, 7. Extent in ślokas, 50. Character, Nāgara. Date, Samvat 1910. Appearance, fair. Complete in 17 stanzas.

Another MS of the *stotra* is described in Mad. XIX. 10807 where it is attributed to Kālidāsa. The last verse of the present MS is not found in the Madras MS.

Last verse :—

पूजियता विधानेन महाजिएरसुन्दरीम्। इदं स्तोजं पठिता तु देवीसायुज्यमाप्नयात्॥

Colophon:

इति श्रीणिवोत्तं मकरन्दाखं स्तोचं समाप्तम्।

Post-colophon Statement:—

लिखितमिदं जगदीशाखोन हरनन्दगिरियत्यधं। संवत् १८०१०। चैत्रक्षणत्रयोदस्यां रवी।

6674.

11065. [मानसपूजनम्। Mānasapūjanam.]

Substance, country-made paper. $10 \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 5. Lines, 10. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fair. Incomplete.

It contains 52 verses or mantras, one of which is presumably to be uttered on the occasion of presenting a particular object to the deity. The work agrees with the Mānasikapūjana attributed to Śaṅkarācārya and described in L. VI. 2236. It was published under the name mānasapūjana (in 71 verses) by Sourindra Mohan Thakur (Calcutta, Saṃvat 1933) as well as in the collected works of Śaṅkarācārya (Vol. 17, pp. 218–35) under the name of Devīcatuḥṣaṣṭyupacārapūjāstotra (in 72 verses). The present manuscript does not contain the full name of the work but the leaves are marked in the left hand corners with the letters मा. पू., apparently an abbreviation for मानसिक्यूजन।

Durvāsas.

6675.

<mark>578. **लिला**स्तवर्त्नम् ।</mark> Lalitāstavaratna.

Substance, country-made paper. $8\frac{1}{2} \times 3$ inches. Folia, 22. Lines, 6-7. Extent in ślokas, 320. Character, Nāgara. Date, Saṃvat 1851. Appearance, old and dilapidated. Complete.

The present MS has been noticed in L. IV. 1509. Two MSS of the work are described in Mad. XIX. 10827-8, of which one does not mention the name of any author, while the other attributes it to Śańkarācārya.

Post-colophon Statement:-

+ + + संवत् १८५१ समये कार्त्तिक श्रभ षधा[मा] तमारामेण लिखितं खार्थं परार्थं च । पठतु श्रभं भूयात् ।

6676.

5782. देवीमहिमःस्तोचम् । Devīmahimnaḥstotra.

Substance, country-made paper. 9×4 inches. Folia, 12. Lines, 7 on a page. Extent in ślokas, 170. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, discoloured. Complete in 55 stanzas.

Beginning:-

श्रीमातस्तिप्ररे परात्परतरे देवि चिलोकीमहा-सौन्दर्थार्णवमश्रमोद्भवस्थाप्राचुर्यवर्णोञ्चलम् । उद्यद्भानुसहस्वनूतनजपाप्रयप्रमं ते वपुः स्वान्ते मे स्फरतु चिलोकिनलयं ज्योतिमीयं वाङ्मयम् ॥ यादिचान्तसमस्तवर्णसमणिप्रोते वितानप्रभे ब्रह्मादिप्रतिमाभिकीलितषडाधाराञ्जकचोन्नते । ब्रह्माखाञ्जमहासने जनि ते मूर्त्तिं भजे चिन्मयीं सौषुम्नायतपीतपङ्कजमहामध्यचिकोगस्थिताम् ॥ End:

दुर्वाससा विदिततत्त्वमुनीश्वरेण
विद्याकलायुवितमन्मथमूर्त्तिनैतत्।
स्तोत्रं विधाय रुचिरं त्रिप्राम्बिकायाः
वेदागमोक्तपटलैर्विदितेकमूर्त्तेः॥ ५५॥
[सदसदनुग्रचित्रचग्रचित्रचो भगवान्।
सर्वासामुपनिषदां दुर्वासा जयित देशिकः प्रथमः॥ ५६॥]

The last verse is found in the two MSS described below.

Colophon:

इति श्रीदुर्वा[स]साक्षतं देवीमहिम्नः स्तोतं सम्पूर्णम्।

6677.

5976. Devīmahimnaḥstotra.

Substance, country-made paper. $9\frac{1}{2} \times 8$ inches. Folia, 20. In Tripāṭha form. Character, Nāgara. Date Saṃvat 1831. Appearance, old and discoloured. Complete in 56 verses.

The colophons of this and the following MS call the hymn Sundarīmahimnaḥstotra. The text is here accompanied by the commentary of Nityānanda another MS of which is described in Ulwar 2381, Extr. 640.

Beginning of the commentary:—
श्रीविद्यानन्दनाथाङ्ग्रियमं
स्मृत्वा खान्तधान्तभानुप्रभावम्।
सर्व्योत्क्षष्टं कोधभट्टारकोत्तं
स्तोतं श्रीमत्सुन्दरीश्रीमहिसः॥

पूर्वं कै सिद्यास्तं नेति भौतो

गूटार्थत्वात् कल्यबुद्धिस्तथापि ।

प्रिष्टेरिष्टेरी स्तिोऽसं गुरूत्वा

नित्यानन्दः सारतो व्याकरोमि ॥

इच्च खलु सकलागमाचार्यचक्रवत्तौं साद्यात् श्चिव एव खनस्त्रया-गर्भसम्भूतः क्रोधभट्टारकाख्यदुर्व्वासा मचामुनिः श्रीमचाचिप्र-सुन्दर्याः सानुभावं मिच्छः स्तोचं चिकौषुरादौ कूटचयदेवता-भावनारूपं मञ्जनाचरित श्रीमातरित ।

End of the commentary:—

इति चैपुरं श्रीमिष्टमं गुरूत्या मया व्यास्ततं प्रीतये सिद्धये च। सतां साधकानां सुविद्यैः सुधीरै-स्वरं लोकनीयं हृदा निस्तलेन॥

Post-colophon Statement:—

संवत् १८३१ त्राषाठवदी त्रमावस्या[यां] शुक्रवासरान्वितायां मया गोवर्द्धनेन कौलेन चिचितमिदं सुन्दरीमिइसं शुभदम्।

6678.

6076. Devimahimnahstotra.

Substance, country-made paper. $8\frac{1}{2} \times 6$ inches. Folia, 18 by counting. Lines, 15. Extent in ślokas, 450. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, old. Incomplete.

The text is accompanied in the present MS also by the commentary of Nityānanda.

The MS breaks off abruptly in the middle of the commentary of the first stanza (Fol. 1A) of which the *pratīka* only is given; and Fol. 1B is left entirely blank. Fol. 2A opens in the middle of the commentary on stanza 20.

Śańkarācārya.

6679.

3108. त्रानन्दलहरी। Anandalahari.

Substance, country-made paper. $9\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 32. Lines, 5. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, old. Complete in 107 stanzas.

MSS in Nāgarī characters, except the one containing the commentary of Kaivalyāśrama, refer to the hymn as Saundaryalaharī while MSS in Bengali characters as also MSS of commentaries by Bengali authors consistently refer to it as Ānandalaharī. The Vanivilasa Press edition of The Works of Sankaracharya (Vol. 17, pp. 125–50) refer to it as Saundaryalaharī while under the name Ānandalaharī it contains (Vol. 17, pp. 159–64) an entirely different hymn, a MS of which (No. 9490) is described below. The Theosophical Publishing House of Adyar has recently published an attractive edition of the work, together with English translation, explanation in English, diagrams and an appendix on Prayoga (Adyar, 1937).

6680.

4289A. Anandalahari.

Substance, palm-leaf. 14×1 inches. Folia, 1-13B. Lines, 3-5. Character, Udiyā. Appearance, good. Complete in 103 stanzas.

5050. Ānandalaharī.

Substance, country-made paper. $13\frac{1}{2} \times 2\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 20. Lines, 4, 5. Character, Bengali. Appearance, old. Complete in 106 stanzas.

Post-colophon Statement:—

श्रीदेवीचरणाभिच्नवन्द्योपाध्यायपुक्तकम्। गोविन्दरामदासेन भिषत्रा लिखितं द्रुतम्॥

6682.

9383. Ānandalaharī.

Substance, country-made paper. 11×7 inches. Folia, 10. Lines, 23. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fair. Complete in 103 stanzas.

Colophon:—

इति श्रीप्रङ्गराचार्यविरचितं सौन्दर्यलच्चरीस्तवं समाप्तम्।
कृतिर्द्राविडविषयमण्डनानामखिलकविमण्डनखण्डनपराणां मचातान्त्रिकश्रीप्रङ्गराचार्याणाम्। श्र[भ]मस्तः।

Post-colophon Statement:

लिखतं मया पर्ग्छितमुकुन्दरामेण जयन्तीदेवा[ः] पठनार्थम्। संवत् १८००८ च्येद्यश्रुक्तषद्यां गुरुवासरे श्रुमं भूयात्।

6683.

9868. Anandalahari.

Substance, country-made paper. $10\frac{1}{2} \times 3\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 1-19. Lines. 6. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fair. Complete in 100 stanzas.

9823. Anandalaharī.

Substance, country-made paper. $7 \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 12. Lines, 11. Character, Nāgara. Date, Saṃvat 1877. Appearance, old. Complete in 102 stanzas.

Post-colophon Statement:—

संवत् १८७०। लिखितं गुरदयालेन देखाः स्तवमनुत्तमम्।

6685.

9824. Anandalahari.

Substance, country-made paper. 7×4 inches. Folia, 34. Lines, 6. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fair. Complete in 103 stanzas.

6686.

11062. Anandalahari.

Substance, country-made paper. 10×4 inches. Folia, 19. Lines, 7. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fair. Complete in 104 stanzas.

6687.

9684. Anandalahari.

Substance, country-made paper. $9 \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 3. Lines, 9. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fair. Incomplete.

It runs up to a portion of verse 15.

6688.

919. Anandalahari.

Substance, country-made paper. $12 \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 60. Lines, 11. Extent in ślokas, 2,000. Character, Nāgara. Date, Saṃvat 1810. Appearance, old. Complete with commentary on 101 stanzas.

The text is accompanied by the commentary of Kaivalyāśrama. The present MS is noticed in L. V. 1820 where the commentary is stated to be anonymous. Other MSS of the commentary are noticed in Bik. No. 519, L. IV. 1716, VSP. p. 54, IO. IV. 2621 and Oxf. 168.

Post-colophon Statement:—

प्रजोकसंख्या १६००। श्रीन्टपितिविक्रदितिराज्ये १८१० श्रुभवर्षे पौषमासे श्रुक्तपच्चे तिथैकादध्यां प्रिनवारयुता[यां] लिखितिमदं प्रस्तकं ना + करामेण वसुदेवजातीय लवपुरमध्ये पठनार्थे खाग्यारामजातीय मुद्धते। सिद्धिरस्तु लेखकपाठकयोः॥ श्रुभमस्तु।

6689.

3694. \overline{A} nandalahar \overline{i} .

Substance, country-made paper. 14×3 inches. Folia, 36. Lines, 5, 6, 7. Extent in ślokas, 750. Character, Bengali. Date, Saka 1674. Appearance, old and worn out. Complete with commentary on 101 stanzas.

The present MS contains the text of the hymn accompanied by the commentary of Govinda Tarkavāgīśa. Two verses (मञ्जीरणोभिचरणं and इत्यं गङ्गरमृत्तिना, etc.) which are found in some MSS of the stotra occur here after the colophon of the commentator and there is no commentary on these verses. Other MSS of the commentary are noticed in L. X. 3373 and VSP. p. 53.

Post-colophon Statement:—

श्रीसामल्यरामदेव सार्थगो लिखनं पुस्तकञ्च। प्रकाब्दाः १६७४।

5204. Ānandalaharītīkā.

Substance, country-made paper. $15\frac{1}{2} \times 2\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 19. Lines, 7. Extent in ślokas, 750. Character, Bengali. Appearance, discoloured. Complete.

The present MS contains only the commentary of Govinda Tarkavāgīśa. The last verse which is commented upon is numbered 102. This is followed as in the previous MS with the two verses without any commentary.

6691.

3434. Ānandalaharīṭīkā.

Substance, country-made paper. 14×3 inches. Folia, 38. Lines, 7. Extent in ślokas, 1,100. Character, Bengali. Appearance, discoloured and worn out. Complete with commentary on 103 stanzas.

The present MS contains the commentary of Gangā-hari, other MSS of which are described in L. II. 750 and HPR. I. 28.

Post-colophon Statement:—

ग्राकाब्दाः। भाइस्य सप्तमदिने चन्द्रस्य दिवसे समाप्तोऽयं ग्राह्मः॥

6692.

3905A. Ānandalaharīṭīkā.

Substance, palm-leaf (with a few folia on paper). 16×1 inches. Folia, 56 (by counting). Lines, 4. Extent in ślokas, 900. Character, Bengali. Appearance, old and dilapidated. Complete with commentary on 101 stanzas.

The MS contains the commentary of Śrīkṛṣṇa. In the MS described in L. VII. 2415 the name of the commentary is given as Mañjubhāṣiṇī and that of the author as Kṛṣṇācārya. VSP (p. 53) also notices a MS of the work where no name of the commentary is given. The epithet Tarkālaṅkāra used with the name of the commentator in the present MS may be due to a confusion with the well-known Bengali Smṛti author of that name.

Beginning: --...

पुरा किल वाराणस्यां ब्रह्ममीमांसाभाष्यकारो दैतवादिवमुखो जगद्विजयी परिवाजकाचार्यश्री प्रश्नार प्रश्नरप्रतिमोऽपि श्रीप्रक्ति-भित्तिविधुरतया चिरमनुविर इजन्यक्ते प्रपरम्परामनुभूतवान्। अय प्रित्तिमित्तिवैधुर्यविज्यमितेयं सनदुःखधारेति ध्यानपरीपाकतो निर्णीय प्रित्तिकलायाः श्रीमदन्नपुर्णियाः प्रासादं वजन्नधेपिय वर्त्ताखेरेन निष्यन्दतां प्राप्तक्तिचेव श्रीब्रह्मप्रक्तिं स्तौति स्म प्रिव इत्यादि।

End:—

+ + भौति पद्यं न सकलपुक्तकस्यं न वा श्रीमदाचार्यक्रतिमव लच्चते इति न [या] ख्यातिमिति ।

सञ्चरित + + + + स्वाधीनिवभवे पिष ।
पराभिप्रायग्रहनप्रवेशं साहसं महत्॥
यदि + + भवद्भिरुपलभ्यते।
तत्र साहायकं धीराः परं कुरत वो नमः॥

Colophon: -

इति श्रीतर्कालङ्गारभट्टाचार्थश्रीलश्रीक्षणप्रमेकतानन्दलहरी-टीका समाप्ता। Post-colophon Statement:—

+ + + + श्वरीदासः श्रीयुक्तः स्वद्रमेव च।
व्यानन्दलहरीटीका लिखितश्चात्महेतुना ॥
गतेति भाके भ्रतमात्मकानां
ऊर्द्धेति तावाग + वत्सरे + + ।
मासदयश्चेव मखाग्रहाणां
वर्षीण मासानि दिनानि सङ्खा ॥

6693.

3973. Ānandalaharīṭīkā.

Substance, machine-made ruled paper (in book form). $8\frac{1}{2} \times 6\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 58. Lines, 15. Extent in ślokas, 1,700. Character, Bengali. Appearance, fair. Incomplete.

The present MS contains the commentary called *Haribhaktisuddhodayā* by Harinārāyaṇa up to a portion of stanza 64. Another MS of the commentary is described in HPR. II. 17.

6694.

6582. Ānandalaharīṭīkā.

Substance, country-made paper. $19 \times 3\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 41. Lines, 8, 9. Extent in ślokas, 2,000. Character, Bengali. Appearance, fair. Complete with commentary on 103 stanzas.

The present MS contains the commentary by Mahādeva Vidyāvāgīśa, another MS of which is described in IO. IV. 2624. Verses occurring at the end of the India Office MS give the genealogical account of the commentator and the date of composition of the commentary as 1527 S.E. These verses are not found in the present MS.

5116. Ānandalaharītīkā.

Substance, country-made paper. $13\frac{1}{2} \times 2\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 26. Lines, 7. Extent in ślokas, 800. Character, Bengali. Appearance, old and discoloured. Incomplete.

The present MS contains the commentary of Raghunandana up to a portion of stanza 57.

Beginning:—

उत्यायाम्बृनिधेर्निरीच्य परितः पंसः प्रतापोद्भटान् नारीरूपधरस्य कैटभरिपोः सान्निध्यमभ्यागता। अन्तर्मोदभरेण विश्वति प्ररक्तस्मिन्निजामास्रतिं व्रीडामोद्दितविस्मिता भगवती लच्चीः प्रिवायास्तु वः॥

अपि च।

मुनीन्द्राणां साच्चादचलदु चितुः पाणिकमले

ग्रंचीते सम्लाघं मदनरिष्णणा कामुकतया।
ददन्यानामास्ये स्मितविलतमालोक्य परितस्नृतीयाया दृष्टेः कुम्मलयतु लच्चापरिचयः॥

अपि च।

अग्रेसरः सकलग्रास्त्रविग्रारदानां
श्रीचन्त्रमौलिर्दभूद्दिजवंग्रमौलिः।
यस्यैककर्ग्डपदवीमवलच्य वाग्गौ
स्वीयाभिमानमच्चिमानमुरीकरोति॥
श्रीचन्त्रमौलितनयः कविचक्रवत्तीं
वाग्गीविनोदरसिको रघनन्दनोऽयम्।
श्रीभङ्करप्रतिक्वतेरिष्ट ग्रङ्करस्य
कार्ये दृरूच्दिषये विद्धाति टीकाम्॥

विचार्थागमणास्त्राणि सदुरोरपदेणतः। ज्यानन्दलहरीटीकां तनोति प्रीतये सताम्॥

श्री चिष्रसुन्दरी चरणोपासनपरः श्री ग्रङ्गराचार्यः ग्रात्तेः प्रभवं जगदिति प्रतिपादयद्गाह । श्रिवः ग्रात्त्या युत्त इत्यादि ।

6696.

10299. Ānandalaharī.

Substance, country-made paper. 11×5 inches. Folia, 35. Lines, 15. Extent in ślokas, 1,100. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, old and worn out. Complete in 102 stanzas.

The text in the present MS is accompanied by the commentary of Rāmabhadra another MS of which is found in the old collection of the Society.

Beginning of the commentary:—

नमामि परमं देवं भ्रावं भ्रान्तमनामयम्।
भ्रावाश्च यत्यसादेन भ्रावं स्टळ्ळादिकर्तृता॥
श्रीविश्वनायतनयः सर्व्यविद्याविभ्रारदः।
रामभद्रो विद्यग्रते सौन्दर्थलच्चरीस्त्रतिम्॥
श्रीभ्राङ्गरक्ततां प्रण्यां सौन्दर्थलच्चरीस्त्रतिम्।
खाख्यातुमारभे भक्ष्या चन्तुमर्चन्त सूर्यः॥

Colophon of the commentary:—

इति श्रीरामभद्रमिश्रविरचिता सौन्दर्थल हरीटीका मनोरमा अनुनीस्रता।

6697.

5967. Anandalaharī.

Substance, country-made paper. $10\frac{1}{2} \times 6$ inches. Folia, 56. Lines, 14. Extent in ślokas, 1,600. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fair. Complete with commentary on 103 stanzas.

The present MS contains the text accompanied by a commentary by Kavirāja.

The letters within square brackets in the colophon below are in red ink, evidently written by a later hand.

Beginning of the commentary:—

ॐ सकलसुरासुरमोलिमणिनीराजितचरणकमलोऽणिमादि-प्रवरसिद्धिसेवितपदप्रदानप्रचुतदुर्द्धभरजोनिकरः किषलपुरःसर-सिद्धकाङ्कितदर्भनो भगवान् श्रीप्रङ्कराचार्यः परमापद्गतजनतो-द्धारार्थविरचितकारुण्यभेवधिः मचाविद्यां स्फटीकुर्व्वस्तामेव स्तौति प्रिव इति।

Colophon:—

इति श्री[क]वि[रा]ज[क्व]ता सौन्दर्थल इरीटीका सम्यूर्णा।

6698.

10260. Ānandalaharīṭīkā.

Substance, country-made paper. $8\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 35. Lines, 13. Extent in ślokas, 875. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, old and discoloured. Complete with commentary on 102 stanzas.

The present MS contains the commentary of one whose name appears to have been Nirañjana.

Beginning:-

प्रिवः प्रात्येति। ननु कथं परमहंसपरिवाजकाचार्थ्यस्य परि-वर्ज्जितसक्तविषयसुखस्य परमात्मविदः श्रीप्राङ्करभगवतो भवान्याः सौन्दर्थ्यवर्णेने प्रवक्तिरनौचित्यादिति चेन्ननु भवान्या ब्रह्माभेदेन ब्रह्म-वर्णनमेव भवानीवर्णनमिति नानौचित्यं वदामः।

Colophon:—

इति श्रीमद्गिरञ्जनीटीकायां सुबोधिन्यां सौन्दर्यलच्दी समाप्ता।

9490. Anandalahari.

Substance, country-made paper. $9 \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 5. Lines, 7. Extent in ślokas, 45. Character, Nāgara. Date, Saṃvat 1751. Appearance, old. Complete in 20 stanzas.

An edition of the hymn, complete in 20 stanzas, has been published in *The Works of Sankaracharya* (Vanivilas Press edition, Vol. 17, pp. 159–164).

Post-colophon Statement :-

इन्द्रतर्भनगचन्त्रसम्मिते च्येष्ठमासि सिततूर्यसंयुते। दिनकरस्य दिवसे चि पुस्तकं सूर्यमणिनामास्यनेखितम्॥ सदुरुभोलानाथाय पठनार्थम्।

(4) BHAVĀNĪ.

6700.

3130. भवानीसहस्रनामस्तोचम्। Bhavānīsahasra-

Substance, country-made paper. $6\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 1-33. Lines, 7 on a page. Extent in ślokas, 230. Character, Nāgara. Date, Saka 1701. Appearance, good. Complete.

The present MS is described in L. X. 4113. The stotra has been published in the Stotraratnākara (Vol. II, pp. 1–23, Madras, 1929). It is assigned to the Rudrayāmala.

Post-colophon Statement:—

श्रीसंवत् १८३६ भाके १७०१ चैत्र शुद्ध १ भोन्य।

3774. Bhavānīsahasranāmastotra.

Substance, country-made paper. 8×4 inches. Folia, 22. Lines, 7. Extent in ślokas, 230. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, discoloured. Complete.

The present MS has no colophon.

6702.

2148. भवानीस्तवराजः। Bhavānīstavarāja.

Substance, machine-made paper. $6 \times 3\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 2. Lines, 6. Extent in ślokas, 10. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fair. Incomplete.

The stava proper appears to be missing in the present MS which contains the dhyāna and nyāsa only.

Beginning:-

alivieroV) promacona

बस्य श्रीक्तवराजस्य सदाधिवऋषिः स्मृतः।
देवता जगतां धाजी [जि]कूटा परमोत्तमा॥
इन्दोनुस्रुप् समाख्यातं मनसा इच्छितं फलम्।
ख्रय ध्यानं वदास्यस्या देखाः परमस्तमम्॥
इतेन चेन जायन्ते न्यणां पूर्णा मनोर्ष्याः।
माधिक्तानीलाभारूपध्यामलाक्ततिम्॥
ख्रये रक्तारविन्दाभां चतुर्भुजसमन्विताम्।
यीवेयाङ्गदसंयुक्तां लसलाञ्चीकलापिनीम्॥

End:-

एवं न्यासविधिं कला भ्रतमादी मनुं जपेत्। स्तवराजं पठेत् पञ्चात् गुनरन्ते च सम्पूटम्॥

Colophon:

इति रुद्रयामले महागमसारे श्रीभवानीस्तवराजः सम्पूर्णः।

Sāhib Kaula.

6703.

6019. देवीनामविलासः। Devināmavilāsa.

Substance, country-made paper. $7 \times 6\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 1–402 (bound in book-form). Lines, 7. Extent in ślokas, 3,000. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fair. Complete in 16 chapters.

This is a poem which seeks to elucidate each of the one thousand names of Bhavānī (as found in the Bhavānī-sahasranāmastotra described above), by one verse, beginning from chapter VI (Fol. 162B) and ending in chapter XV (vol. 375B). The earlier chapters describe how Śiva, questioned by Nandikeśvara, related the greatness of the Divine Mother—greatness that led even Śiva to eulogise Her. The last chapter praises the hymn of thousand names.

Beginning:—

चित्रूपं क्रतनामरूपविभवं चेरूप्यरूपं बुधेरासीदस्ति भविष्यतीति वचसां दूरेऽपि सत्तावपुः।
त्यक्तायुक्तवियुक्तियुक्तिकलनं भक्तेषु स्क्रिप्रणं
श्रीभ्रम्भोर्जयति सभावमध्रं तच्छक्तिरूपं मचः॥१॥
सोऽचं तेन मुद्धः प्रनुद्रच्यः सर्व्यास्ववस्थास्विष सुन्द्र्याः स्तवराज ईभ्रक्षिते नाम्नां पुरा नन्दिने। साच्चिव्कील इति प्रसिद्धमच्सि स्थानेऽमले दर्भये स्नातन्त्रेग्ण निवेभ्रितात्मविभवः स्रक्तेर्विलासं स्मुटम्॥२॥

Chapter VI introduces the subject-matter as follows:—
Fol. 160A, प्रमुखने यानि नामानि देवो
देवाः स्पष्टं पूर्वमुदेग्रापूर्वम् ।
सान्धिवनौलस्तानि भन्नयैनवस्यो
स्तिर्धं लत्त्वायद्भिवेबन्य ॥ २ ॥

विष्णुमायाभिष्ठे सिद्धसरस्वत्यपिवर्णिते।
पर्यायेगेच षष्ट्या च तरस्याखोपादिता॥३॥
कापि काप्यन्यनामानि विग्रष्टान्तरितानि च।
विर्णितानि न दूष्ट्याणि तान्युद्भावनया स्वयम्॥४॥

Each chapter ends with a verse-colophon. The first half of this verse is common to all the chapters. The second half which changes from chapter to chapter occasionally refers to other works of the author. The concluding verses of chapters I and XVI, and the second halves of similar verses of the remaining chapters are quoted below.

Chapter I:-

- 30B, खखातन्त्रामञ्चानुभूतिकालया वध्यं भवित्रोद्गते

 साच्चित्कोल इति प्रधावति पदे निम्माति यः खासनम्।
 देवीनामविलासनाम्नि विद्यते तत्तत्प्रभावोदयात्

 तत्वात्रे भ्रिवसिद्धिनीतिसञ्चने भिक्तः प्रधानाममत्॥
- 46A, गायचीमनुजेनुसन्ततनोर्भाष्यस्य तेनागमत् काळे नामविलासनामि रचिते भित्तर्दयोः पूरगी ॥
- 71A, देवीनामविलासनाम्नि लिलतात्त्रित्स्मारसारादय-भातर्यत्र तदीयकात्रान्त्रपती भक्तिस्तृतीयागमत्॥
- 141B, सिच्चत्यूर्वपद्यक्तस्यातिभागानन्दनान्दत्यनू-द्धारे तस्य क्वती विलास उदिते भिक्तस्त्र्रीयागमत्॥
- 159B, तलाखे प्रविश्वक्तिपूर्वकविनासानूड्वते संस्टते प्राह्मयङ्केन विनासनामि महिता भिर्तार्गता पश्चमी॥
- 185B, तत्नाचे कुलदेवता ख्रयगतेः श्रीग्रारिकायाः स्तवं मन्त्रोद्धारकमानते समझं भक्ती रसाङ्कागमत्॥
- 206B, तलाखे गुरुवत्तचिन्तनमणेः सोदर्थभावं श्रिते देवीनामविलासनामि विरतिं भिक्तर्गता सप्तमी ॥

- 228B, तत्काचे सहजार्चनादिपदवत्याः षष्टिकाया चनू-द्भूते नामविलासनाम्नि सुरसा भिक्तर्यंतीताष्टमी ॥
- 250B, काचे तस्य निजात्मनोधसङ्गे कम्मीरविख्यातता-हेतोर्दुर्गकलावपि प्रवितते भिक्तर्गवाङ्गागमत्॥
- 271B, तत्काचे चरणादियातयमकं श्रीचन्द्रमौलिस्तवं भाटतेन समागतेच दश्रमी भितादिरामं गता ॥
- 292B, तत्नाचे चरणान्तयातयमनं खं सुप्रभातस्तवं सोदर्थं कलयत्यमुत्र विरतिं भित्तभैवाङ्कागमत्॥
- 315B, कार्य तस्य सहोदरेत्र विस्तेगीतानुसारं प्रति-भान्या नामविलासनाम्नि विरति भित्तर्गता दादशी॥
- 335B, कार्थे तस्य समागते समिगिनी सञ्जातको दाह्नतिं चित्रान्तेच्च विलासनामि विरतिं भित्तस्त्रयोदस्यगात्॥
- 356B, चित्रैः पद्यमग्रीर्विभासिततनूरन्यानवाप्य स्थिती कान्ये तस्य विलासनाम्नि विरतिं भित्तस्थतुर्देग्यमात्॥
- 375B, कार्थे तस्य प्राविचार्यविषये सत्यद्भवन्धादिका देवीनामविलासनामि विधिमभैतिर्गते हाङ्गिता ॥
- 392B, श्रीक्रियात्मपरानुभूतिविभवाच्छीक्रयाकौलादभूत् साच्चिकौल इति स्मृटं प्रिवपदं बुद्धेर्जनित्यास्य यत् । भिक्तस्त्रद्गिराजितस्य सुपलसन्ता गता मे मच्चा-काव्ये नामविलासनाम्नि लिलतापूर्णप्रयां मोडग्री॥

The date of the composition of the work (1667 A.D.) is given:—

397B, ग्राके विक्रमभूम्टतोनलभुजागाङ्गीर्मिते हायने
क्यमीरेषु च नेचवेदगणिते पद्ये सुचौ माधवे।
भूताहे गणपाधिपेऽन्तमनयदेददिवधीङ्किते
साहिव्कौलपदे विलासमुद्तिः श्रीग्राह्मिनामान्यनु॥

Last Colophon:—

इति श्रीनामविलासः शुभदः समाप्तः। क्रतिरियं श्रीमन्-महामाहेश्वराचार्थ्यसाहिव्कौलपादानाम्।

(5) Bhuvaneśvarī.

6704.

4706D. भुवनेश्वरीस्तोचकवचे। Bhuvaneśvarīstotrakavaca.

Substance, country-made paper. $13\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 21B-25A. Lines, 8. Extent in ślokas, 75. Character, Bengali. Appearance, good. Complete.

The stotra is taken from the Śāradātilaka (Ch. XXIV. 86–111). The kavaca is assigned to the Rudrayāmala.

Beginning of kavaca:—

देख्यवाच।

भुवनेश्वर्थाः देवेश मायाविद्याः प्रकाशिता । श्रुतास्वाधिगताः सर्वाः श्रोतुमिच्छामि साम्यतम् । वैलोक्यमङ्गलं नाम कवचं यत् प्ररोदितम् ॥

Colophon of kavaca:—

23A, इति रुद्रयामले देवीश्व[र]संवादे जैलोक्यमङ्गलं नाम भुवनेश्वरीकवत्तं समाप्तम्।

(6) Durgā.

6705.

148. दुर्गादादिनामस्तोचम् । Durgādādināmastotra.

Substance, country-made paper. $16 \times 5\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 1–12. Lines, 8. Extent in ślokas, 265. Character, Bengali. Appearance, fair. Complete.

The present MS was described in L. I. 461. The stotra which consists of 1,000 names of Durgā, all beginning with the letter d, does not agree with the one of the same name published by Annadacarana Bhattacarya (Murshidabad, 1331 B.S.) and assigned to the Kulārņava.

(7) Mahişamardini.

6706.

10670. महिषमहिनीसहस्रनामस्तवः। Mahişamardinīsahasranāmastava.

Substance, country-made paper. $14\frac{1}{2} \times 2\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 10 (by counting). Lines, 6. Extent in ślokas, 160. Character, Bengali. Appearance, old, worn-out and faded. Complete.

Beginning:

ईश्वर उवाच।

व्यथ वच्चे महिशानि + + + + सहस्रकम्। यस्य विज्ञानमात्रेण भवेत् + + + + + + ॥

Colophon:—

इति + + + + + मर्दिन्याः सम्मनामन्तवः समाप्तः।

(8) Annapūrņā.

6707.

9816. श्रवपूर्णास्तोचम् । Annapūrņāstotra.

Substance, country-made paper. $9\frac{1}{2} \times 5$ inches. Folia, 6. Lines, 15. Extent in ślokas, 80. Character, Nāgara. Date, Saṃvat 1879. Appearance, old. Complete.

The stotra proper contains about 50 stanzas. It is therefore styled $pa\tilde{n}c\bar{a}\dot{s}ik\bar{a}$ in two of the stanzas towards the end.

Beginning of the stotra proper:

श्रीदेखवाच ।

देवदेवेण मे भीष्रं दारिहंग्र न भवेदाया। कां देवतां नमस्कृत्य वद भाक्षर तत्त्वतः॥

ईश्वर उवाच।

अव्वपूर्णामचं वच्चे चतुर्वर्गफलप्रदा[म्]। यस्या[ः] स्मरणमाचेण क्वतार्थः साधकस्वरेत्॥

Colophon:-

इति श्रीरुद्रयामले ईश्वरपार्वतीसंवादे अन्नपूर्णास्तोचं सम्पूर्णम्।

Post-colophon Statement:

श्रममस्त कल्याणमस्त संवत् १८७६ स्रधिक स्राश्विनश्रुक्ते चतुर्थी धगुरौ स्वार्थं परार्थं च॥

(9) VAGALĀMUKHĪ.

6708.

<mark>236. वगलामुखीस्तोचम् । Vagalāmukhīstotra.</mark>

Substance, country-made paper. 16×3 inches. Folia, 3A-6A. Lines, 4. Extent in ślokas, 30. Appearance, old. Complete.

Fol. 1–2B of the present MS contains a *kavaca* of the deity. The MS has been described by R. L. Mitra in L. I. 436, 437, one number describing the *kavaca* and the other the *stotra*. The *stotra* is published in various collections of *stotras* published in Bengal.

6709.

4706A. Vagalāmukhīstotra.

Substance, country-made paper. $13\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 1-3. Lines, 9. Extent in ślokas, 30. Character, Bengali. Appearance, old. Complete.

Folia 1-3A contains the *stotra* while the last leaf contains two *kavacas*, presumably of Kālī, one called the *śatrumardanakavaca* and the other the *ṛṇaśodhanakavaca*, the colophons of which are quoted below:—

3B, इति समयातन्ते देवीश्वरसंवादे प्रजमर्दनं नाम कवचं समाप्तम्।
इति भैरवतन्ते देवीश्वरसंवादे ऋणग्रोधनकवचं समाप्तम्।

6710.

5129. Vagalāmukhīstotra.

Substance, country-made paper. $18 \times 3\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 2. Lines, 6. Extent in ślokas, 30. Character, Bengali. Appearance, old. Complete.

6711.

9481. Vagalāmukhīstotra.

Substance, country-made paper. $6\frac{1}{2} \times 4$ inches. Folia, 2-6. Lines, 11. Extent in ślokas, 40. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fair. Incomplete.

In the present MS the hymn which agrees with the one described above is assigned to the *Vidyārṇavatantra* and not to the *Rudrayāmala* as in the previous MSS and the printed editions. It has more than a dozen verses in the beginning describing the deity.

Colophon:

इति श्रीविद्यार्णवतन्त्रे वगलास्तोत्रं सम्पूर्णम्।

Post-colophon Statement:—

सं। १८१६। ॐ ब्रह्मास्त्राय विद्याहे स्तम्भनाय धीमिष्टि तन्नो वगला प्रचोदयात् १। चैत्रमासे क्रम्पपचे एकादम्यां बुधवासरे लिख्यते लच्चाग्रेन श्रुभमस्त्र। १ (10) PRATYANGIRA.

6712.

2802. प्रत्यिङ्गिरास्तोचम् । Pratyangirāstotra.

Substance, country-made paper. 12×4 inches. Folia, 3 (marked 11–13 on the left hand margin). Lines, 9. Extent in ślokas, 85. Character, Bengali. Appearance, good. Complete.

The stotra proper is of the type of a mālāmantra which is preceded by an introduction and followed by a phalaśruti. The phalaśruti section of the present MS is followed in the next two MSS by another mantra with an indication of its application and uses. This portion is not found in the present MS.

The first folia of the present MS and of the MS described under No. 5640 above (both of which form part of a larger MS) were inadvertently interchanged so that after a proper re-adjustment of the folia the latter MS is found to contain a complete copy of an Aparādhabhañjanastotra alone and no portion of the Pratyangirāstotra as stated in the description thereof.

Fol. 3B of the present MS contains the aparādha-bhanjanastotra (see below) assigned to the Rudrayāmala.

Beginning of the Pratyangirāstotra:—

प्रविद्विश्वास्तोत्र[मन्तस्य] महादेवऋषिरनुष्ठुप्छन्दः प्रविद्विशान्तिः । देवता ममाभीष्ठसिद्धार्थे विनियोगः । मन्दरस्यं सुखासीनं भगवन्तं जिलोचनम् । निपव्य चरगौ भक्त्या पार्वतौ परिष्टक्क्ति॥

श्रीदेखवाच ।
धारगीया महाविद्या प्रत्यक्तिरा महोदया ।
नरनारीहितार्थाय बालानां रच्चगाय च ॥

तां तां विद्यां महिशान कथयस मिय प्रभी। पठित्वा धारियत्वा यां नरो विश्वेश्वरो भवेत्॥

Colophon:

इति चण्डोग्रश्रूलपाणितन्त्रविनिर्गतमञ्चातन्त्रराजे प्रत्यिक्तरा-क्तोचं संपूर्णम्।

6713.

9891. Pratyangirāstotra.

Substance, country-made paper. $10 \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 1-5, of which No. 1 appears to be a later restoration on machine-made paper. Lines, 9. Extent in ślokas, 85. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fair. Complete.

6714.

9492. Pratyangirāstotra.

Substance, machine-made paper. $8 \times 3\frac{1}{3}$ inches. Folia, 2-5. Lines, 8, 9. Extent in ślokas, 80. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, good. Incomplete.

The stotra begins at Fol. 2B, the previous portion dealing with details of the worship of the deity. The stotra is complete in the present MS but for the colophon and some verses towards the end pertaining to the second mantra, found in this and the previous MS.

6715.

1981. प्रत्यिङ्गिराकवचम्। Pratyangirākavaca.

Substance, country-made paper. $9 \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 3. Lines, 10. Extent in ślokas, 75. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fair. Incomplete.

Beginning:

अय प्रत्यिक्षराकवचपारमाः।

श्रीपार्व्वयवाच ।
देवदेव महादेव सर्व्वज्ञ करुणानिधे ।
प्रविद्विरायाः कवचं रुचमन्त्रस्वरूपिणम् ॥
जगन्मञ्जलकं नाम प्रसिद्धं सुवनचये ।
सर्व्वरुज्ञाक्तरं नृणां रहस्यमपि तद् यथा ॥

श्रीभित उनाच ।

प्रमु वच्चामि कल्याणि कवचं भ्रजुनिग्रहम् ।

पर्पेमितकर्मादीन् मन्त्रभ्रत्थादिभन्नणम् ॥

(11) Indrākṣī.

6716.

9365. इन्द्राक्षीस्तोचम् । Indrākṣīstotra.

Substance, country-made paper. 9×5 inches. Folia, 3. Lines, 9. Extent in ślokas, 35. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fair. Complete.

The *stotra* is the same as the one described under No. 5649 above (Vol. VII).

6717.

9575B. Indrākṣīstotra.

Substance, country-made paper. $11 \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 4B-6B. Lines 7. Extent in ślokas, 35. Character, Nāgara. Date, Saṃvat 1918. Appearance, fair. Complete.

Post-colophon Statement:—

श्रुभमस्त । सम्बत् १८१८ मीति वैशाख सुदी र वार सनीचर।

(12) GAYATRI.

6718.

153. **गाय**चौहृदयम्। *Gāyatrīhṛdaya*.

Substance, country-made yellow paper. $18\frac{1}{2} \times 3\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 1–6. Lines, 5. Extent in ślokas, 90. Character, Bengali. Appearance, old. Complete.

The present MS is described in L. I. 475. The work, in the form of an interlocution between Vasistha and Brahmā, speaks of the origin of the Vedic mantra known as gāyatrī, as well as the esoteric meaning and potency of the different syllables constituting it. The following two MSS also contain works which are similar to and almost identical with the present one.

6719.

158. Gāyatrīhṛdaya.

Substance, country-made yellow paper. 16×3 inches. Folia, 5–11. Lines, 4. Extent in ślokas, 85. Character, Bengali. Appearance, old. Complete.

The present MS is described under two headings in L. I. 442-3. The first two lines of Fol. 5A contain the concluding portion of a gāyatrīkavaca assigned to the Brahmayāmala. The gāyatrīhṛdaya here is in the form of an interlocution between Vaiśampāyana and Brahmā as well as Brahmā and Nārada. The major portion of what is called gāyatrīkalpa (Fol. 8–11) in the present MS is found included in similar words in the previous MS (Fol. 4B–6).

6720.

242. Gāyatrīhrdaya.

Substance, machine-made paper. 8×3 inches. Folia, 7. Lines, 6. Extent in ślokas, 70. Character, Bengali. Appearance, good. Complete.

This is assigned to the *Brahmakalpa* and is in the form of an interlocution between Yājñavalkya and Brahmā. It does not contain any portion of what is called *gāyatrī-kalpa* in the previous MS.

6721.

<mark>2087. गायचीकवचम्। Gāyatrīkavaca.</mark>

Substance, country-made paper. $8\frac{1}{2} \times 4$ inches. Folium, 1. Lines, 19 in all. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, worn out. Complete.

The different syllables of the Vedic $g\bar{a}yatr\bar{\imath}$ are here invoked for the protection of the different parts of the body. MSS of $g\bar{a}yatr\bar{\imath}kavaca$ attributed to $N\bar{\imath}latantra$ and $\bar{A}gamasandarbha$ are described in HPR. III. 74-5.

Beginning:—

अस्य श्रीगायत्रीकवचक्तोत्रमन्तस्य ब्रह्मविष्णुमहेश्वरा ऋषयः ऋग्यजुःसामाथर्वाणि इन्दांसि परब्रह्मणः खरूपिणी गायत्री प्रिति-देवता भू[:] बीजं सुवः प्रितिः सुवः कीलकं गायत्रीप्रसादसिद्धर्थे गायत्रीमन्त्रपटनं करिथे।

खर्णसत्नुखिका इस्तां शुद्धनिर्मेन ज्योतिषीं। सर्व्यतत्त्वमयीं वन्दे गायत्रीं वेदमातरम्॥

Colophon :-

विशास्त्रकल्पे गायत्रीकवचं सम्पूर्णम्।

6722.

5052. Gāyatrīkavaca.

Substance, country-made paper. 13×3 inches. Folia, 2. Lines, 7. Extent in ślokas, 30. Character, Bengali. Appearance, discoloured. Complete.

Beginning:—

पार्व्वत्यवाच ।

देवदेव महादेव संसारार्णवतारक। गायत्रीकवचं देव क्राप्या कथय प्रभो॥

ईश्वर उवाच।

प्रश्ना देवेष्मि साविज्ञीमाहात्यं पापनाभ्रनम्।
महाव्याधिभयात् पापाद् दुःखसंसारबन्धनात्।
प्रतिग्रहान्नदोषाच पातकादुपपातकात्।
स्रातगोष्यं महाप्रख्यं चिकोटितीर्थसंयुतम्॥
सर्वयज्ञमयं देव परं ब्रह्ममयं सदा।
कवचं कथयान्यद्य पार्वति प्राणवह्नभे॥

Colophon:

इति श्रीरद्रजामले शिवपार्ळतीसम्बादे गायजीकवचं समाप्तम्।

This is different from, though similar to, the kavaca in the MS described above.

6723.

9506. [गायचौस्तोचादि। Gāyatrīstotrādi.]

Substance, country-made paper. $9 \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 5. Lines, 14. Extent in ślokas, 150. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, good. Complete.

This contains hymns like the गायव्यक्षोत्तरभ्रतिद्व्यनामस्तोच (Fol. 1-2A) [already noticed in L. II. 882] and गायचीकवचस्तोच (Fol. 4B-5A) which agrees with the one assigned to the Vasisthakalpa and described above (No. 6721).

It has also sections dealing with rites for muttering the $g\bar{a}yatr\bar{\imath}$ (Fol. 2Bff) and describing what is called a $g\bar{a}yatr\bar{\imath}m\bar{a}l\bar{a}mantra$ (Fol. 5A-B).

9407. गायचीस्तवराजस्तोचम्। Gāyatrīstavarājastotra.

Substance, country-made paper. 8×3 inches. Folia, 5. Lines, 9. Extent in ślokas, 50. Character, Nāgara. Date, Saṃvat 1789. Appearance, old. Complete.

The colophon of the present MS attributes the stotra to Viśvāmitra (इति विश्वामित्रवितं गायत्रीस्तवराजस्तोत्रं सम्पूर्णम्)। Another MS belonging to the old collection of the Society and noticed in L. II. 886 assigns it to the Viśvāmitrasamhitā.

6725.

3020. गायचीसहस्रनामस्तोचम् । Gāyatrīsahasranāmastotra.

Substance, country-made paper. $5\frac{1}{2} \times 3$ inches. Folia, 27. Lines, 7. Extent in ślokas, 100. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, old. Complete.

The present MS has been described in L. X. 4073.

Post-colophon Statement:—

प्राके १७३२ चैस्र सु ७। भौमवासरे संवत् १८६६ दन्ताणे सुक्षानामान्दे। तहिने पातः समाप्तिमगमत्।

The last three folia of the MS contains a description of the procedure of the rite called gāyatrītarpaṇa.

(13) SARASVATĪ.

6726.

11069. सिद्वसर्खतीस्तोचम् । Siddhasarasvatīstotra.

Substance, machine-made paper. $7 \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 4. Lines, 10. Extent in ślokas, 25. Character Nāgara. Appearance, fair. Complete.

The *stotra* proper begins from Fol. 2B, the earlier portion containing *mantras* and *dhyānas*. It generally agrees with a Sarasvatīstotra well known in Bengal and published in *stotra* collections like the *Stavakavacamālā* (Basumati Sahitya Mandir, Calcutta, 1334 B.S., pp. 554-6).

Beginning: 2B,

ॐ क्रीँ क्रीँ हृयैकबीजे प्राप्तित्तमले कल्परुच्स्थाभी भयो भयानुकूले कुमितवनदेव विश्ववन्दािक्ष्मिश्चे। पद्मे पद्मोपविष्टे प्रणतजनमनोमोदसम्पादियिच प्रोत्पुद्धज्ञानकूटे हिरिनजदियते देवि संसारसारे॥

Colophon:

इति श्रीसनलुमारसंहितायां सिद्धसरस्तीस्तोचं समाप्तम्।

(14) Lakşmī.

6727

10866. महालक्ष्मीहृद्यस्तोचम्। Mahālakṣmīhṛdaya-stotra.

Substance, country-made paper. $6\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 10. Lines, 11. Extent in ślokas, 140. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, good. Complete.

Beginning:—

ॐ अस्य श्री आद्यादिमहालक्षीहृदयस्तोत्रमन्त्रस्य भार्गव ऋषिः ...

2B, ॐ श्रीमत्सीभाग्यजननीं स्तौमि लच्चीं सनातनीम्।
सर्व्वकामणलावाप्तिसाधनैकसुखावच्चाम्॥
स्मरामि नित्यं देवेण्णि त्वया प्रेरितमानसः।
त्वदाच्चां ण्रिरसा छत्वा भजामि प्रमेश्वरीम्॥

End:-

ध्यायेल्लच्मीं प्रहसितमुखीं कोटिबालार्कभासां विद्युदर्णाम्बरवरधरां भूषणाच्चां सुप्रोभाम्। वीजापूरं सरसिजयुगलं विभ्वतीं खर्णपाचं भर्त्वा युक्तां मुद्धरभयदां मह्यमप्यच्यतस्त्रीः॥

Colophon:-

र्ति श्रीअथर्वणरहस्ये आद्यादिश्रीमहालच्यीहृदयस्तो<mark>वं</mark> समाप्तम्॥

(15) MISCELLANEOUS.

6728.

9324. **गङ्गाकवचम् ।** Gaṅgākavaca.

Substance, country-made paper. $10 \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 5. Lines, 9. Extent in ślokas, 80. Character, Nāgara. Date, Saṃvat 1914. Appearance, fair. Complete.

Beginning:

श्रीदेखवाच।

देवदेव महादेव भक्तानुग्रहकारक। गङ्गायाः कवचं ब्रूहि यदाहं तव वस्त्रभा॥१॥

श्रीसदाण्चित उवाच ।

लच्चवारसङ्खाणि वारितानि तव प्रिये ।

स्त्रीखभावान्मया देवि प्रनस्त्वं परिष्टच्छसि ॥

End:

सर्वेश्वर्थं भवेत् सत्यं सत्यमेव न संप्रयः।
एषा सन्मोहिनौ विद्या पित्रा प्रत्रो न कथ्यते॥ ४३॥
गोष्यं गोष्यं प्रनर्गोष्यं गोष्यं गोष्यं प्रनः प्रनः।
स्वमाद्योनिवद्गोष्यं विद्येषेत्यागमा जगुः॥ ४४॥

Colophon:—

इति श्रीरदयामले तन्ते प्रत्यच्चित्रिकरे श्रीगङ्गादेखा[:] वैलोक्यमोद्दनं नाम कवचं सम्पूर्णम्।

6729.

4819. योगिनीविजयस्तवः। Yoginīvijayastava.

Substance, country-made paper. $8\frac{1}{2} \times 3$ inches. Folia, 1–45 of which Fol. 2 is missing. Lines, 6. Extent in ślokas, 500. Character, Newari. Appearance, fair. Complete.

Beginning:—

गुद्धास्तवं प्रवच्यामि महाभैरविनर्गतम् । भाषितं देवदेवेन भैरवेण महात्मना ॥ गुद्धापद्मक्रमेणीव साधकानां हिताय वै। भुत्तिमुत्तिपदं दिखं देवासुरनमस्कृतम्॥

End:—

महाकुश्वमते खातं योगिनी विजयस्तवम्।
पिप्पकादेन मुनिना एथियामवतारितम्॥
भैरवेण प्राखातं देखा नियममुत्तमम्।
यः पठेत् परया भक्त्या सोपचारेण नित्यशः॥
स सर्वश्वभमाप्नोति इत्येवं भैरवोऽत्रवीत्॥

Colophon:—

र्रात ब्रह्मयामलदासप्ततिसाइसे रताये नवाच्चरविधाने योगिनीविजयस्तवः समाप्तः।

6730.

1870. वशीकरणस्तोचम्। Vaśīkaraṇastotra.

Substance, country-made paper. $7\frac{1}{2} \times 4$ inches. Folia, 1–3. Lines, 7. Extent in ślokas, 25. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, old. Complete.

The present MS is described in L. X. 3248. The hymn is addressed to Vārāhī.

6731.

182. मातृकाकवचम्। Mātṛkākavaca.

Substance, country-made paper. $13 \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 6. Lines, 7-8. Extent in ślokas, 110. Character, Bengali. Appearance, fair. Complete.

Different letters of the alphabet are invoked here for the protection of different parts of the body. The present MS was described in L. I. 486.

Beginning:—

ईश्वर उवाच।

पृथ्णु कमलपचाच्चि मात्रकां ब्रह्मरूपियौम्। ब्रह्मादिभिः सदा ध्येयां सूच्मां पद्मवने स्थिताम्॥ यकारादिच्चकारान्तां प्रयाम्य निगदामि ते। सदा ब्रह्ममयौं नित्यां योगपद्मोपरिस्थिताम्॥

End:

एतत्त्वत्वं महेणानि यो जानाति नरोत्तमः।
स एव तु महादेवि देवीपुज इव चितो ॥
सोऽहं भिवो महादेवि देवीरूपस्त भिक्तमान्।
स भाक्तः भिवभक्तस्य स [च] वो वैष्णवोत्तमः॥
स एव धन्यो यस्यार्थे महेणो व्ययमानसः॥

Colophon:—

इति चिन्तामणितन्ते देवीश्वरसंवादे माह्यकाश्रीजगन्मङ्गलं नाम कवचं समाप्तम्॥

10313. रजस्वलास्तोचम्। Rajasvalāstotra.

Substance, country-made paper. $7 \times 3\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 1–5. Lines, 6. Extent in ślokas, 30. Character Nāgara. Appearance, worn-out and repaired. Complete.

Beginning:—

ॐ अस्य श्रीरजसलास्तोचमन्त्रस्य ईश्वर ऋषिः...... अय ध्यानम्।

बालार्ककोटिवर्णाभां बालचन्द्रनिभाननाम्। स्रमन्तवालासिह्तां ध्यायेदेवीं रजस्रलाम्॥

भगोद्भवं जगत् सर्वं जैलोक्यं सचराचरम्। भूपातालादिकं + + सत्याकाग्रं भगोद्भवम्॥

Colophon:—

इति श्रीरुदयामले तन्त्रे उमामहेश्वरसंवादे रजखलास्तोचं संपूर्णम्।

6733.

10316. पुष्पिगौस्तोचम् । Puspiņīstotra.

Substance, machine-made paper. 7×4 inches. Folia 1-3. Lines, 6. Extent in ślokas, 25. Character, Nāgara. Date, Saṃvat 1956. Appearance, fair. Complete.

Beginning:—

र जसलामुखं दृष्ट्वा सर्व्वपापैः प्रमुखते।
सम्भाषणञ्च कुरुते सोमयागप्पलं लभेत्॥
तस्याः स्मरणमाजेण भवेन्मृतिञ्चतुर्विधा।
तस्याः संसर्गमाजेण जैलोकोज्ञाटनज्ञमः॥

Colophon:-

इति कालिकाप्रस्थे प्रव्यिगीस्त्रोचम्।

Post-colophon Statement (in a different hand):—

रघुनायमालवीयस्थेदं पुक्तकं। सं १८५६ व्याघाठ युक्त ८ चन्त्रवासरे।

6734.

10317. योनिस्तोचम् । Yonistotra.

Substance, machine-made paper. 7×4 inches. Folia, 4. Lines, 6. Extent in ślokas, 30. Character, Nāgara. Date, Saṃvat 1956. Appearance, good. Complete.

Beginning:

श्रीभाव उवाच।

इत्यु देवि सुरश्रेष्ठे सुरासुरनमस्कृते । इदानौं श्रोतुमिच्छामि स्तोचं चि सर्व्वदुर्व्वभम् ॥ यस्यावबोधनादेची देची ब्रह्ममयो भवेत् ।

श्रीदेखुवाच ।

ममैव प्राणसर्व्यसं लतास्तोचं दिगम्बरम्। यस्य प्रपठनादेव जीवन्मुस्तोपि जायते॥ भगरूपा जगन्माया स्टिस्थितिलयान्विता। दश्रविद्यास्वरूपात्मा योनिर्मां पातु सर्व्वदा॥ कोणचययुता देवी स्तुतिनिन्दाविवर्ज्जिता। जगदानन्दसम्भूता योनिर्मां पातु सर्व्वदा॥

Colophon:-

इति योनितन्त्रे योनिस्तोचं समाप्तम्॥

Post-colophon Statement (in a different hand):—
प॰ रघुनाथमालवीयस्थेदं पुस्तकम्। सं १९५६ चामाड

श्रुक्त ६ चन्द्रवासरे। प० वालमुकुन्द्रकर्मकारिष्डमालवीयस्थेदं पुस्तकम्।

6725

6735.

4706G. योनिकवचम्। Yonikavaca.

Substance, country-made paper. $13 \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 43B-44B. Lines, 8. Extent in ślokas, 10. Character, Bengali. Appearance, fair. Complete.

The kavaca which is assigned to the Nīlatantra and is called Trilokṣavijayī [Trailokyavijaya] is preceded by a short Yonistava assigned to the Kulacūḍāmaṇitantra.

Beginning:—

अस्य श्रीयोनिकवचस्य नारदऋषिरनुष्टुप्छन्दः...... ॐ क्रीं योनिन्या सदा पातु खाद्या। भ्राचुनाभ्रात्मिका योनिः सदा मां रच्च सागरे॥

Colophon:

इति नीलतन्त्रे उमामहेश्वरसम्बादे चिलोच्चविजयीकवचं समाप्तम्।

Post-colophon Statement:—

श्रीनगदामभूमाणः साच्चरिमदं पुस्तके लिपिरेषा श्रावणस्य एकविंभ्रतिदिननेति। समाप्तश्चायं ग्राशः।

6736.

9499. विषयेश्वरीस्तोचम्। Viṣayeśvarīstotra.

Substance, machine-made paper. $8 \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folium, 1. Lines 19 in all. Extent in ślokas, 15. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fair. Complete.

It has been published with the title *Vişayeśvarastotra* in the *Stavakavacamālā* (Basumati Sahitya Mandir, Calcutta, 1334 B.S., pp. 761–3).

Post-colophon Statement:—

अलेखीदं लच्चीनारायग्रेन कविना रन्धा(व)विग्रयचन्द्रिमिते वर्षे वैज्ञमे मासि पौषे खामितिथौ शुक्ते।

6737.

9495. वन्दौस्तोचम्। Vandistotra.

Substance, machine-made paper. $8 \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folium, 1. Lines, 11 in all. Extent in ślokas, 10. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fair. Complete.

Beginning:—

खय वन्दौक्तोचम्।
विन्दि देवि नमक्तुम्यं वरदामयश्रोभने।
विन्दि देवि नमक्तुम्यं वरदामयश्रोभने।
विन्दि पङ्गजपचाच्चि लोचसङ्गरुमञ्जिनि।
प्रसादं कुरु मे देवि श्रीष्ठं मोच्चं ददातु मे॥२॥
वं वन्दी वं मचामाया वं दुर्गा वं सरखती।
वं वौरा जननी चैव श्रीष्ठं मोच्चं ददातु मे॥३॥

Colophon:-

इति रुद्रयामलतन्ते वन्दीमोचनस्तोचम्।

6738.

10396. सङ्करासहस्रनामाखानम्। Saṅkaṭāsahasranāmākhyāṇa.

Substance, country-made paper. $6\frac{1}{2} \times 3$ inches. Folia, 19. Lines, 8-9. Extent in ślokas, 200. Character, Nāgara. Date, Samvat 1891. Appearance, fair. Complete.

A hymn containing eight names of the deity called Sankaṭānāmāṣṭaka which is assigned to the Padmapurāṇa is well known and has been published in the Bṛhatstotra-ratnākara (Bombay, 1932, pp. 189–91) etc.

Beginning:

मेरए छे सुखासीनं भैरवं परिएक्ति।
बद्धाञ्जलिएटा देवी भैरवी सुवनेश्वरी॥
श्रीभैरखुवाच।
यत् सूचितं लया नाथ नासामष्टसहस्वकम्।
तन्मे वद महाकाल यद्यहं तव वह्मभा॥
श्रीभैरव उवाच।
पृद्यु देवि महेणानिं नासामष्टसहस्वकम्।
पुरा चिपुरनाणार्थं यन्मया लिखितं शुभे॥

3A. अय सहस्रनामाखानम्।
सङ्क्षटा विजया नित्या कामदा दुःखहारिगी।
सर्वगावाहतगतिः कात्यायनी महेस्वरी॥

Colophon:

इति श्रीमचाकालसंचितायां चतुर्थीक ल्पपटने सङ्गटास इस-नामाख्यानं समाप्तम्।

Post-colophon Statement :—

संवत् १८८१। लिखितं विश्वेश्वरमर्मणा पौषमासे क्वाणे १०।

6739.

2852. अपराधमञ्जनस्तोचम् । Aparādhabhañjanastotra.

Substance, machine-made paper. $12\frac{1}{2} \times 4$ inches. Folium, 1 with writing on one side only. Lines, 7. Extent in ślokas, 10. Character, Bengali. Appearance, discoloured. Complete in 5 verses.

Other hymns of the type have been described in ASB, VII. 5275, 5609–14, 5640, 5643. The present hymn is also contained in another MS containing the *Pratyangirāstotra* 6712 above.

Beginning:

न ध्यातं चरणाम्बुजं न च क्षतं साष्टाङ्गपातं नमः

श्रोचेणापि गुणानुवादचरितं नैव श्रुतं लदचः।

स्पृष्टं नापि तवानुवृत्तिकुण्णलं लत्यादजं वा रजः

द्यन्तव्यो जननि लयाहमसिते मूटोपराधाकुलः॥

Colophon:

इति रुद्रयामले शिवविर चितम् अपराधभञ्जनस्तोचं समाप्तम्।

6740.

2853. ऋपराधभञ्जनस्तोचम् । Aparādhabhañjanastotra.

Substance, machine-made paper. $12\frac{1}{2} \times 4$ inches. Folium, 1. Lines, 16 in all. Character, Bengali. Appearance, discoloured. Complete in 12 verses.

The stotra, complete in 17 verses and attributed to Sańkarācārya, has been published under the title Kālyaparādhabhañjanastotra in the Stavakavacamālā (Basumati Sahitya Mandir edition, pp. 484–487).

Colophon :-

इति गुप्तसाधनतन्त्रे चरगौरीसंवादे अपराधभञ्जनस्तोचं सम्पूर्णम्।

4706C. भगवच्छिवस्तोचम्। Bhagavacchivastotra.

Substance, country-made yellow paper. $13 \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folium, 1 (marked 21). Lines, 5 in all. Extent in ślokas, 5. Character, Bengali. Appearance, old. Complete.

The stotra consists of an enumeration of twelve names of Siva.

Beginning:—

प्रथमे च महादेवो दितीये च महेश्वरः।

हतीये प्रक्षरः प्रोतस्वतुर्धे व्यमध्वनः॥

Colophon:—

इति रुद्रयामले भगविच्छ्वस्तोचं समाप्तम्।

6742.

9491. नौलकारुस्तोचम्। Nīlakaņṭhastotra.

Substance, machine-made paper. 8×3 inches. Folium, 1. Lines, 17 in all. Extent in ślokas, 20. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, good. Complete.

The hymn which is assigned to the *Pāmareśvara* Tantra is of the type of a mālāmantra.

Beginning:—

ॐ अस्य श्रीनीलकगढ़क्तोत्रस्य ब्रह्मऋषिरनृष्टुप्कृन्दः श्रीनील-कगढ़ः सदाभिवो देवता ब्रह्मबीजं पार्वती भक्तिः ममाभीष्टिसिद्धीर्थं कायजीवरच्त्रणार्थे श्रीनीलकगढ़क्तोत्रपाठे विनियोगः। ॐ नमो नीलकगढ़ाय श्रेतभरीराय सर्पालङ्कारभूषिताय......

2438. शिवसहस्रनामाविलः। Sivasahasranāmāvali.

Substance, country-made paper. $5\frac{1}{2} \times 3$ inches. Folia, 1–23. Lines, 7. Extent in ślokas, 150. Character, Nāgara. Date, Samvat 1866. Appearance, discoloured and worm-eaten. Complete.

This hymn, which is in prose, contains names in the dative case with the word namah understood.

Beginning:—

🤏 च्चिराख्यवाच्चवे नमः सेनान्धे व्यक्पतये व्यापति विक्पति वे

Colophon:—

इति श्रीरद्रयामले श्विवसञ्चनामाविलः सम्पूर्णास्त ।

Post-colophon Statement:—

संवत् १८६६ प्राके १७३१ विक्रमनामसंवत्सरे दिल्लायाने कार्त्तिकक्षयासप्तम्यां प्रनर्वसनचाने साध्ययोगे तिहने प्रस्तकं समाप्तमस्त । सुभं भवतु । लेखक चिमणानी लच्चाया स्त्रीरङ्गाबाद दिल्लायिष्या चालिवास्तव्य स्त्रीविश्वेश्वरचर्यो तत्यदमस्त ।

6744.

3930. पर्मिश्विसहस्रनामस्तोचम्। Paramaśivasahasranāmastotra.

Substance, country-made paper. $17\frac{1}{2} \times 4$ inches. Folia, 1-3 (of which Fol. 3 is of a smaller size). Lines, 10, 11. Extent in ślokas, 100. Character, Bengali. Appearance, discoloured. Complete.

Beginning:—

देख्वाच।

ॐ देवदेव महादेव ज्ञानिसद्ध क्रपामय। यत्ते नामानि गुह्यानि पविचाणि श्रमानि च॥ तन्मे कथय मे देव यदि सेहोऽस्ति मां प्रति॥ श्रीभिव उवाच।

तानि ते कौर्त्तियिष्यामि भुक्तिमुक्तिकराणि च। गोप्यानि सर्व्वतन्त्रेषु न देयानि एथक् जने॥

अस्य श्रीणिवनामसङ्सस्य ब्रह्मऋषिर्गायत्रीक्कृन्दः परमङ्स-णिवो देवता सर्व्वार्थसिद्धये णिवसङ्सनामपाठे विनियोगः।

ॐ भवो विष्नेश्वरस्वैव विष्नराजो विनायकः।

श्रिवोत्तमो विष्नकारी विष्नराड् गणनायकः॥

रकदन्तो दिदन्तस्व गजवत्नो निरञ्जनः।

कपदौँ दीर्घवत्नस्व तथा सङ्क्ष्मणः प्रभुः॥

Colophon:—

इति उमायामले इरगौरीसंवादे परमण्णिवसच्चनामस्तोचं समाप्तम्।

6745.

1885. वटुकभैरवस्तोचम्। Vatukabhairavastotra.

Substance, country-made paper. 9×4 inches. Folia, 8. Lines, 9. Extent in ślokas, 60. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, old and wormeaten. Complete.

Colophon:—

इति श्री सदयामले हरगोरी संवादे आपदुद्धारवटुक भैरवस्तव-राजः सम्पूर्णः।

This is a well-known hymn, printed in various collections of stotras, enumerating 108 names of Bhairava. Different MSS assign it to different works, e.g., Viśvasāra, Viśvasāroddhāra, and Rudrayāmala which are represented sometimes as independent works while sometimes one is represented as a part of another.

5065. Vaţukabhairavastotra.

Substance, country-made paper. $13\frac{1}{2} \times 2\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 3. Lines, 7. Extent in ślokas, 60. Character, Bengali. Appearance, old. Complete.

Colophon:-

इति विश्वसारोद्धारे आपदुद्धारक ल्पे भैरवस्तवराजः समाप्तः।

6747.

8957. Vaṭukabhairavastotra.

Substance, country-made paper. $9\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 7. Lines, 10. Extent in ślokas, 60. Character, Nāgara. Date, Saṃvat 1901. Appearance, fair. Complete.

Colophon:

इति श्रीरुद्रयामले तन्ते विश्वसारोद्धारे खापदुद्धारकवटुक-भैरवस्तोत्रम्।

Post-colophon Statement:—
सं १९७१ भाद्र विद ५ सोमे।

6748.

10681. Vatukabhairavastotra.

Substance, country-made paper. $17 \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 2. Lines, 9. Extent in ślokas, 60. Character, Bengali. Date, 1771 S.E. Appearance, fair. Complete.

Colophon:—

इति विश्वसारतन्त्रे आपदुद्धारो नाम वद्गकभैरवस्तवः समाप्तः।

Post-colophon Statement (In Nagarī script):—

ग्रह्माध्यन्त श्रीमद्वेचारामचालदारस्य तनय श्रीराखालदासप्राम्माग्रेन लिखितं। खिदिरपुर, कालिकाता।

(In Bengali script) भ्राकाः १७०१ फाल्गुन २८॥

6749.

11222. Vatukabhairavastotra.

Substance, machine-made modern paper. $8\times4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 11, Lines, 7. Extent in ślokas, 60. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, good. Complete.

Colophon:—

इति विश्वसारोद्धारे रुझयामले वटुकभैरवस्तोचं समाप्तम्।

The *stotra* is followed by the first three verses of the *Gurvaṣṭaka* of Śaṅkarācārya and three leaves containing a portion of a work in Hindi.

6750.

7861. वटुकभैरववकारादिसहस्रनामस्तोचम्। Vaṭukabhairavavakārādisahasranāmastotra.

Substance, country-made paper. $10\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 1–10. Lines, 8. Extent in ślokas, 120. Character, Nāgara. Date, Saṃvat 1895. Appearance, fair. Complete.

Beginning:—

ईश्वर उवाच।

कैलासे स्थितमाविष्टं सर्वदा तु प्रवासकम्। चैलोकायापकं देवं पार्वतीवरप्राक्षरम्॥१॥ पार्व्वखुवाच । कैलासे सुखमासीनं देवदेवं जगद्गुरुम् । जगतामुपकाराय पार्व्वती एच्छते प्रावं॥ २॥

Colophon:

इति श्रीविश्वसारोद्धारे एदयामले तन्त्रे देवी घरसंवादे वदुक-भैरववकारादिस इसनामक्ती चंसमाप्तम्।

Post-colophon Statement:—

संवत् १८९५ खाषाढ शुक्तितिथी ८ ग्रानी सिधरीलीमध्ये राजा-क्रवसाहिसन्निधी विद्याधरदिवेदेन लिखितं खार्थं परार्थं च।

6751.

<mark>2441. शिवकवचम्।</mark> Śivakavaca.

Substance, country-made paper. $3\frac{1}{2} \times 2\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 1–15. Lines, 5-6. Extent in ślokas, 45. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, good. Incomplete.

The Kavaca has been published in Stavakavacamālā (Basumati Press edition, pp. 1042-51) and Bṛhatstotra-ratnākara (Bombay, 1932, pp. 93-100).

6752.

5209. माहेश्वर्कवचम्। Māheśvarakavaca.

Substance, country-made paper. $13 \times 3\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 2. Lines, 8. Extent in ślokas, 35. Character, Bengali. Appearance, good. Complete.

The Kavaca has been published in the Stavakavacamālā (Basumati Press edition, pp. 1054–7).

10983. शर्भेश्वर्कवचम्। Śarabheśvarakavaca.

Substance, country-made paper. $7 \times 3\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 2-10. Lines, 7. Extent in ślokas, 120. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fair. Incomplete.

The Kavaca agrees with that occurring in MSS described under Nos. 5895 and 6485 above.

The deity is thus described in the beginning of the Kavaca:—

रत्तामं सुप्रसद्गं चिनयनमस्तोन्मत्तमाषाभिरामं कारुखान्मोधिमौणं वरदमभयदं चन्द्ररेखावतंसम्। प्रद्भुध्वानाखिलाण्णाप्रतिहृतविधिना भासयद्गात्मभावं सर्वेणं प्रालुवेणं प्रणतभयहरं पित्तराजं नमामि॥

6754.

8665. अघोरकवचम्। Aghorakavaca.

Substance, machine-made paper. $11\frac{1}{2} \times 5\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 4-5. Lines, 12. Extent in ślokas, 15. Character, Nāgara. Date, Saṃvat, 1881. Appearance, good. Complete.

The earlier portion of the MS gives mantras of the deity Aghora-Rudra. This Kavaca is not found in the MS of the $\bar{A}k\bar{a}\dot{s}abhairavakalpa$ (5895 above).

Beginning:

श्रीदेखुवाच ।

देवदेव महादेव सिच्चदानन्द ग्राश्वत । त्वत्तः श्रुतमण्रेषं तु सर्वेषां कवचं प्ररा॥ त्यघोरेण्यस्य कवचं वद मे करूणानिधे। Colophon:—

इति श्रीत्राकाणभैरवकत्ये स्रघोरकवत्तं सम्पूर्णं समाप्तम्।

Śankarācārya.

6755.

9953. **कालभैरवाष्ट्रकम्** । Kālabhairavāṣṭaka.

Substance, country-made paper. $10 \times 3\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folium, 1. Lines, 17 in all. Extent in ślokas, 10. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, old. Complete.

The hymn is published in popular collections of stotras: Bṛhatstotraratnākara (Bombay, 1932, pp. 130-1), Stotraratnākara (Madras, 1927, I. pp. 143-4), etc.

Post-colophon Statement (in a later hand):—

शुमं भूया[त्]। सम्बत् १५५० १०५४ मासोत्तमे मासे पौषे।

6756.

2850. शिवसुजङ्गप्रयातम् । Śivabhujaṅgaprayāta.

Substance, country-made paper. Folium, 1. 14×3 inches. Lines, 10+11. Character, Bengali. Appearance, old and discoloured. Complete in 16 verses.

Though stated to be complete it contains a selection of 15 verses from the latter half of the hymn as published in the *Stotraratnākara* (Madras, 1927, I. 127–131). It begins from verse 19 of the printed edition and ends in verse 39 and has an additional verse (No. 15 in the MS) not found in the printed edition.

Along with the stotra is found a Bhavānyaṣṭaka attributed to Śaṅkarācārya which agrees with the

Durgāstavarāja (Stavakavacamālā, Basumati Press edition, pp. 610-2) assigned to the Viśvasāvāratantra.

6757.

2150. [म्हत्युज्जयमानसिकपूजास्तोचम्। Mṛtyuñjayamānasikapūjāstotra.]

Substance, machine-made paper. 6×4 inches. Folia, 1–6. Lines, 8. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fair. Incomplete.

The present MS has been described in L. X. 4149 under the title *Mṛtyunjayamānasapūjāvidhi*. It runs up to the middle of verse 29 of the *stotra* which has been published in the *Works of Sankaracharya* (Vanivilas Press, Srirangam, Vol. 17, pp. 105–115).

<mark>3931. विष्णुसहस्रनाम। Viṣṇus</mark>ahasranāma.

Substance, country-made yellow paper (the first three folia being white paper of a slightly smaller size, probably written by a different hand). $16\frac{1}{2} \times 3\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 1-6. Lines, 8-10. Extent in ślokas, 210. Character, Bengali. Date, Śaka 1778. Appearance, good. Complete.

This is different from the well-known Viṣṇusahasranāma belonging to the Mahābhārata.

Beginning:-

श्रीदेखवाच।

भगवन् सर्व्यमन्तास्य भवता मे प्रकाशिताः।
चतुःषिश्च तन्त्राणि मातृणामुत्तमानि च॥
कलापदं कलासारं तथान्यत् कुि क्रामतम्।
ग्वाम्तं रूपभेदं सिद्धयोगेश्वरीमतम्।
सुरूपिकामतं देव रूपिकामतमेव च॥
सर्ववीजमतं देव विमलामतमेव च॥
स्वमेतानि गुद्धानि तन्त्राख्यपि च कोटिशः।
भवतोक्तानि मे देव सर्वज्ञानमयानि च।
विष्णोर्गमसदृष्य मया पृष्ठं मुद्धभुँद्धः॥
न कथ्यते कथं देव जगन्मोद्धप्रदायकम्।

अस्य श्रीविष्णोर्गामसत्त्रसस्य निरञ्जनपरमप्रस्य ऋषिर्गायची-च्छन्दो भगवानायो विष्णुर्देवता चतुर्वर्गसिद्धौ विनियोगः॥ ॐ ॐकारः कामरूपस्य स्त्रींकारः कमलापतिः। ग्लोङ्कारः ग्र्यामलाङ्गस्य क्षष्णः कुवलमन्दविः॥ Colophon:—

इति कुलानन्दसंहितायां चलारिंग्रसाहस्यां भैरवभैरवीसंवादे महाप्रक्षतिनिरुतं श्रीविष्णोर्नामसहसं समाप्तम्।

Post-colophon Statement:—

लिपिरियं श्रीरामतारणदेवश्रमीणः। वीरभूमौ सिउडिग्रामे त्वरया यत्नेन लिखितमिति। श्रकाब्दाः १७७८। च्यैष्ठस्य २२ दाविंश्रति दिवसे।

6759.

10820. गोपालसहस्रनामस्तोचम् । Gopālasahasra-

Substance, country-made yellow paper. $13 \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 1-11 (with folia 2-3 of a smaller size inserted later on). Lines, 9. Extent in ślokas, 300. Character, Bengali. Appearance, good. Complete.

The stotra, which is assigned to the Sammohanatantra, agrees with the one published in the Stotraratnākara (Madras, 1927, Vol. I, pp. 508-528) and not with the one published in the Stavakavacamālā (Calcutta, B.S. 1334, pp. 1128-1143). The matter contained in Folia 2-3, constituting the beginning of the stotra proper in the present MS, is absent in the printed edition.

6760.

3948. Gopālasahasranāmastotra.

Substance, country-made paper. $8\frac{1}{2} \times 4$ inches. Folia, 1–21. Lines, 8. Extent in ślokas, 300. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, good. Complete.

Though assigned to the same Tantra the stotra contained in the present MS has only partial agreement with

that in the previous MS. Fol. 1–12A of the present MS generally agree with Fol. 1–7A of the preceding one.

6761.

4279B. नर्सिंइसइसनामस्तोचम्। Narasimha-

sahasranāmastotra.

Substance, palm leaf. 13×1 inches. Folia, 84–97. Lines, 4, 5. Extent in ślokas, 280. Character, Udiya. Appearance, fair. Complete.

The stotra, assigned to the *Nṛsiṃhapurāṇa*, has been published in the *Stotraratnākara* (Madras, 1927, Vol. I, pp. 418–443).

6762.

8666C. न्हिं इजवचम् । Nṛsiṃḥakavaca.

Substance, country-made paper. 12×7 inches. Folia, 2. Lines, 13. Extent in ślokas, 45. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, old. Complete.

This does not agree with the Kavaca popular in Bengal and assigned to the *Brahmasaṃhitā*.

Beginning:

ॐ नमकुत्य गुणाधी ग्रं सर्वविष्मनिवारणम्। दृसिं इकवचम् वच्चे प्रज्ञादेनोदितं पुरा॥ सर्वरच्चाकरं दृणां सर्वोपद्रवना ग्रानम्। सर्वसम्पत्नरं चैव खर्गमो च्यपदायकम्॥

Colophon:

इति श्रीब्रह्माण्डपुराणे प्रज्ञादविरचितं न्रसिंच कवचं समाप्तम् ॥

Post-colophon Statement:—

श्रीन्टसिं इकावचं लिखितं जयन्तीदासेन विष्रेण ज्येष्ठे मासे शुक्के पद्मे सप्तम्यां रिववासरे पठनार्थं नारायणदाससाध्वर्थस्य।

6763.

9654. Nṛsiṃhakavaca.

Substance, country-made paper. 13×5 inches. Folium, 1. Lines, 7 in all. Extent in ślokas, 10. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fair. Complete.

This is in mixed Hindi and Sanskrit. This is followed by extracts in Hindi pertaining to Tantric rituals.

Colophon:—

इति श्रीन्टसिंइपुराणे ब्रह्मग्दनगरदप्रकादसंवादे श्रीन्टसिंइ-जयति सम्पूर्णम्।

6764.

10187A. इयग्रीवसहस्रनामस्तोचम्। Hayagrīva-

sahasranāmastotra.

Substance, country-made paper. 7×3 inches. Folia, 1–13. Lines, 10. Extent in ślokas, 175. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, old. Complete.

Another MS of the hymn is described in L. VIII. 2607. The hymn does not agree with the one of the same name published in the *Stotraratnākara* (Madras, 1927, Vol. I, pp. 305ff). The names are here arranged in alphabetical order from verse 34 (Fol. 5A).

Colophon:—

इति श्रीमहादेवरहस्ये तन्त्रे हरपार्व्वतीसंवादे हयग्रीवसहस-नामस्तोचं संपूर्णम्।

Post-colophon Statement :— संवत १८६०।

6765.

2456. रामसहस्रनामस्तोचम्। Rāmasahasranāmastotra.

Substance, country-made paper. $9\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 11. Lines, 9-11. Extent in ślokas, 250. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fair. Complete.

The present MS has been described in L. X. 4225. The names of Rāma are here arranged in alphabetical order. The hymn, which is assigned to the *Rudrayāmala*, has been published in the *Stavakavacamālā* (Calcutta, 1334 B.S., pp. 1110–1128).

6766.

3933. Rāmasahasranāmastotra.

Substance, country-made paper. $10\frac{1}{2} \times 4$ inches. Folia, 15. Lines, 8. Extent in ślokas, 250. Character, Bengali. Date, Śaka 1760. Appearance, fair. Complete.

Same as above.

6767.

9622. Rāmasahasranāmastotra.

Substance, country-made paper. $9\frac{1}{2}\times4$ inches. Folia, 1–17. Lines, 8. Extent in ślokas, 250. Character, Nāgara. Date, Saṃvat 1826. Appearance, fair. Complete.

Same as above.

Post-colophon Statement: —

श्रीसंवत् १८२६ समय मार्गशीर्ष श्रुक्त ३ श्रुको ।

3934. Rāmasahasranāmastotra.

Substance, machine-made modern paper. $12 \times 3\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 9. Lines, 6-7. Extent in ślokas, 200. Character, Bengali. Date, Śaka 1759. Appearance, fair. Complete.

The stotra proper, without the introductory or concluding portions, has been published in the *Stotraratnākara* (Madras, 1927, Vol. I, pp. 455-67) which does not refer to its source. MSS of the stotra described in *Mad.* (XVII. 8964ff) assign it to the *Lingapurāṇa*.

Beginning:—

अथ श्रीरामसम्सन्तामस्तोत्रम्। एकदा सुखमासीनौ पार्व्वतीपरमेश्वरौ। अन्योन्याफ्लिस्टबाह्न तौ जगद्वेतू जगद्भवौ॥

पार्वती परिपप्रच्छ तदा धर्माननुक्रमात्॥

श्रीपार्व्वत्यवाच ।

मन्नाथ जगतां नाथ सर्व्वच परमेश्वर। त्वत्यसादान्मया चातं धर्मश्रास्त्रमनुत्तमम्॥ प्रायस्वित्तन्तु पापानां निष्कृतिं वक्तुमर्च्हि॥

श्रीमहादेव उवाच।

अथ वच्छामि ते देवि रामनामस इसकम्। प्रयाध्वेकमनाः स्तोत्रं गुह्यात् गुह्यतरं महत्॥

Colophon:

इति लिङ्गागमतन्त्रे उमामहेश्वरसम्बादे श्रीरामसहस्रनामस्तोचं समाप्तम्।

Post-colophon Statement:—

लिपिरियं श्रीरामतारगादेवप्रार्मगाः। प्राकाच्दाः १०५८। ७।१२।

6769.

1719. रकारादिरामसहस्रनामस्तोचम्। Rakārādirāmasahasranāmastotra.

Substance, country-made paper. 9×4 inches. Folia, 1–11. Lines, 10. Extent in ślokas, 210. Character, Nāgara. Date, Saṃvat 1884. Appearance, good. Complete.

A MS of the work is described in Oxf. No. 152.

Beginning:—

श्रीदेखवाच।

देवदेव महादेव भक्तानुग्रहकारक । लक्तः श्रुतं मया पूर्वे मन्त्राणां प्रतकोटयः ॥ १॥

रह्यं रामचन्त्रस्य रकाराच्चरपूर्वकम्। नामसहस्रकं ब्रूहि यद्यहं तव वस्त्रसा॥८॥

Fol. 2B, ॐ रामो रमाकरो दीप्तो रक्तनेचो रमापितः।
रणभूमिविच्चारी च रक्तपादोऽरुणच्छविः॥१॥॥

Colophon:

इति श्रीब्रह्मयामले स्टिप्रश्नंसायां उमामहेश्वरसंवादे रकारादि-श्रीरामसहस्रवामस्तोचं संपूर्णम्। Post-colophon Statement:—

मीति वैशाखसुदी प्रजाबार संमत् १८८। इदं प्रसाकं खहस्ते ली जीतं जोसि सिवलाल। पठनाधं जनराम।

6770.

3276. Rakārādirāmasahasranāmastotra.

Substance, country-made paper. $10\times4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 1–10. Lines, 10-12. Extent in ślokas, 210. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, discoloured. Complete.

Post-colophon Statement:—

इदं पुक्तकं घारपुरे इत्युपनामकाग्योप्रोन लिखितम्। खार्थं परार्थं वा।

6771.

3928. Rakārādirāmasahasranāmastotra.

Substance, country-made paper. $10\frac{1}{2} \times 4$ inches. Folia, 1-11. Lines, 9. Extent in ślokas, 210. Character, Bengali. Date, Saka 1757. Appearance, fair. Complete.

Post-colophon Statement:—

लिपिरियं श्रीरामतार गदेवप्रार्भगः प्राकाब्दाः १०५०।५।१२।

6772.

9817. Rakārādirāmasahasranāmastotra.

Substance, country-made paper. $8\frac{1}{2} \times 5$ inches. Folia, 1–14. Lines, 8-9. Extent in ślokas, 210. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fair. Complete.

3234B. रामस्तवराजः । Rāmastavarāja.

Substance, country-made paper. $10\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 3A-8B. Lines, 10-12. Extent in ślokas, 100. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fair. Complete.

The hymn which is stated to belong to the Sanat-kumārasamhitā has been printed in Bṛhatstotraratnākara (Nirnayasagar Press, pp. 236–244) and Stotraratnākara (V. Ramaswamy Sastrulu & Sons, Madras, Vol. II, pp. 510–20).

Post-colophon Statement:—

<mark>इदं पुस्तकं घारपुरे इत्युपनामक काध्यां क्</mark>रक्षोन लिखित<mark>म्।</mark>

6774.

3234A. रामकवचम्। Rāmakavaca.

Substance, country-made paper. $10\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 1-3A. Lines, 9-12. Extent in ślokas, 40. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fair. Complete.

Beginning:—

ॐ पार्व्वत्यवाच ।

भगवन् देवदेवेश सर्व्वदेवनमस्तृत । सर्व्वं मे कथितं देव राममन्त्रं विशेषतः॥ चैलोकामो इनं नाम कवचं पूर्व्वसूचितं। कथयस मचादेव यदाइं तव वस्तुमा॥

श्रीमद्दादेव उवाच।

पट्णु वच्चामि देवि तं कवचं परमाङ्गतम्। अवन्तगोपनं गुद्धं बद्धमन्त्रीघविग्रहम्॥ ॐ अस्य श्रीरामचैलोक्यमोद्दनकवचस्य ब्रह्मा ऋषिः गायची-च्हन्दः श्रीरामचन्द्रो देवता मम चतुर्वर्गसाधने जपे विनियोगः।

Colophon:—

इति श्रीब्रह्मयामले गौरीतन्ते उमामहेश्वरसंवादे त्रैलोक्यमोहनं नाम कवत्तं समाप्तम्। सम्प्रर्णम्॥

Post-colophon Statement:—
संवत् १८८० प्राके १०५२।

6775.

9846. राधास्तवराजः। Rādhāstavarāja.

Substance, country-made paper. $7\frac{1}{2}\times4$ inches. Folia, 5. Lines, 8. Extent in ślokas, 35. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, discoloured. Complete.

This is only a collection of names and epithets of Rādhā.

Beginning:—

ध्यायेन्नीलाम्बरी ध्यामा गौरवर्णा वराङ्गना। वेदगुद्धा गुणातीता राधा क्रम्णसमन्विता॥१॥ मोचिनी सुन्दरी बाला रसरूपा इरिप्रिया। श्रीक्रम्णवस्त्रभा राधा पुरुषोत्तमधीमता॥२॥

End:

पठिता क्रमासंपुरा इसिता रुषभानुजा। राधिका राधिता राधा राधिका क्रमादेवता॥ ३४॥

Colophon:

इति श्रीगौतमीतन्ते श्रीक्षणेगोताः श्रीराधास्तवराजः समाप्तः।

377. ग्रपराजितास्तोचम् । Aparājitāstotra.

Substance, country-made paper. $13 \times 2\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 4. Lines, 4, 5. Extent in ślokas, 40. Character, Bengali. Appearance, good. Complete.

The stotra which is assigned to the *Viṣṇudharmottara* consists of *mālāmantras* addressed to Vaiṣṇava as well as other deities. It has been published in the *Stavakavaca-mālā* (Calcutta, 1334 B.S., pp. 700–5).

6777.

9316. सुदर्शनमन्त्रः । Sudarsanamantra.

Substance, country-made paper. $9 \times 3\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 3. Lines, 6. Extent in ślokas, 20. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, good. Incomplete.

This contains a mālāmantra (Fol. 1-2B) of Sudarśana, the disc of Nārāyaṇa, as also an incomplete mālāmantra (Fol. 2B-3B) of Nṛṣiṃha together with a description of the preliminary rites required for the repetition of the mantras.

6778.

11255. हनुमच्छान्तिकस्तोचम्। Hanūmacchāntikastotra.

Substance, country-made paper. $9 \times 3\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 1–3. Lines, 5• Extent in ślokas, 12. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, good. Complete.

Beginning:

ॐ श्रीदेखुवाच।

भगवन् सर्व्धर्मज्ञ सर्व्वशास्त्रविशारद। इनुमच्छान्तिदं स्तोत्रं स्रोतुमिच्छामि साम्प्रवम्॥१॥ श्चिव उवाच।

प्रत्य देवि प्रवच्यामि प्रान्तिक्तोचमनुत्तमम्। यस्य प्रसादमाचेण भवेच्छान्तः कपौश्वरः॥२॥ केप्ररिनन्दनं वीरं प्रतिधर्मपरायणम्। कौलमार्गपदातारं लाञ्जनेयं नमाम्यहम्॥३॥

Colophon:-

इति श्रीफेलारियीतन्त्रे इनुमच्चान्तिनं स्तोचं समाप्तम्।

6779.

3084. वडवानलस्तोचम्। Vaḍavānalastotra.

Substance, machine-made paper. 8×4 inches. Folia, 1–4. Lines, 7. Extent in ślokas, 40. Character, Nāgara. Date, Saṃvat 1943. Appearance, good. Complete.

This stotra of Hanumat which is of the type of a mālāmantra is printed in *Bṛhatstotraratnākara* (Bombay, 1927, pp. 272-3) where it is attributed to Vibhīṣaṇa.

Colophon:

इति श्रीसदर्भनसंहिता[यां] वडवानलस्तोचं संपूर्णम्।

Post-colophon Statement:—

संवत् १६४३ मीः चइत वदी ६ शुक्रवार।

6780.

9220. हनुमत्कवचम् । Hanumatkavaca.

Substance, country-made paper. $10\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 1-7. Lines, 11. Extent in ślokas, 150. Character, Nāgara. Date, Saṃvat 1912. Appearance, fair. Complete.

Beginning:

श्रीपार्वत्यवाच ।

सदा भिवकर खामिन् ज्ञानद प्रियकारक।
कवचादि मया सवें देवानां संश्रुतं प्रिय॥१॥
इदानीं श्रोतुमिच्छामि कवचं करणानिधे।
वायुद्धनोवेरं येन नान्यदन्वेषितं भवेत्॥२॥

Colophon:-

इति श्रीरुद्रयामले ईश्वरपार्ळतीसंवादे चनूमत्नवचं सम्पूर्णम्।

Post-colophon Statement:—

संवत् १८१२। मार्ग स १२ लि गौरीदत्तेन का प्र्याम्।

Śańkarācārya.

6781.

7569. चर्पटपञ्चरस्तोचम् । Carpaṭapanjarastotra.

Substance, country-made paper. $10\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 1. Lines, 13+12. Extent in ślokas, 20. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fair. Complete.

This is a well-known stotra printed in various collections of stotras like the *Bṛhatstotraratnākara* (pp. 341–3).

Post-colophon Statement:—

सं १८३८ मि। ज्ये। सुद १३ पना वाचनार्थम्॥

6782.

5976B. **मानसप्जा**। *Mānasapūjā*.

Substance, country-made paper. $9\frac{1}{2} \times 8$ inches. Folium 1 (the last in the MS). Character, Nāgara. Date, Saṃvat, 1831. Appearance, old. Complete in 4 verses.

Beginning:—

रतेः निष्पतमासनं चिमन्तेः सानञ्च दियाम्बरं नानारत्निभूषितं स्गमदामोदाङ्कितं चन्दनम्। जातीचम्पननेतनीविरचितं प्रव्यञ्च धूपं तथा देयं देव दयानिधे तव विभो संसिद्धये तुष्यताम्॥

Colophon:--

इति प्राङ्कराचार्यविरचितमानसीपूजा समाप्ता।

The colophon is followed by the following verse:

या प्रीतिर्विदुरार्पिते सुरिषो कुन्यर्पिते यादृष्पी

या गोवर्धनमूर्धनि पृथ्किके स्तन्ये यग्नोदार्पिते।

भारदाजसमर्पिते + + + + दत्तेधरे योषितां

या प्रीतिर्मुनिपत्नीभित्तारिचतां तचापि तां तां कुरा।

6783.

6076B. Mānasapūjā.

Substance, country-made paper. $8\frac{1}{2} \times 6$ inches. Folium, 1 (the last in the MS). Character, Nāgara. Appearance, old. Complete in 3 verses.

Dāsadāsa.

6784.

7848. जानकीविर इसम्भवमन्त्रराजस्तोचम्। Jānakīvirahasambhavamantrarājastotra.

Substance, country-made paper. $11\times4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 1–11. In Tripāṭha form. Character, Nāgara. Date, Saṃvat 1919. Appearance, fair. Complete.

The stotra is accompanied by a commentary by the author himself. The stotra which is complete in 20 verses is addressed to Jānakī, consort of Rāma.

Beginning:

श्रीरामचन्त्रचितवायुस्तं प्रणम्य श्रीजानकीचरणकञ्जरतिप्रदञ्च । खत्यद्भृतं विरष्टसम्भवमन्त्रराजं सीतापतेः प्ररणदं प्रावदं प्रकृते ॥ १ ॥

मातर्विश्वविभूषणं सुरवरं प्रत्याषिणलेति वा स्तन्यं कामयतेऽर्भकोऽयममलः प्रान्तः द्युवांश्वद्य भोः। भूजे मामनुप्रासनं प्रभवतः प्राप्यैव देश्वाश्व रे प्राणा जल्कलयन्ति मे यदि प्रनर्गायास्यसि त्वं च माम्॥॥॥

Beginning of the Commentary:—

... ... दासदासक्ततं श्रीजानकीविर हामिनोद्भवमन्त्रराजं तित्तिलकमहं दासदासजनः करिथे।

End:-

मा रोदिष लं ह्यरिवन्दनेच

क्विं मदीयं पिन वत्स दुग्धम्।

कुर्वन् खकायं विच्रख तावन्
मत्वा वचो मे पुनरेचि मा त्वम् ॥१६॥

श्रीजानकीविरचसम्भवमन्तराजम्

खज्ञाननाप्रानमच्छिरिरूपरूपम्।

श्रीदासदासरिवतं परिभावयन्तु

इद्यं विचार्य च मनः खज्ञु भावका है॥२०॥

Colophon:-

इति [श्री]मद्दासदासविर्घितं श्रीजानकौविर्ह्यसमावमन्त्रराज-स्तोचं सम्पूर्णम्। Colophon of the Commentary: ---

इति श्रीमदासदासजनक्षतं श्रीजानकीविर इसम्भवमन्त्रराज-तिलकं समाप्तम्।

Post-colophon Statement:—

सम्बत् १६१६। चाश्विनक्षणातियौ षद्यां ६ रवौ विद्याधरेण लिखितं काप्र्याम् ।

IV. KĀRTAVĪRYA.

6785.

9947. कार्तवीर्यकवचम्। Kārtavīryakavaca.

Substance, country-made paper. $12\frac{1}{2} \times 5$ inches. Folia, 1–6. Lines, 14. Extent in ślokas, 200. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fair. Complete.

The kavaca which is assigned to the Uḍḍāmaratantra is printed in Stavakavacamālā (Calcutta, 1334 B.S., pp. 884-98). A few lines, found after the conclusion of the kavaca, describe the procedure of muttering the mantra of Kārtavīrya.

V. PLANETS.

6786.

9151. वजपञ्जरह्मर्थकवचम्। Vajrapañjarasūryakavaca.

Substance, country-made paper. $12 \times 5\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 1–3. Extent in ślokas, 75. Character, Nāgara. Date, Saṃvat 1869. Appearance, discoloured. Complete.

This constitutes chapter 33 of the Devīrahasya section of the *Rudrayāmala* and agrees with Fol. 117A–120A of a complete MS of the latter described under No. 5880 above.

Beginning:—

श्रीश्वर उवाच।

यो देवदेवो भगवान् भाखारो महसां निधिः।
गायजीनायको भाखान् सिवतेति प्रगीयते॥१॥
तस्याहं कवनं दिव्यं वचपञ्जरकाभिधम्।
सर्व्यभन्तमयं दिव्यं मूलविद्यारहस्यकम्॥२॥
सर्व्यभापहरं देवि दुःखदारिद्रानाप्रानम्।
महाकुछहरं पुण्यं सर्व्यरोगनिवर्हणम्॥३॥
सर्व्यप्रस्तसमूहन्नं संग्रामे विजयप्रदम्।
सर्व्यतेजोमयं सर्व्यदेवदानवपूजितम्॥४॥

End:—

लच्मीवान् जायते देवि सद्यः सूर्य्यप्रसादतः। भत्तया य[ख] पठेदेवि कवचं वचपञ्जरम्॥ ४२॥ इ. ह लोके स्त्रियं भुक्ता देहान्ते मुक्तिमाप्त्रयात्।

Colophon:

इति श्रीरद्रयामले तन्ते देवीर इस्ये वचपञ्चरस्र्यं कव चं सम्पूर्णम्।

Post-colophon Statement:—

युभमस्त । संवत् १८६८ पौष १८ युक्तदिने लिपिक्ततिमदम्।

6787.

9438. सूर्यकवचम्। Sūryakavaca.

Substance, country-made paper. $9\frac{1}{2} \times 4$ inches. Folia, 2. Lines, 7. Extent in ślokas, 25. Character, Nāgara. Date, Saṃvat 1887, Śaka, 1752. Appearance, fair. Complete.

This stotra, known as *Trailokyamangala*, is very popular and is found printed in many a collection of stotras.

Post-colophon statement:—

संवत् १८८० प्राके १०५२ सुक्रमासे क्षणापची लिखितं वन्दी-दीन दीचित।

6788.

2010. श्रनैश्वरस्तोचम्। Sanaiscarastotra.

Substance, country-made paper. $8\times4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 6. Lines, 8. Extent in ślokas, 60. Character, Nāgara. Date, Saka 1774. Appearance, discoloured. Complete.

The stotra which is in the form of an interlocution between Sani and Daśaratha does not agree with the one printed in Stotraratnākara (Madras, 1927, Vol. II, pp. 551-2), Bṛhatstotraratnākara (Bombay, 1932, pp. 364-5) and Stavakavacamālā (Calcutta, 1330 B.S., pp. 668-9) the last of which attributes it to Daśaratha.

Beginning:—

अस्य श्रीभानेश्वरक्तोत्रमन्त्रस्य ईश्वर ऋषिः अनुसुप् इन्दः भानि-देवता हं बीजं खाहा भाक्तिः मं कीलकं मम सकलपीडानिरसनाथं भानेश्वरक्तोत्रजपे विनियोगः।

Colophon: ---

इति श्रीविधानमालायां दम्ररथपोत्तं प्रानेश्वरक्तोत्रं संपूर्णम्।

Post-colophon Statement:—

भाके १००४ परिधावीनां संवत्सरे मार्गभीर्षे वद्य प्रतिपद्यां सोम-वासरे इदं पुस्तकं ज्योतिषिवरवडेकरोपनामा सखारामात्मज-वालदैवज्ञेन लिखितम्।

1957. बालग्रहस्तवः। Bālagrahastava.

Substance, country-made paper. 10×5 inches (2 fol.) and $9\frac{1}{2} \times 4$ inches (1 fol.). Folia, 3. Lines, 12, 8. Extent in ślokas, 50. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fair. Complete.

The present MS was described in L. X. 4045. The hymn invokes various gods and demi-gods for the protection of children.

6790.

<mark>8781. गुरुगौता।</mark> Gurugītā.

Substance, country-made paper. $9\times4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 1–35 of which Fol. 2 is missing. Lines, 5. Extent in ślokas, 200. Character, Nāgara. Date, Saṃvat 1913. Appearance, good. Complete.

The stotra proper begins on Fol. 7B, the previous portion being occupied by a description of the worship of the guru. It is assigned to the *Skandapurāṇa* in the present MS as also in the MSS described in ASB. V. 3935–7, while according to MSS described under No. 6792 below and in CS. V. 18 it belongs either to the *Rudrayāmala* or the *Brahmayāmala*. Though introduced as a *mālāmantra* it is of the type of an ordinary hymn, speaking of the greatness of a guru.

Post-colophon Statement:—

संवत् १८१३ वैशाख श्रुक्त १०।

5621F. Gurugītā.

Substance, palm-leaf. $14 \times 1\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 109–114. Lines, 5. Extent in ślokas, 200. Character, Udiya. Appearance, good. Complete.

The phalasruti portion (found on Fol. 27ff in the preceding MS) is not found in the present MS.

6792.

156. गुरुगीता। Gurugītā.

Substance, country-made yellow paper. $18\frac{1}{2} \times 3$ inches. Folia, 6. Lines, 7–10 on a page. Extent in ślokas, 200. Character, Bengali. Appearance, old. Complete.

The present manuscript has been noticed in L.I. 445.

6793.

2746B. Gurugītā.

Substance, machine-made paper. $16 \times 3\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 3B-4A. Lines, 5 in all. Extent in ślokas, 9. Character, Bengali. Appearance, good. Complete.

This speaks of the greatness of the Divine Mother, the supreme Guru.

अथ गुरुगीता।

श्रीपार्व्यवाच। लोकेप्र कथ्यतां देव गुरुगीता मिय प्रभो।

ईश्वर उवाच।

प्रदेश तारिश्यि बच्चामि गीतां ब्रच्चमयीं पराम्॥

Colophon:--

इति कङ्गालमालिनीतन्त्रे सार्डलच्चग्रश्चे श्रीस्त्रीगुरगीता सम्पर्णा।

6794.

217. गुरुसहस्रनामस्तोचम् । Gurusahasranāmastotra.

Substance, country-made paper. 13×5 inches. Folia, 1–8. Lines, 8-9. Extent in ślokas, 130. Character, Bengali. Appearance, old. Complete.

The hymn which is in the form of an interlocution between Siva and Pārvatī is assigned to the Sammohanatantra. The present MS has been described in L. I. 410. Two lines of a Durgāsahasranāmastotra are given after the conclusion of the present hymn.

Beginning:-

सूत उवाच।

कैलासिप्रखरासीनं चन्त्रखखविराजितम्।

पप्रच्छ विनया[द] भक्त्या गौरी नला टबध्वजम्॥

श्रीदेखवाच ।

भगवन् सर्वधर्मज्ञ सर्वश्चास्त्रविश्चारद । केनोपायेन च कली लोकात्ता यान्ति सद्गतिम्॥

6795.

2788. Gurusahasranāmastotra.

Substance, machine-made paper. 12½×4 inches. Folia, 1–6. Lines, 7. Extent in ślokas, 130. Character, Bengali. Appearance, fair. Complete.

Same as above. The present MS has been described in L. X. 4077.

Post-colophon Statement:—

श्री हरिनारायणदेवसर्मणः खाद्यरिमदं पुत्तकञ्च।

6796.

2780. Gurusahasranāmastotra.

Substance, country-made yellow paper. $13 \times 3\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 1-9, of which Nos. 3-6 are missing. Lines, 8. Character, Bengali. Appearance, good. Incomplete.

This is different from the hymn described above.

Beginning:—

श्रीमहादेव उवाच।

खपरं श्रोतुमिच्छामि कान्ते मत्राणवस्त्रभे । स्तोचं सहस्रनामाख्यं श्रीगुरोः कुलभैरवि ॥ क्षपया कथयेश्वानि स्तोचं परमदुर्लभम् ।

ॐ नमामि श्रोगुरुब्रह्मा ब्रह्मज्ञानप्रदायकः। ब्रह्मजो ब्रह्मदो ब्रह्मा ब्रह्मपद्मोपरिस्थितः॥

Colophon:—

इति श्रीनिगमयोगसारे सर्वागमोत्तमोत्तमे प्रतसाहस्यां संहितायां निगमप्रास्त्रे सहसारे सहस्रनामकथनं एकादप्रः परिच्छेदः।

6797.

8963. गुरुस्तवराजः। Gurustavarāja.

Substance, country-made paper. $7\frac{1}{2} \times 4$ inches. Folia, 3. Lines, 7. Extent in ślokas, 25. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, good. Complete.

Beginning:

ॐ ब्रह्मस्यानसरोजमध्यविलसच्चीतांश्रपीठस्थितं स्मूर्जत्यूर्यरुचिं वराभयकरं कर्पूरकुन्दोञ्चलम् । श्वेतस्यवसनानुनेपनयुतं विद्युद्दचा कान्तया संश्विष्ठार्धतनुं प्रसन्नवदनं वन्दे गुरुं सादरम् ॥

End:-

पूर्वाग्राभिमुखः क्वताञ्जलिषुटः फ्लोकास्टकं यः पठेत्
पौरस्वर्यविधिं विनापि लभते मन्त्रस्य सिद्धिं पराम्।
नो विद्वैः परिभूयते प्रतिदिनं प्राप्नोति पूजाफलं
देखानो परमं पदं निविग्रते यद योगिनां दुर्लभम्॥

Colophon:-

<mark>इति श्रीवामकेश्वरतन्त्रे हरगौरीसंवादे गुरुस्तवराजः समाप्तः॥</mark>

6797A.

9946. गुरुप्रशंसा। Gurupraśamsā.

Substance, country-made paper. $8\frac{1}{2} \times 5\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 3. Lines, 8 in a page. Extent in ślokas, 40. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, old. Complete.

The name is written in red ink, possibly in a later hand, at the end. It speaks of the greatness of a guru by way of describing the results of showing respect or disrespect to him.

Beginning:

णान्तिदान्यादि ही नाय विषयासक्तचेतसे। अधिनेऽपि न दातयं गुरुणापि क्रपालुना। अपुचायाप्यभिष्याय वक्तयं नाधिकारिणे॥१॥ उत्ते सत्यपि तत्सारो वत्तव्यः सर्व्वथा न हि।
गुरुभक्त्या विहीनाय सर्व्वदाप्यधिकारियो ॥ २॥
देववद् यो गुरुं प्रश्लेदप्रमत्तोऽधिकारभाक्।
स एव ब्रह्मविज्ञानं फलवत्याप्रयाद्गरः॥ ३॥

End:

इति ते कथितं ज्ञानं यत् श्वेताश्वतरोवदत्। कारणानां विचारेण मायाण्यतेश्व दर्णनात्॥ ३८॥ . मुनीनां ब्रह्मविज्ञानसम्पन्नानां महात्मनाम्। इतः परं किमन्यन्तं श्रोतुमर्ह्यस्य सुव्रत ॥ ३५॥

6798.

3401. गुरुपादुकास्तोचम्। Gurupādukāstotra.

Substance, country-made paper. $12\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 3. Lines, 10. Extent in ślokas, 90. Character, Bengali. Date, Śaka 1769. Appearance, fair. Complete.

The text is accompanied by an anonymous commentary which generally agrees with the commentary attributed to Durgādāsa, MSS of which are described below. The present MS, however, does not contain the text of and commentary on the *phalaśruti* verse found in all the MSS described below. The introductory verse of the commentary is found only in the present MS.

Beginning of the Stotra:—

ब्रह्मरन्ध्रसरसीरहोदरे

निव्यलसमवदातमङ्गतम्।

नुग्डलीविवरकाग्डमग्डितं

दादशार्थसरसीरहं भने॥

Beginning of the Commentary:— नमामि परमात्मानं गुरुरूपं सनातनम् । पादुकापश्चपद्यानां वच्छामि गुरुदेश्चनात् ॥

6799.

5118. Gurupādukāstotra.

Substance, country-made paper. $18 \times 3\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 3. Lines, 7. Extent in ślokas, 90. Character, Bengali. Appearance, old. Complete.

In the colophon of the text portion in the present as well as the following MS the hymn is assigned to the $\bar{U}rddhv\bar{a}mn\bar{a}yatantra$:

इत्यूर्ज्ञीम्नायतन्ते शिवपञ्चवक्रविनिर्गतं गुरुपादुकापञ्चकस्तोत्रं समाप्तम्।

It is also assigned to the Rudrayāmala (Cat. Cat. I, 156) and the Viśvasāra (AS., p. 56).

The text is accompanied by the commentary of Durgādāsa Vidyāvāgīśa Bhaṭṭācārya, who is here and in the following MS simply called Durgā Vidyāvāgīśa. Another MS of the commentary is described in L. I. 329.

The last line of the commentary agrees with that of the commentary attributed to Raghunandana Nyāyālaṅ-kāra (HPR. I. 977).

Beginning of the Commentary:—

गुरुपादुकास्तोत्रस्य टीका लिख्यते । तद्यया । दादशार्ध-सरसीरुहं भने सेवां करोमीत्यर्थः ।

Post-colophon Statement :—

लिखितं श्रीरामप्रसादप्रमेगा ।

6800.

5289. Gurupādukāstotra.

Substance, country-made paper. $17 \times 3\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 3. Lines, 8. Extent in ślokas, 90. Character, Bengali. Appearance, fair. Complete.

The text is here accompanied by the commentary of Durgādāsa.

6801.

3917A. Gurupādukāstotra.

Substance, country-made paper. $14\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 2 (marked 21 and 22). In Tripāṭha form. Character, Bengali. Appearance, old and dilapidated. Incomplete.

The present MS contains portions of the text (from middle of verse 5) and the commentary (from verse 3) of Durgādāsa.

6802.

164. Gurupādukāstotraṭīkā.

Substance, country-made paper. $17\frac{1}{2} \times 3\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 3. Lines, 7. Extent in ślokas, 90. Character, Bengali. Appearance old. Complete.

The MS contains the commentary of Durgādāsa, who is called here Vidyāvācaspati.

6803.

3917B. गुरुकवचम्। Gurukavaca.

Substance, country-made paper, $14\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 23A-25A. Lines, 11. Extent in ślokas, 50. Character, Bengali. Appearance, old and dilapidated. Complete.

Beginning:—

श्रीपार्वत्यवाच ।

देवेश परमेशान भक्तानुग्रह्यारक ।
कुलधर्मरतान् वौरान् तेषां सुसिद्धिकारणम् ॥
बूह्य में क्षपया श्रम्भो यदि श्रीतिर्ममोपरि ।
साधकानां हितार्थाय भक्तिसुक्तिप्रदायक(ः) ॥

Colophon:-

इति श्रीमद्दागमसारे विश्वसारोद्धारे श्रीगुरुकवचम् समाप्तम्।

6804.

2848. [गुरुस्तोचकवचसंग्रहः। A collection of hymns to Guru].

Substance, country-made yellow paper. $13 \times 3\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 2. Lines, 10, 11. Character, Bengali. Appearance, good. Complete.

This contains (1) गुरुपरब्रह्मस्तोच (Fol. 1) assigned to the Ni[ga]mayogasāra, (2) गुरुपरब्रह्मस्तोचकवच (Fol. 1B-2A) assigned to the Nigamayogasāra, (3) गुरुकवच (Fol. 2A-2B) assigned to the Samayātantra, and (4) गुरुपंत्रिकवच (Fol. 2B) assigned to the Gurutantra. The present MS has been described in L. X. 4078-81.

6805.

9640. प्रमहंसकवचम्। Paramahamsakavaca.

Substance, country-made paper. $10\frac{1}{2} \times 5$ inches. Folia, 3. Lines, 9. Extent in ślokas, 59. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fair. Complete.

Different deities are invoked here for the protection of different parts of the body.

Beginning:—

. पार्व्वत्यवाच ।

भगवन् सर्वधर्मेच सर्वधर्मीविश्वारद। कवचं श्रोतुमिच्छामि हंसस्य परमस्य च ॥१॥ त्वस्रसादान्महादेव श्रुतास्व विविधा विभो। तन्मे कथय देवेश्य यदि क्षेहो[ऽस्ति] मां प्रति॥२॥

Colophon:

इति श्रीरदयामले चरगौरीसंवादे परार्डे परमचंसकवचं सम्पूर्णमस्त ।

Śamkarācārya.

6806.

2299. श्रव्यक्तमूर्त्तिमानसपूजनम् । Avyaktamūrtimānasapūjana.

Substance, country-made paper. $7\frac{1}{2} \times 3$ inches. Folium, 1. Lines, 12 (in all). Extent in ślokas, 10. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fair. Complete.

The present MS has been described in L. X. 4040. The introductory portion agrees partially with that of the hymn called nirgunamānasapūjā (The works of Sri Sankaracharya, Srirangam, Vol. 18, pp. 107ff).

6807.

5538B. योगतारावली। Yogatārāvalī.

Substance, machine-made paper. 8×6 inches. Folia, 2. Lines, 26 in all. Complete in 29 verses.

This refers to the efficacy of different yogic practices. It has been published in the Works of Sankaracharya (Sri Vani Vilas Press, Vol. 16, pp. 115ff).

6808.

9899. त्रानन्दबोधलहरी। Ānandabodhalaharī.

Substance, country-made paper. One long sheet of paper $21 \times 9\frac{1}{2}$ inches in size. Lines, 66. Extent in ślokas, 30. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, good. Complete in 18 stanzas.

The hymn under the name Jīvanmuktānandalaharī complete in 17 stanzas has been published in the Works of Sri Sankaracharya (Sri Vani Vilas Press, Srirangam, Vol. 16, p. 137-41).

Concluding verse not found in the printed edition:

मौने मौनी गुणिनि गुणवान् पण्डिते पण्डितस्व

दीने दीनः सुखिनि सुखवान् भोगिनि प्राप्तभोगः।

मूर्खे मूर्खो युवितिषु युवा वाग्मिनि प्रौठवाग्मी

धन्यः कोऽपि चिसुवन(वि)जयी योऽवधूतेऽवधूतः॥

Colophon:-

इति श्रीमत्परमहंसपरिव्राजकाचार्य-श्रीमत्प्रक्षराचार्य्यविर्वितं स्नानन्दबोधलहरीस्तोच[ं] समाप्तम्।

6809.

10906. Ānandabodhalaharī.

Substance, country-made paper. $6\frac{1}{2} \times 3\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 7. Lines, 6. Extent in ślokas, 29. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fair. Complete in 17 verses.

The colophon of the present MS refers to the hymn as Anandalaharī.

6810.

2019. स्तिवकवचसंग्रहः। Collection of hymns.

Substance, country-made paper. $11 \times 5\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, I-16. Lines 14. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, old. Complete.

It professes to contain the Stavakavaca section of the *Tantrasāra* and it begins with the line:

यथ तन्त्रसारहतीयपरिच्छेदः लिख्यते स्तोत्रसंप्र + लिख्यते ।

As a matter of fact, it contains a number of hymns occurring in the *Tantrasāra* though not of course always in the order followed in the latter. Portions from the section on Dīkṣā dealing with the proper time for the ceremony are also found in Fol. 12A-13B.

The following is the list of hymns found in the $Tantra-s\bar{a}ra$:

गर्गे प्रस्तवराज (Fol. 2A-2B), हरिद्राग्रां प्रस्तवच (2B-3A), सरस्ती-स्तोच (3A-4A), चिप्रस्ताचेच (4B-5B), सर्वार्थनाम[चिप्ररा]कवच (5B-6B), दुर्गाप्रतनामस्तोच (6B-7A), दुर्गाकवच (7A-7B), महिषमिर्दनीस्तोच (7B-8B), महिषमिर्दनीकवच (8B-10A), लस्त्रीकवच (11A-12A).

The following is the list of hymns not found in the Tantrasāra:

गग्रेग्राचानरस्तोच (Fol. 1), गुर्वष्टकस्तोच attributed to Śań-karācārya (4A-4B), लस्मीस्तोच assigned to the Prapañcasāra (10A-11A), तुलसीस्तोच assigned to the Garuḍapurāṇasāra (14A-14B), तुलसीकवच assigned to the Brahmāṇdapurāṇa (14B-15A), खामिकार्तिकस्तोच (15A-15B), मेरवाष्टकस्तोच (15B-16A), रामपञ्चरस्तोच (16A-16B), बालाष्टक (16B). The last three are attributed to Śaṁkarācārya.

Of these the गुवंश्वन and the मेरवाश्वन have been published in The Works of Sankaracharya (Vol. 18, pp. 89-91, 140-2), खामिकार्तिकेयस्तोच and the तुलसीकवच have been printed in the Stavakavacamālā (p. 748, 863) and the लघ्मीस्तोच and तुलसीकवच are published in Bṛhatstotraratnākara (p. 173, 366). The beginnings of the remaining hymns are quoted below:—

ग्रेग्य्याक्रस्तोच begins

मौलिं महेग्र्यचोऽव्याङ्गालं पातु विनायकः।

चिनेचः पातु मे नेचे स्वर्यकर्णोवतु स्रुतौ॥

तुलसीस्तोच begins

तन्मूले सर्वतीर्थानि लन्मध्ये सर्वदैवतम्।

तद्ये सर्वदेवेषु तुलिस त्वां नमाम्यहम्॥

रामपञ्जरस्तोच begins

रमस्त चित्त राघवे विदेष्टकन्यकाधवे।

मन्त्रेणचित्तगौरवे सुनीन्त्रगौतवेभवे॥

बालास्टक begins

वरदाभये पुक्तकाच्यमालां

विलसत्पाणिसरोजभासमानाम्।

प्रारदिन्द्सच्चकोटिसदृभां

परमानन्दमयीं प्रसौमि बालाम्॥१॥

6811.

9147. [Stavakavacasaṃgraha.]

Substance, country-made paper. $11\frac{1}{2} \times 5\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 1—4. Lines, 14. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, old.

This contains six hymns:

I. Hymn of Rādhā and Kṛṣṇa containing their various names (Fol. 1-3A):

Beginning:

श्रीभगवानुवाच ।

जयित श्रीपरमानन्दक्षणपादपवस्तरी।
श्रीकृष्णवदनाम्भोजमधुपानमधुवता॥१॥
श्रीकृष्णनयनानन्दसदाकपूरवर्त्तिका।
श्रीकृष्णाननपूर्णेन्द्राधिका चारूचन्द्रिका॥२॥
श्रीकृष्णरूपपाथोधिलहरी हेमवेभवा।
श्रीकृष्णमालतीहारसग्रस्वरभूषणा॥३॥
श्रीकृष्णपरमानन्दसरःपङ्कजकुङ्गला।
श्रीकृष्णयामिनीरम्यचन्द्रोदयसुखोत्सवा॥४॥

Colophon:—

इति श्रीटच्द्रस्मसंचितायां दितीयपादे भूलोकवर्णने श्रीटन्दावन-चरिचे मन्त्रदयाराधननिरूपणे नामाष्टास्त्रधायः।

II. निवेदनाष्ट्रक (Fol. 3A):

Beginning:

इंसखरूपं रुचिरं विधाय यः सम्प्रदायस्य प्रवर्तनार्थम् । स्वतन्त्रसाच्चासनकादिकेभ्यो नारायग्रं तं प्ररुगं प्रपद्ये ॥

Colophon:

इति श्रीभगवत्रिणिपातपूर्वकं निवेदनाष्टकं सम्पूर्णम्। सनकादिप्रणिपत्यस्क (3A-3B):

Beginning:

कुमारभावेन विधाय वेशं यो ब्रह्मचर्यं सुदृढं वि + ध्यत । परिस्फ्रेंद्रौरिममह्निताङ्गं नमाम्यद्यं श्रीसनकादिकं तम् ॥ Colophon:-

<mark>्रां । इति श्रीसनका</mark>दिप्रशिपत्यस्कं समाप्तम् ।

IV. नारदभ्ररणागतचतुरुक (3B):

Beginning:

यः सर्वेलोकस्य हितं विधातुं समुद्य + + + द्याञ्जदयातिरेकात्। सत्यञ्च राचागमक्रद्वभूव श्रीनारदं तं प्ररग्धं प्रपद्ये॥

Colophon:

इति श्रीनारदग्ररणागतचतुरुकम्।

m V. निम्बार्क ग्रार्गागतिचतुष्टक (m 3B-4A):

Beginning:-

मञ्चानुभावेषु प्रस्कृतों + बभार दीन्तां किल नारदाद्याः।
क्रपाम्र + + + दधानं तं श्रीलनिम्बार्कमन्दं नमामि॥

Colophon:

इति स्रीनिम्बार्कभरगागतिचतुष्टकं डेयः।

VI. राधाकवच (4A-B):

Beginning:

श्रीपार्वत्यवाच ।
देवदेव महादेव प्रेमप्रीतिप्रदायकम् ।
राधायाः कवचं देव कथय प्राणवस्नम ॥

Colophon :-

इति श्रीब्रह्मयामले गौरीग्रङ्गरसंवादे राधाकवचं समाप्तम्।

This kavaca does not agree with the one assigned to the Nāradapañcarātra and printed in the Bṛhatstotra-ratnākara (Bombay, 1932, pp. 185–8).

6812.

9642. [Stavakavacasamgraha.]

Substance, country-made paper. $5 \times 3\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 1-20+1-6+1-14 stitched in book-form. Character, Nāgara. Date, 1613 Saṃvat (?). Appearance, old.

This MS contains (1) कार्तवीर्यकवन (Fol. 1–20B) agreeing with the one described under No. 6785 above, (2) गायनीइदय (Fol. 1–6A) which agrees with the hymn of the same name described under No. 6720 above, (3) चादित्यह्दय (Fol. 1–14B) which agrees with the famous hymn of the same name (Stavakavacamālā, Vasumati Press, pp. 128–148) but is incomplete here, running up to a portion of p. 145 of the printed edition.

Post-colophon Statement of the portion containing the Gāyatrīhṛdaya:—

सदोष्ट श्रीतलोदावास्तव्य ने(यी)विद्यमोद्धातीयगोपालानुचरेण गोपीनायेन चरिक्तव्यापठनाधं परार्थेच लिखितमिदम्। श्रभमस्तु। संवत् १६१३ वर्षे प्राके १४७८।

6813.

[2444. Stavakavacasamgraha.]

Substance, country-made paper. $8\frac{1}{2} \times 5$ inches. Lines, 11. Folia, 1-230 (bound in book-form). Character, Nāgara. Appearance, faira Complete.

This contains the following 43 items:

- 1. गङ्गासन्दिनामस्तोच from the Kāśīkhaṇḍa (I. 29) of the Skandapurāṇa (Fol. 1-11A).
- 2. इरिइरनामाविष्कोच from the Kāśīkhaṇḍa (I. 8. 99–112) of the Skandapurāṇa (Fol. 11B-12B).

- 3. दुर्गास्तोच from the Kāśīkhaṇḍa (II. 72. 37-80) of the Skandapurāṇa (Fol. 12B-15A).
- 4. सिद्धिविनायकस्तोच in 19 verses from the Nṛsiṃhapurāṇa (Fol. 15B-16B).

Beginning:

इच्चाकुरवाच।

नमकुला महादेवं स्तोधेऽहं तं विनायकम्। स्रभिषेके सदा तेन स्तुतः स्त्रन्देन यः पुरा॥

- 5. श्रीमङ्गवद्गीता (Fol. 17A-52B).
- 6. वासुदेवसञ्चनामस्तोच from the Anuśāsanaparvan (Ch. 149 of the Chitrasala Press edition, Poona, 1933) of the Mahābhārata (Fol. 53A-59B).
- 7. विष्णुस्तवराज in 140 verses from the Śāntiparvan (Ch. 47 of Chitrasala Press edition, Poona, 1932) of the Mahābhārata (Fol. 60A-66B).
- 8. विष्णोरनुस्मृतिः from the Śāntiparvan (Ch. 195 of the Southern Recension, Madras, 1936) of the Mahābhārata (Fol. 66B-71A).
- 9. गजेन्द्रमोद्धाण in 178 verses from the Sāntiparvan of the Mahābhārata (Fol. 72A-81A).

This contains a version of the story of the greatness of Nārāyaṇa as related in the *Bhāgavatapurāṇa* (VIII. 2-3).

- 10. दश्रहरास्तोत्र from the Kāśīkhaṇḍa (I. 27. 157–184) of the Skandapurāṇa (Fol. 81B–82B).
 - 11. गीतासार from the Mahābhārata (Fol. 83A-86B).

This is published in the *Gītāgranthāvalī* (Basumati Press, Calcutta, pp. 244-62). It principally deals with the mystic significance of the syllable *Om*.

12. गीतास्त्रति (Fol. 86B-88B).

This hymn is usually recited before a recitation of the Bhagavadgītā.

13. ਸਮੰਜੀਗ (Fol. 88B-89B).

This speaks of the superiority of self-realisation over everything else. It has been printed in the *Gītāgranthāvalī* (Basumati Press, Calcutta, pp. 720-4).

14. ऋग्राहर्टभन्नागगपतिस्तोच from the Lingapurāṇa (Fol. 90B).

Beginning:

नमामि देवदेवेग्गं वन्नतुग्छमचानलम्। मडच्चरगणोपेतं नमामि ऋणमुक्ताये॥

15. गरोधसम्बनामस्तोत्र from the Ganesapurāna (Fol. 91A-100B).

Beginning:

मुनिर्वाच।

कथं नाम्नां सहसंतु गर्येश उपदिख्वान्। श्रिवदं तन्ममाचच्व लोकानुग्रहतत्पर॥

16. सदाणिवसहस्रनामस्तोच from the Padmapurāṇa (Fol. 101A-112B).

Beginning:

एकदा मुनयः सर्वे द्वारकां द्रष्टुमागताः। वासुदेवं च सोत्कराहाः क्षयादर्भनलालसाः॥

मार्काखेय उ।

त्वं विष्णुः कमलाकान्तः परमात्मा जगद्गुरः।
तव पूच्यः कथं प्रम्भरेतत् सर्वं वदस्व मे ॥

17. इरि(इर)स्तोच from the Bhavişyottarapurāṇa (Fol. 113A-114B).

बार्जुन उवाच।

भुतिमुितिपदो देवः सर्वकामफलप्रदः।
सर्वसिद्धिकरो देव नमस्तुभ्यं जनार्दन॥
येन भक्त्या जगन्नाथ मानवो याति सद्गतिम्।
ममोपरि दयां क्रत्या मिय ब्रूष्टि सुखावच्चम्॥

18. प्रशुरामसञ्चनामस्तोच from the Agnipurāṇa (Fol. 115A-121B).

श्रीराघव उवाच।

खर्च तत्त्वपरद्वाम विचरन्ति खलीलया। इत्युत्तं वः समभ्यर्च प्रिणपत्य क्वताञ्जलिः॥

यस्य पादार्चनात् सिद्धिः खेप्मितं नौमि भार्गवम् ।

19. इत्ताचेयस्तोच from the Mahābhārata (Fol. 122A-122B).

Beginning:-

नारद उवाच।

खिं चिष्ठचो महातेजा दत्ताचेयो महामुनिः। तस्य समरणमाचेण सर्वपापैः प्रमुच्यते॥

20. रामसञ्चनामस्तोत्र from the *Lingapurāṇa* (Fol. 123A-130B).

Another MS of the hymn has been described under No. 6768 above.

21. सूर्यसङ्खनामस्तोच from the Bhavişyottarapurāṇa (Fol. 131A-137A).

Printed in the Stavakavacamālā (pp. 154-166).

22. सूर्यस्तवराज from the Sāmbapurāṇa (Fol. 138A-138B).

Well-known in Bengal and printed in various stotra collections (Stavakavacamālā, p. 151-2).

23. रेगुकासम्मन्तीत्र from the Padmapurāṇa (Fol. 139A-148B).

Beginning:

गिरिएसे सुखासीनं ग्राङ्करं लोकग्राङ्करम्। प्रगातः परिषप्रच्छ संग्रायंस्त षडानन[ः]॥

श्रीखन्दोवाच ।

तात सर्वेश्वरस्वं हि सर्वतः सर्वभावन[ः]।
कथयस प्रसादेन रहस्यं सकलार्थदम्॥

24. भवानीसञ्चनामस्तोच from the Rudrayāmala (Fol. 149A-158B).

Other MSS of the hymn have been described under Nos. 6700-1 above.

25. महालच्योसहस्रनामस्तोत्र from the Skandapurāṇa (Fol. 159A-169A).

Beginning:—

कदाचिन्मुद्रलो नाम वाराणस्यां महामुनिः। विश्वनायं समालोका निषसो सुक्तिमण्डपे॥

26. महालच्योस्तोत्र from the Skandapurāṇa (Fol. 169B-170A).

Beginning:

व्यास्य उवाच।

मातर्नमामि कमले कमलायताच्चि श्रीविष्णुच्चलमलवासिनि विश्वमातः। चौरोदने कमलकोमलगर्भगौरि लच्चि प्रसीद सततं नमतां प्ररुखे॥ 27. कालिकासच्चनामस्तोच from the Kālikākulasarvasva (Fol. 171A-180B).

Another MS of the hymn has been described under No. 6638 above.

28. गायचीसहस्रनामस्तोच from the Viṣṇuyāmala (Fol. 181A-188A).

Another MS of the hymn is described under No. 6725 above.

29. ब्रादित्यहृदयस्तोच from the Bhavişyottarapurāṇa (Fol-189A-196B).

Another MS of the hymn is described under No. 6812(3) above.

30. द्यार्यास्तोत्र in 109 verses by Mahāmudgalabhaṭṭa Sūri (Fol. 197A–202B).

This is the same as the $R\bar{a}m\bar{a}ry\bar{a}\hat{s}ataka$ several MSS of which have been described in VII. 5690–2 above.

31. सौन्दर्यलहरीस्तोत्र in 102 verses by Samkarācārya (Fol. 203A-211B).

Other MSS of the work have been described under Nos. 6679ff above.

32. मङ्गाष्ट्रक by Śamkarācārya (Fol. 212A-212B).

This agrees with the Gangāṣṭaka as published in The Works of Sri Sankaracharya (Sri Vani Vilas Press Edition, Vol. 18, pp. 101–3).

33. भ्रिवकावच from the Skandapurāṇa (Fol. 213A-215B).

Another MS of the hymn has been described under No. 6751 above.

34. इन्मत्वच from the Brahmāṇḍapurāṇa (Fol. 216A-219A).

Beginning:--

Fol. 217B, श्रीराम खनाच।

हनूमान् पूर्वतः पातु दिच्चि पवनात्मजः।

पातु प्रतीचां रच्चोन्नः पातु सागरपारगः॥

35. भगवङ्यान (Fol. 219B-220B).

Beginning:—

खय स्तोत्रं प्रवच्छामि देवि तत्र विशेषतः। यच्छत्वा च दिवाराचौ सर्वबन्धेर्विमुचते॥

36. मिइम्रः स्तोत्र (Fol. 221A-223A).

For other MSS of the hymn cf. ASB. VII. 5579ff.

37. चर्षटपञ्जरिकास्तोत्र of Samkarācārya (Fol. 224B-225A).

For another MS cf. No. 6781 above.

38. কালনাখান্তক (Fol. 225B).

Beginning:—

परेतभूतवेतालकरतालसमन्वितम्। प्रवर्त्तितं महान्द्रयं कलये कालभैरवम्॥

39. उपमन्युक्तोत्र of उपमन्यु (Fol. 226A-227A).

This is a hymn to Siva, which has been published in various stotra collections (e.g., *Bṛhatstotraratnākara*, pp. 110-2).

40. नवग्रहस्तोच (Fol. 227A-B).

This consists of nine verses, each intended for one of the nine planets. It is published in *Stavakavacamālā* (pp. 670-2).

41. गङ्गास्त of Śamkarācārya (Fol. 228A).

Beginning:

विधेरज्ञानेन द्रविणविरहेणालसतया

विधेयाभ्रकात्वात्तव चरणयोर्यार्चितरभूत्।

त्वयैतत् ज्ञन्तयं मम जननि निःसीमकरणे

कुणुचो जायते क्षचिद्रिष कुमाता न भवति॥

- 42. स्योद्योत्तरभावनामस्तोच from the Vanaparvan (Ch. 3, v. 16-28 of the Chitrasala Press Edition, Poona, 1930) of the Mahābhārata (Fol. 228B).
 - 43. रामरचात्त्वोच in 32 verses (Fol. 229A-230B).

Other MSS of the hymn have been described in ASB. VII. 5695-8.

6814.

4784. [Stavakavacasaṃgraha.]

Substance, palm-leaf. $12 \times 2\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 1-14+2 (without any mark). Lines, 5 on a page. Character, Bengali. Appearance, old.

This contains the following six hymns:

(1) भगवतीस्तोच (Fol. 1-2B).

Beginning:

अधातः सम्मवन्धामि सिन्नधानाय मिन्तिणाम् ।

+ + + + + + + +

सर्व्वतामप्रदं दिव्यं स्मृत्या चार्त्तिविनाप्रनम् ॥

थेन संस्मृतमाचेण + + विंनध्यति ।

+ + + + + + + +

ॐ नमन्ते श्रिये नित्ये + + + ॥

Colophon:

इति श्रीरुद्रयामले नित्याषोडिश्रिकार्यवे भगवतीस्तोचं समाप्तम्।
(2) दग्रहकस्तवः (Fol. 3A-6B).

Beginning:

हरिहरकमलासनस्यां स्वन्दचन्त्रीरगेन्द्रेन्द्रविह-+ + + + कीनाभवित्तेभवागीश्वराद्यस्तुताम्। भिक्तभावानतो भिक्तमात्रादहं भिक्तमुक्तिप्रदां देवीं भिवां भर्वविक्रोद्भवां विश्ववन्द्योद्भवां भर्भवःसभैवाम्॥

Colophon: -

इति श्रीप्रक्षराचार्यविरचितसिद्धदग्छकस्तवः समाप्तः।

(3) इसेखास्तव (Fol. 6B-8B). अध्यक्ष प्राप्त का का का का का

The hymn agrees with the one occurring in the *Prapañcasāra* (XI. 49-70).

(4) महामायास्तव (Fol. 8B-10A)

Beginning:

भैरव उवाच।

आज्ञाचकस्थितां देवीं सुषुम्नाधारमध्यगाम्।
भूर्भवःसर्गतां नित्यां सर्व्वदेहे व्यवस्थिताम्॥
नमामि सर्व्वदेवीनामालयं सर्व्वकामदाम्।
नमोऽस्त ते महामाचे सिद्धस्त्रज्ञावतारिणि॥
नाड़ीज्ञितयमध्यस्थे षट्चकाधारवासिनि।
सदाकाण्रचरे देवि मर्द्रस्ममन्विते॥
व्यादिषोडण्रचकस्थे भैरवानन्दकारिणि।
व्यक्चचटतपयसैर्भन्तैः सदाध्तकलेवरे॥

Colophon:

इति घोडणसाइसिके चाडमैरवतन्ते अष्टादणपटलोद्धतम्बा-मायास्तवः समाप्तः।

(5) च्यपराजितास्तव (10B-13A).

Another MS of the hymn has been described under No. 6766 above. In the present MS however it is assigned to the *Bhagavatīpurāṇa*.

Colophon:—

भगवतीपुराणे महाविद्या अपराजितास्तोचं समाप्तम्।

(6) प्रविष्टरास्तोच (Fol. 13B-14B, and two unmarked folia).

Though referred to in the colophon as प्रवासिरामन्तो-द्वार it is nothing but an incomplete copy of the Pratyangirāstotra, another MS of which has been described under No. 6712 above. One Fol. after Fol. No. 14 appears to be missing in the present MS.

6815.

6086. [Stavakavacasaṃgraha.]

Substance, country-made paper. $6\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 19+7+17+7+14+5+9 (bound in a book-form). Lines, 9. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, good.

Drawings of three Tantric deities on three small sheets of paper are found along with this MS.

First Batch of leaves:—

(1) त्रिपुरसुन्दरीकवच (Fol. 1-12A).

Beginning:—

श्रीदेखवाच ।

देवदेव महादेव महागं प्रौतिवर्द्धन । यसूचितं प्रा नाथ किमर्थे न प्रकाप्यते ॥ राजराजेश्वरीदेवास्तिप्रायाः सभावकम् । कवचं यदि मे प्रौतिः कथयस टमध्वज ॥

Colophon:

इति श्रीवामनेश्वरीतन्ते श्रीमहाचन्नपीठे श्रीमदाजराजेश्वरी-श्रीमहाचिप्रसुन्दर्थाः नवचं सम्पर्णम् ।

(2) चिवित्रमक्वच (Fol. 12B-13B).

Beginning:—

श्रीभैरव उवाच।

ॐ अधुना कथियथामि रहस्यं मम पार्व्वति। चिविक्रमाख्यं कवचं मन्त्रगभें महेश्वरि॥

Colophon:-

इति श्रीरदयामले तन्त्रे चिकूटार्इस्ये चतुर्विंगः पटलः सम्पूर्णः।

(3) सौभाग्यकवच (Fol. 13B-19B).

Another MS of the hymn is described under No. 6671 above.

Second Batch of leaves:—

(1) चैलोक्यमोच्चनकवच (Fol. 1-7A).

Another MS of the *Kavaca* has been described under No. 5815 above.

Third Batch of leaves:— चिपुरसुन्दरीसच्छनामस्तोच (Fol. 1-17).

Beginning:

कैलासि एखरे रम्ये नानारत्नोपश्चोभिते। कल्पपादपमध्यस्थे नानाप्रस्योपश्चोभिते॥

तं कदाचित् सुखासीनं भगवन्तं जगदुरुम्।

प्रगन्य प्रिरसा नाथं कार्गं विश्वरूपियाम्। इताञ्जलिएटो भूला प्राच्च तं प्रिखिवाचनः॥

ॐ खान्द उवाच।

देवदेव महादेव खिष्टिखित्वनाग्ता।

तिं गुद्धं परमं लोने किमेनं सर्व्यसिद्धिदम्।
किमेनं परमं श्रेष्ठं किं लोने खर्ममोद्यदम्॥
...
श्रीमद्यदेव उवाच।
साधु साधु त्वया पर्छोऽस्माः पार्व्वतीनन्दन।
खक्ति गुद्धातमं विप्र कथियधाम्यसंग्रयम्॥
...
यस्या योनौ जगत्मर्व्वमद्यापि वर्त्ततेऽखिलम्।
यस्यां प्रलीयते चान्ते यस्याञ्च जायते प्रनः॥
...
तस्या नामसद्यसन्ते कथयामि प्रद्गुष्य तत्॥
...
ॐ कल्याणी कमला काली कराली कामरूपिगी।

कामाख्या कामदा काच्या कामिनी कामचारियी॥

कामाख्या कामदा काच्या कामिनी कामचारियी॥

Colophon:-

इति श्रीवामनेश्वरतन्त्रे हरनुमारसंवादे श्रीराजराजेश्वरीमहा-चिप्ररम्पन्दरीसहस्रगामस्तोष्टम् ।

Fourth Batch of leaves:—

(1) महानिप्रसुन्दरीस्तोच (Fol. 1-3B).

Beginning:—

ॐ अस्य श्री चिष्रसन्दरीतत्त्वविद्यास्तोचमन्त्रस्य श्रीदिद्याणाः मूर्त्तिः ऋषिः पंतित्रकृत्दः श्रीमहाचिष्रसुन्दरी देवता...

बच्चीबीजं बीजवर्गेंकमीलं मन्त्री नित्यं यो जपेद्गित्तपूर्व्वम् । जित्वा प्राचून् निर्भयः साधकेन्त्रः कुर्य्यादाज्यं देवि + + + + + ॥ End:

इति श्रीनिप्रसुन्दर्थाः स्तोनं श्रीमन्त्रविग्रहम्। रष्टस्यमेव सर्वसं गोपनीयं महेश्वरि॥

Colophon:—

इति श्रीमहाचिप्रसुन्दरीस्तोचं समाप्तम्।

(2) महात्रिप्रसुन्दरीपञ्चाङ्गभूतस्तवराज (Fol. 3B-7A).

Beginning:—

श्रीईश्वर उवाच।

अधुना प्रमु देवेषि स्तोचं तत्त्वनिरूपितम्। महाचिपुरसन्दर्थाः सर्वसं सारमुत्तमम्॥

Colophon:-

इति श्रीरद्रयामले तन्त्रे महाचिप्रसुन्दरीपञ्चाङ्गभूतस्तवराजः समाप्तः।

Fifth Batch of leaves:—

(1) कामेश्वरकवच (Fol. 1-7A).

ॐ श्रीदेखुवाच ।

ॐ भगवन् कर्षणामाधि प्रास्तामानिधिपारग। दासौ परमभक्तास्मि वरं दातुमि हार्हित ॥

श्रीभैरवः।

ॐ कथयस महिशानि कमितो वरमिक्सि। यत् किञ्चिन्मनसीष्टं स्थात्तद्दातुं ते ज्ञमोऽस्माइम्॥

श्रीदेखुवाच ।

कामेश्वरस्य देवेश कवचं देवदुई भम्। श्रीष्ठं मे दयया ब्रूच्चि यदाइं प्रेयसौ तव॥

Colophon:

इति श्रीविश्वसारतन्त्रे पार्व्यतीपरमहेश्वरसंवादे श्रीकामेश्वर-कवचं समाप्तम्। (2) भ्रिवकवच (Fol. 7B-12B).

Another MS of the *Kavaca* is described under No. 6751 above.

(3) भ्रावस्तोच (Fol. 13A-14A).

The hymn agrees with the one occurring in the Tantrasāra (Bangavasi Press edition, pp. 776-7).

Sixth Batch of leaves:—

(1) गुरुक्तोच of Jyotisprakāśa (Fol. 1-4A).

Beginning:—

विश्वोत्तीर्थं विश्वमयं नाथमनन्तं
सचित्वौख्यात्मानमखर्णं निखिलाद्यम् ।
वेद्यं वेदैः कोविदवर्थोः सुरवन्द्यं
कौलाधीग्रं साह्विवमीडे गुरुमीग्रम् ॥

The last line quoted above occurs at the end of each verse of the hymn proper.

End:

एतत्सदुरवन्दनं प्रविद्धौ कौलेश्वरः कौलिकः
पदीर्मत्तमयूरटत्तर्चितैन्योंतिष्युकाशामिधः।
श्रीमत्माहिनपादभिक्तसुधया मत्तो मयूरो यथा
न्वयन् वार्षुकमेघगं सुरगुरुं केकाभिरावन्दते॥
श्रीमदुरुकोचिमदं सुप्र्यं
यो भक्तलोकः प्रपटेनिश्रीधे।
ब्राह्मे मुह्नर्देहिन वा स भूयात्
सद्दिण्यकाङ्किः क्षपया क्रतार्थः॥

Colophon:

इति श्रीगुरुलोचं समाप्तम्।

The text of the hymn is followed by what would appear to be the concluding verses of a commentary on the hymn by Govinda Kaula, disciple of Jyotisprakāśa.

These verses run:—

प्रामिम्बरानलप्टितप्रिमिते तपस्थे
प्रामास्मीगुरुमहेह्नि कवेः सुपूर्णा।
कोलेग्रसाहिवपदस्तवदीपिकासी
गोविन्दकोलविह्निता विभवाय भूयात्॥
स्वा श्रीगुरुसचिददयमहेग्रस्थात्मनः संस्तुतिः
कोलानां कुलबोधभास्तरकरस्वान्ताम्बुजाभासिका।
प्रिष्ट्याणां सुविमर्भनात् कुलकलाकोलाकुलानां दृढदेतध्वान्तविदारिणौ प्रभवतात् प्राक् सम्पदायोत्तमा॥
सम्पूर्णेयं महाविद्याविमर्थानन्दविधनौ।
विद्यतिः श्रीगुरुस्तोचे नाम्ना कुलप्रबोधनौ॥
रिचता स्वविनोदार्थं ह्येषादैतार्थहर्षदा।
नास्तियत्यं विदक्षिमतान्तरसमुत्सुकैः॥

The verses are followed by a colophon which runs:—

इति श्रीमहामहेश्वराचार्यवर्यश्रीज्योतिष्युकाश्वकौलानन्दनाथ-पादपद्मोपजीविश्रीगोविन्दकौलविरचितं श्रीगुरुक्लोचं सम्पूर्णं समाप्तं चेति शिवम्।

(2) गुरुभिक्ताच of Cidrupa Kaula (Fol. 4B-5B).

Beginning:--

ॐ धोयं भत्तैभीतिवरेण्यं शिवरूपं रूपं रूपे रूपकलाभिः परिपूर्णम् । खच्चं खच्चेर्गम्यमगम्यं भवमग्नै-नियं वन्दे कौलकुत्तेशं गुरुमीद्यम् ॥ The last line quoted above occurs at the end of every verse of the hymn.

Colophon:—

इति श्रीमद्दामाहेश्वराचार्य्यवर्यश्रीसाहिबकौलानन्दनाथपाद-पद्मोपत्रीविचिद्रूपकौलविरचितं गुरुभिक्तस्तोचं सम्पूर्णं समाप्तम्।

Seventh Batch of leaves:—

(1) गुरुवरपादुकास्यृति (Fol. 1-4A).

Beginning:—

ॐ हरम्बं च्लेचपालञ्च वागीश्चं वटुकं तथा। श्रीगुरं नाथमानन्दभेरवं भेरवीं पराम्॥ प्रणम्य संविन्मार्गस्थानागमज्ञाननुत्तमान्। प्रायस्थितं प्रवच्यामि सर्व्यतन्त्राविरोधतः॥

प्रामादिकमञ्चादोषप्रविलापनकारणम् । प्रायस्थितं परं सत्यं श्रीगृरोः पादुकास्युतिः॥

Colophon:-

इति श्रीगुरुवरपादुकास्यृतिः समाप्ता ।

(2) महागणपतिकवच (Fol. 4B-7A).

This agrees with the Kavaca contained in the Devirahasyatantra (Ch. 28, Fol. 88A-89B of the MS described under No. 5880 above).

(3) गगपतिस्तोच (Fol. 7A-9B).

The Kavaca agrees with the one occurring at the end of Chapter XIII (verses 131-51) of the Śāradātilaka.

APPENDIX.

6816.

5536. पर्मानन्द्तन्त्रम् । Paramānandatantra.

Substance, country-made paper. $10 \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 1-215 of which Fol. 90 is missing. Lines, 8-9. Extent in ślokas, 3,600. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, good. Complete (but for one fol.) in 25 ullāsas.

This is identical with the work described under No. 5998 above.

6817.

11336. शिवतागडवम् । Śivatāṇḍava.

Substance, country-made yellow paper. $13 \times 5\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 1-76. Lines, 10-11. Extent in ślokas, 3,000. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, old. Incomplete.

The present MS contains Chapters 12-14 of the first part accompanied by the commentary, *Mallādarśa*, of Premanidhi.

Fol. 77-89 of the MS, also marked *Mallādarśa* in the left upper corner of each Fol., deal with *Yantras* described in other portions of the Tantra as well as elsewhere.

Another MS of a bigger but anonymous commentary of the same name having slight occasional agreements with the present commentary has been described under No. 5971 above.

The name of the commentator is thus indicated in the present MS:

श्रीमन्मलेवम्मधरासुरेन्द्रा-ज्ञया दिजः प्रेमनिधिन्तु कस्तित्। यन्त्रावलीं श्रीण्रिवतास्ववीयां करोति बालैरपि लभ्यसाराम्॥ [This is introductory verse No. 8, which follows the first seven verses quoted under No. 5971 above.]

Fol. 2A, तत्र दुरूहतमपदानि कतित्तन यद्यपि चौधरिनीलकारुप्रम्दितस्रिरिमिर्याखातान्येव तथापि तावता दुर्नोधतरयन्त्रावलीसारं नाल्पज्ञानां
हृदयसरिष्मारोट्मईतीति श्रीमहाराजाधिराजश्रीमलेवम्मदेवैराज्ञप्तः श्रीकाग्रीप्रिनवासी क्रुमीचलाधिस्तितकुलपरम्पराकः प्रश्लोपनामकः प्रेमनिधिनामा
कश्चिद्विः प्रनरङ्कयन्त्रावलीं विग्रदीकरोति

Though the name of the author is not indicated in this way in the other MS, it refers to other works of the author in terms that clearly point to Premanidhi as its author as well (असल्वभित्तरिङ्ग्यादिग्रशादवसेयम्—end of the commentary on Chapter 12, Fol. 104A).

The chief interest of the commentary is historical and not ritualistic. It contains a unique panegyric of 84 verses of the royal patron of the author. The description in it of each Yantra is concluded by a verse describing the author's patron or one of his ancestors, children or relatives referred to as having obtained success through the worship of the Yantra under description. Only the first one of these verses is found in the portions preserved in the other MS (Fol. 123A).

The text of the panegyric together with an account of the author is under publication in the JRASB.

Of the works and authors mentioned in the commentary mention may be made of the following:—

भट्टोजिदीन्तित (2B), भक्ततरङ्गिणी (2B, 3B), नीलकार् (3A, 7B, 8A, 9B, 13A, 19B, 22A, 23A, 36A, 45A, 47A, 48A, 56B, 60B), श्रीहर्ष (19B).

6818.

11353. महाकालसंहिता। Mahākālasamhitā.

Substance, country-made yellow paper. $9\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 69–302. Lines, 7. Extent in ślokas, 2,000. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, good. Incomplete.

MSS containing stotras and mantras assigned to the work are noticed in *Cat. Cat.* I. 434, II. 99, 216, III. 93, ASB VIII. 6058.

Colophon:—

302A, इति श्रीमञ्चाकालसंज्ञितायां नैमित्तिकपूजाविधानकथनं नाम दादण्यतमः पटलः।

6819.

5720D. [तन्त्रराजतन्त्रटीका।

Commentary on the Tantrarāja-Tantra.]

Substance, country-made paper. $9\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 25-39. Lines, 9-12. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fair. Incomplete.

This contains a fragment of a commentary on a very small portion of the work (I. 64–88). It refers to the author of *Manoramā* (Fol. 31A) and *Nidhi* (Fol. 32A).

6820.

11305. कुजिकामतम्। Kubjikāmata.

Substance, country-made paper. $12\frac{1}{2} \times 5\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 1-208 of which two are marked 73. Lines, 12. Extent in ślokas, 3,000. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fair. Complete in 50 chapters.

Another incomplete MS has been described under No. 5804 above. It refers to an original and earlier text of the cult (मूलग्रश्चे लया देव गूटमार्गेण चोड्नृतः—Fol. 113A, एतत् संदोपतः खातं विस्तरञ्च प्रागमे—Fol. 137B), as also to works belonging to different branches of Sanskrit literature (ते व्याखाता समापूर्वं लोकमार्गेण ज्योतिषे—Fol. 114B, Labdhvinītantra. Fol. 147B, Aghorīḍāmaratantra—Fol. 149A).

For an account of the society's collection of manuscripts of works on the cult of Kubjikā cf. YRASB, 1937, pp. 158-9.

6821.

. 11358. **रुद्रयामले चिक्कटार** इस्यम्।

Trikūṭārahasya from the Rudrayāmala.

Substance, country-made paper. $8\frac{1}{2} \times 4$ inches. Folia, 1–22. Lines, 7. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, good. Incomplete.

The present manuscript covers chapters 17–32 of the work and contains 16 kavacas of Trikūṭā or Tripurā. A MS containing a portion of the earlier part of the work has been described under No. 5882 above. The kavaca contained in chapter 24 of the work is described on p. 865 above.

6822.

11296. परातन्त्रम् । Parātantra.

Substance, country-made paper. $10 \times 3\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 1-42. Lines, 6. Extent in ślokas, 670. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, good. Incomplete.

Same as the work described under No. 5953 above. Only the last folium seems to be missing in the present MS.

6823.

11352. **सांखायनतन्त्रम् ।** Sāṃkhyāyanatantra.

Substance, country-made paper. $9\frac{1}{2}\times4$ inches. Folia, 1–65. Lines, $8\frac{1}{2}$ Extent in ślokas, 1,200. Character, Nāgara. Date, N.S. 983. Appearance, good. Complete in 34 chapters.

Same as the work described under No. 6084 above.

Post-colophon Statement:—

नेपालिने वह्या हिरम्थनेब्दे दले सुश्रुक्ते खलु कार्तिनेस्मिन्।
सांख्यायनं तन्त्रतिथी रवी वै बुधे रमानन्दि जस्य सूनुः॥
कमलानन्दरामोसी भूदेवो दिजपालकः।
वगलायाः प्रयोगादि ह्यालिखत् पुक्तकं मुदा॥
संवत् ६८३। मिति कार्त्तिक श्रुदि ७ बुधवारस्य
रमानन्दरामोपाध्यायस्यातमञ्ज्ञीकमलानन्दरामोपाध्यायेन सांख्यायनतन्त्रः
यनतन्त्रः
।

6824.

11356. स्वर्णतन्त्रम् । Svarņatantra.

Substance, country-made paper. 8×4 inches. Folia, 2–48. Lines, 7. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, fair. Incomplete.

The work is similar in nature to, if not identical with, the work described under No. 6101 above.

Beginning:—

धातुयोगाख्यकल्पस्त पूर्वमेव प्रकाश्चितः। रत्नानां करणे तन्त्रं पूर्वमेव प्रकाश्चितम्॥५॥ श्रीधातुकरणे तन्त्रं पूर्वमेव प्रकाश्चितम्। इरितालस्तु कथितः स तु सप्त प्रभेदतः॥६॥ किन्तु खर्णाख्यतन्त्रनु न म[म] कथितं प्रभो।

6825.

11314. सौभाग्यतन्त्रम् । Saubhāgyatantra.

Substance, country-made paper. $11 \times 6\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Folia, 1–10. Lines, 11. Character, Nāgara. Appearance, good. Complete in 11 chapters.

The work deals with the rules of muttering mantras. A MS of the work is described in L. II. 909.

Beginning:

ॐ अखर्षेकरसानन्दनिष्यन्दास्तिवग्रहम्। चिन्माचरूपिणौं विद्यां वन्दे खानन्दसन्दरीम्। अय वच्चे विक्तरेण पारायणविधिं परम्। य[स्य] विज्ञानमाचेण सान्नात् परिण्यवो भवेत्॥

Colophons:—

Fol. 1B, इति श्री(पाराय)सीभाग्यतन्त्रे पारायणविधावहर्गणादिनिरूपणं नाम प्रथमपटलः; 2A, ॰पञ्चाङ्गञ्जमनिरूपणं नाम दितीयपटलः;
3A, ॰षोडण्राङ्गबीजसन्तव्यादिनिरूपणं [नाम] त्रतीयपटलः; 3B, ॰पारायणसंख्यानिरूपणं चतुर्थपटलः; 6A, ॰मन्त्रपारायणनिरूपणं नाम षष्ठ(म)पटलः;
7B, ॰भूतिपारायणान्तनिरूपणं सप्तमपटलः; 8A, ॰सुद्रापारायणान्तनिरूपणमग्रमपटलः; 9B, ॰चित्रानित्यापारायणान्तनिरूपणं नवमः पटलः; 10A,
॰रमामायाकामाख्यापारायण्यत्रयनिरूपणं दश्रमपटलः; 10B, ॰ आद्वायपारायणनिरूपणं नामैकादशः पटलः।

ADDENDA ET CORRIGENDA

(The additions and alterations indicated below are meant for the descriptive portions of the manuscripts the catalogue numbers of which are indicated on the left-hand side.)

- 5805. Substitute 'complete in 25 chapters' for 'complete'.
- 5807. Add 'It may be of the nature of a short commentary on the *Matasāra* described in Nep. I, p. 222'.
- 5819. Add 'It does not seem to agree with the MSS of the work described in Nep. I, p. 22, 224'.
- 5866. Substitute 'deals with general topics like different modes of worship and the different castes' for 'treats of Vaisnava worship'.
 - Add 'The old collection of the Society possesses a MS of the work containing four sections, each complete in several chapters, accompanied by the commentary of Rāmānanda or Rāmacandra'.
- 5867. Add 'The legend of the deity as narrated in the work is summarized in English in D. R. Bhandarkar Volume (pp. 77-81). A MS of the work which may be identical with the present one is described in HPR. I. 250.'
- 5888. Omit 'according to the Kaula form'.
- 5892. Add 'This generally agrees with the Narapatijayacyarā'.
- 5893. Substitute 'second part' for 'last part'.
- 5898. Substitute 'character, Newari' for 'character, Kuțila'.
- 5913. Add 'Character, Bengali'.
- 5920. Add 'HPR. II. 241 is a different work with the same name'.
- 5924. Add 'Same as Samayācāra-tantra incomplete with nine chapters (HPR. I. 241). It deals with left-handed form of worship in connection with the Śrīvidyā '.
- 5925. Substitute 'incomplete' for 'complete in 14 chapters'.
- 5928. Add 'Published in the Tantrik Texts Series (Calcutta, 1917) in 35 chapters'.

ADDENDA ET CORRIGENDA

- 5971. Substitute 'by Premanidhi (?)' for 'by Ghanasyāma'.
- 5975. Substitute 'character, Newari' for 'character, Kutila'.
- 5982. Substitute 'incomplete' for 'complete' and add 'The work has been edited with a running summary, on the basis of the only known MS described here, in the *Journal of the Royal Asiatic Society of Bengal*, Vol. 4, 1938, pp. 467-77)'.
- 5985. Substitute 'describes a MS complete in 17 chapters, the beginning of which agrees with that of chapter 12 in the present MS' for 'which also different work'.
- 6001. Add 'A MS containing chapters 31 and 32 has already been described under 5888'.
- 6002. Add 'For a comparison of the MSS of the society with the printed editions of the work and a summary of the legend of Kṛṣṇa as narrated in the work, see Sāhitya Pariṣat Patrikā, Vol. 46, pp. 296-300. The old collection of the Society possesses two MSS of the work complete in 37 chapters which agree with the wrongly numbered chapters of the MSS described here.'
- 6054. Add 'An edition of the work complete in 65 chapters has been published in the Princess of Wales Sarasvati Bhavan Texts Series No. 61 (Benares, 1937)'.
- 6104. Add in the beginning 'It deals with what may be called the science of breath'.
- 6131. Add 'character, Nāgara'.
- 6146. Add 'On the obverse of the last leaf occurs the name of the owner:—पुस्तकसिदं गोसांद ग्रिवरामस्य।'
- 6185. Add 'An edition of the work has been published in Sarvamūla or Collected Works of Anandatīrtha (pp. 768–785, Kumbhakonam, Śaka, 1833)'.
- 6204. Add 'Another complete MS of the work is found in the Vidyāsāgar collection belonging to the Bangīya Sāhitya Pariṣat. The work deals principally with the details of Kaula rites. An edition of the work is being published at Comilla.
- 6264. Add 'Another edition of the work with introduction, appendices and exegetical notes has been published in the Sarasvati Vihar Series, No. 4, (Lahore, 1938)'.

ADDENDA ET CORRIGENDA

- 6275. Substitute the following description in place of the one given:
 'This appears to be a part of a Nyāya work which deals with Mahavidyā. It refers to a Tīka in 1.14. A number of works dealing with the same topic have been published in G.O.S.
 (No. XII) under the title Mahavidyānumāna (Baroda, 1920) to which my attention was drawn by my friend and colleague Mr. D. C. Chatterji'.
- 6304. Add 'A work called the *Kālībhaktisudhārṇava* (which may or may not be identical with the present work), is referred to by Kāśīnātha in his commentary on the *Karpūrastava* (No. 6627 above, Fol. 26B) as a work by himself'.
- 6324. Add 'An edition of the work, complete in 11 chapters, has been published in the Tantrik Texts Series, Vol. XXI (Calcutta, 1940)'.
- 6344. Add 'Another edition af the work with English Translation and Introduction has also been published (Adyar, 1934)'.
- 6435. Add 'The present MS contains chapters 3-8 and portions of chapters 1, 2, 3, 9 and 14'.
- 6555. Add 'A MS of a small Bengali work called *Haramekhalā* containing prescriptions for various ailments and subjugation of women is found in the Bangīya Sāhitya Pariṣat, Calcutta'.
- 6576 Add 'Kṛṣṇānanda' in bold types as heading above 6576 and 'Anonymous' above 6578.
- 6607. Add 'This may be identical with a Jain work of the same name and of the same author (Winternitz, *History of Indian Literature*, Calcutta University, Vol. II., p. 583).
- 6666. Add 'An English translation of the hymn and the commentary was published by R. Ananthakrishna Shastry (Ootacamund, 1925).

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